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# Here's a unique new plan to help you manage your money now

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This new concept in money management, based on CG's years of experience, is called 25/75. It helps you decide where you stand and where you're going ... and how much of what you make is making new money for you. Insurance is only a part of it.

25/75 is offered only by your CG agent or broker, Call him soon and learn more about it. Connecticut General Life Insurance Company, Hartford.

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# CONNECTICUT GENERAL



# One nice thing about "Astrovision" is, you can ignore it.

Don't get us wrong.

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fort while others are still watching. Or, if you prefer, you can switch to stereophonic music.

And we have even more ideas for Astrovision coming; such as live television shots of your own take-off. Astrovision is fiready on selected transcontinental flights, and on other major Astrojet routes as well.

The next time you're planning to fly, call American Airlines, or see your travel agent, and ask for reservations on an Astrovision flight.

After all, you can't go wrong. There's always the "off" switch.

**American Airlines** 



# Why has The St. Paul Insurance Man left the disaster area? (Scared?)

No, he's going home, Claims are already settled. The people have their money. And some representatives are just arriving on the scene. (This happens right along but we've been pretty quiet about it.)

Here is our track record on one actual operation:

On October 11, typhoon Freda struck the West Coast, Within hours The St. Paul Disaster Crew was in Portland. They were among the first insurance men to arrive. Settled 1.325 claims on the spot.

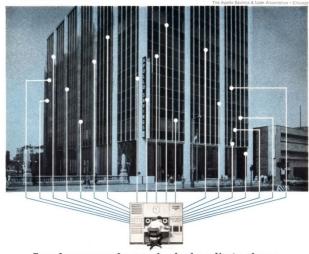
Frankly, we pay claims this fast only when the cause is this clear and the claim this justified. Our adjusters-a narrow-eyed group -normally take considerable time to make sure claims are legitimate. This helps keep premiums down, and us solvent. And both of them benefit you.

This is an example of how we gear ourselves for your comfort and convenience right down the line.

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He says that during the campulgn period there is an "increased amount of bickering" between mand your breather.

You must admit you always bring up pulltles whenever and your breather.

Myton drops in for a social evening.



He also points out that there's Eavesdropper.
"a good deal of quibbling"
between you and my mother.



He concludes by saying that we should all exercise our right to about our future cote because if guarantees a continuation of our form of



Well, we do our part. We cote. We pressure our friends. We complain about taxes

I mean our personal future.



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# TIME LISTINGS

# TELEVISION

Thursday, October 29
BEWITCHEO (ABC, 9-9:30 p.m.).º Guest
Shelicy Berman plays a candy king whose
plans to incorporate broomstick uglies
into his Halloween advertising campin arouse the ire of housewifely Witch Samantha (Filzabeth Montgomery).

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE (CBS), 930-10 pm.). Speech by Barry Goldwater, IdAso election eve. same time: PEBBY COMO'S KRAFT MUSIC HALL (NBC: 10-11 p.m.). In the first of this season's even Como specials, Perry offers Anne Bancroft, Stanley Holloway and Victor Norse.

Friday, October 30

INTERNATIONAL SHOWTIME (NBC, 7:30-8:30 p.m.). The Berlin Ice Revue glistens with Furopean skating champions, skating comedians, acrobats and lavish production numbers.

THE ADDAMS FAMILY (ABC, 8:30-9 p.m.). Halloween with the Addamses is suitably ghoulish when Morticia and Gomez welcome bank robbers to their cobweb-hung manue as trick-or-treaters.

THE JACK PAAR PROGRAM (NRC, 10-11) p.m.l. Excerpts from Julius Monk's rollicking and timely Plaza 9 revue. Bits and Pieces, Color

Sunday, November 1

SUNDAY (NBC, 4-5 p.m.). Voter-in-thestreet interviews and a review of precampaign and campaign statements by the presidential candidates. THE CAMPAIGN AND THE CANDIDATES

(NBC : 6:30-7:30 p.m.). A last-minute glance at the various political races. ELECTION PREVIEW (CBS, 6:30-7:30 p.m.).

An evaluation of the 1964 campaign, the issues involved, and the outlook for Election Day.

Monday, November 2
THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE
(NBC, 10-41 p.m.). Paid political broadcast, whose format is not yet settled.

Tuesday, November 3 EECTION COPERAGE (ABC, C.B.S., NBC, 7 p.m., to conclusion). All three networks true in where the campiagin tunes out to the control of the control of

# THEATER

CAMBRIDGE CIRCUS. A band of incredilify funny young Cambridge graduates, with a resue that thinks small and carries a big slapsick. Laughter is all but incessant, and the most bilations sketch of the evening is a bewigged theater-of-theabsurd. Bettish courtroom trial involving a dwarf.

OH WHAT A LOVELY WAR is an animated documentary that grins like a skull at the follies of World War I. Adding humor and song to pity and terror, Lovely War

achieves a catharsis hardly to be believed of a musical. The hand that guides it is Joan Littlewoods: the guiding spirit is Berrolt Brocht's

FIDDLER ON THE ROOF. Incredibly, this musical discovers high theater and infectious gaiety in the funny-sad story of Texye and his five daughters in a Russian village prior to the 1905 revolution. Zero

Mostel is a million rubles worth of joy.

ABSENCE OF A CELLO. This amusing farce
breezes along on the proposition that the
corporate image is a fright mask.

# RECORDS

Virtuosos

BEEFIOOVIN THE COMPLET PLAND SONAIAS (10 18-9). Devestische Grammunghon). A beautifully re-engineered reissue of the 25 sonatus by Wilshelm Kempfl, who at 68 made his long-awaited U.S. debut at Garnegie Hall last fortnight. The German insists famed, Perhaps-3 serves of mystery insisting from the late works, perhaps there are occasional pauses to saxor destinistantly and a constant forward drive, but Kempfl's Beethoven is sworthy of contraining the contrainin

CHOPRE WALTZES (RCA Victor) Arrur Rubinstein's new recording of the 14 waltzes treats them as poems rather than Annexs, fountains rather than freworks. There are flashes of brillance, but the prevailing impression is of candleti intimacy. The romantic polished septional this comparties the properties of the proting of soft possages was described by a slience as "mere breath".

SOCCHERINI CONCERPOFOR ELIO AND OR-CHESTRA (Heisteine Grammophom). Boccherini was a cellist himself but probably never knew how lash and lustrous his mitsic could sound. Pierre Fourrier transsic could sound. Pierre Fourrier transsic could sound. Pierre Fourrier transtice of the control of the control of the rectury and plays if 19th century style, richly and romantically, but with laste. Along with Boccherini comes the first recording of a cello concern by C.P.E. Bach, including a medicious largo that panying Lucerne Festival Strings is conducted by Rendel Baumpartner.

ANDREW IMBRIE CONCERTO FOR VIOLIN AND ROCKETSA. (Columbia). Zollara Ro-AND ORCHESTA. (Columbia). Zollara Rosanyai is the conductor and Carroll Glenn the violinist for the belaued lists recording of one of the most forceful works written in the U.S. in recent years (1990-53). Miss Glenn's protean violin achieves a dozen monds and a dozen rhythmy as the big piece works (forum) and the piece works of the piec

BACH HARPSCHORD CONCERO IN D. MINOR (I ondon). A stunning performance of one of Bach's great works, the three movements, all in the minor, key, creating a samber but noble vision. George Malcoln's harpschord never clapps, never in-kles, but has subtle varieties of timbre that sometimes melt into and sometimes richly encrust the music of the string orchestra. Karl Minchinger is the conductor.

MOZART: FLUTE CONCERTO IN D MAJOR (London). The orchestra is the London Symphony, the conductor the late great Pierre Monteux, and the soloist his son Claude, himself a conductor and composer as well as viruous flustist. The recording, made last-spring a few months before the recording made last-spring a few months before the made together. It was, more than a sentimental occusion: the 89-year-old conductor gave spacious backing to the younger with the own cudentas, with lighthearted case and steely delicacy. Father and son also collaborated in Back's Soite No. 25 from Gluck's Origine and Jerophen and Jerophen Conference and Steely Complexe and Jerophen a

# CINEMA

THE SOFT SKIN. With elegant style and economy. French Director François Truffaut (The 400 Blows) analyzes, the lave game as played by an aging, starty intellectual (Jean Desailly) who shuttles between his wife and a shapely airline stewardess (Françoise Dorfelec).

TOPKAPI. A jewel theft in Istanbul is played mostly for laughs by Melina Mercouri. Maximilian Schell and Peter Ustinov in Director Jules Dassin's niffiest ca-

per since Rififi.

THE LUCK OF GINGER COFFEY. Rubert Shaw and Mary Ure are superb in a sensitive, deeply affecting drama based on Brian Moore's novel about a genial Irish nobody who feels his life and his wife slipping away from him.

TO RATHER BE RICH. Another romantic

mix-up, another wayward heiress—but the familiar ingredients are whipped into a nice froth by Sandra Dee, Robert Goulet. Andy Williams, Hermione Gingold.

THE APE WOMAN. Man's inhumanity is the theme of this squalid but often hilarious Italian comedy about a punk promoter and his wife, a girl covered from head to toe with brown silky hair.

MARY POPPINS. Walt Disney's drollest film in decades has wit, sentiment, lilting tunes, and an irresistible performance by Julie Andrews as the proper London governess with a flair for magic.

SEDUCED AND ABANDONED. Italian Director Pietro Germi (Divorce—Italian Sixtle) again turns Sixtlen social codes inside out in this tragicomedy about the violent aftermath of a provincial maiden's

THAT MAN FROM RIO. A stylish French spoof of Hollywood action epics assigns most of the derring-do to Hero Jean-Paul Belmondo, who does it to a turn. A HARD DAY'S NIGHT. The Beatles play

to whip up hysteria among pre-teens without spailing the fun for their elders. GRI with GREEN FYES. As a bubbly col-

leen who chances a fling with a middleaged author. Britain's Rita Tushingham makes a trite tale seem fresh, poignant, and deliciously funny.

THE NIGHT OF THE IGUANA, Burdened

with some of the fascinating ills that Tennessee Williams characters are heir to. Ava Gardner, Deborah Kerr and Richard Burton repair to a shabby Mexican resort for group therapy.

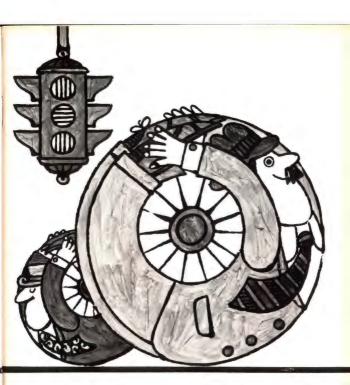
# BOOKS Best Reading

MARKINGS, by Dag Hammarskjöld. The late Secretary-General of the United Nations called this journal a record of 'my negotiations with myself—and with God.' Sometimes exalted, sometimes in despair, Hammarskjöld wrate only of his mind and emotions in a series of pensões, poems



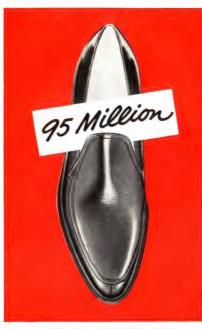
Bother

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We get up in the morning just like other steel people do. We shave, eat breakfast and then go to work to make steel. All the time we're thinking about number one: the \$38 billion automotive market that uses 172 million tons of our industry is steel. And 38% of all host-colled steel bars, 46% of odd rolled sheet. Don't misunderstand us. All the markets of steel are important to us. But this marvelous market on wheels is a special challenge to steel, And, in trying to increase Youngstown's share, all of our customers benefit. And we're dedicating time and money and men: some 250 million dollars at our Indiana Harbor (Indiana) Works, alone. Under construction: a new 80° cold rolled sheet mill. Already completed: our Reg agivanizing line; the Midwest's finest and its companion; the #1 squ'anizing line; new and improved be a and rod facilities. And many more things from research to computerization for improved customer services. Try us. Going after what we want not being satisfied with what we get, keeps Youngstown, a growing force in steel.





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it just simply isn't made."

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and meditations that reveal the iciest diplomat of them all was at heart a Godbaunted mystic

FOR THE UNION DEAD, by Robert Lowell. Less obscure than his earliest works and less embarrassingly confessional than his recent Life Studies, these poems pursue Lowell's preoccupation with creativity, madness, marriage and his Puritan heritage in tough, masculine verse.

AUTOBIOGRAPHY, by Charles Chaplin. Hollywood's comic genius writes cloquently of his pitifully poor childhood but prefers name dropping to telling about his later artistic achievements. The reason for this autobiographical lapse is apparent on every page and saves the book: despite his fame, the penniless child in Charlie still marvels at the attention of the great.

THE BRIGADIER AND THE GOLF WIDOW, by John Cheever. In these chilling short stories, the fall from corporate grace, the merger, the personal scandal that might stop the money, are the demons Cheever uses to speculate about the fears of salaried suburbanites.

LITTLE BIG MAN, by Thomas Berger. An exuberant novel of the wild West that lights new fires under old myths yet at the same time satirizes them

REMINISCENCES, by Douglas MacArthur. In a style that is more restrained than his usual baroque eloquence. MacArthur vividly recounts his trials and his triumphs.

HERZOG, by Saul Bellow. In this longawaited novel. Bellow's hero is a man in search of a new life amid the rubble of a wrecked marriage. His conclusion is dis-appointingly flat ("I am what I am"), but the process of reaching it. Herzog-Bellow ranges wittily, learnedly and perceptively over nearly all the dilemmas major, minor and plain absurd-of 20th century man in a virtuoso display that is a constant delight.

THE WORDS, by Jean-Paul Sartre, After a series of increasingly labored, metaphysically morose works. Sartre has written a clear-eved, warm, but very sad account of his early years. The despair of modern existentialism, it turns out, is partly rooted in the struggle for sanity of a bookish, lonely child.

# Best Sellers

- FICTION 1. Condy, Southern and Hoffenberg
- Herzog, Bellow (2)
- The Spy Who Came In from the Cold, This Rough Magic, Stewart (4)
- 5. The Rector of Justin, Auchincloss (6) 6. Julian, Vidal (7)
- 7. Armageddon, Uris (5) A Mother's Kisses, Friedman (9)
- The Man, Wallace (10) 10. You Only Live Twice, Fleming (8)
- NONFICTION 1. Reminiscences, MacArthur (1)
- 2. My Autobiography, Chaplin (2) 3. Harlow, Shulman (5)
- 4. A Tribute to John F. Kennedy,
- Salinger and Vanocur (3)
- 5. The Kennedy Wit, Adler The Italians, Barzini (6)
- 7. A Moveable Feast, Hemingway (4) The Invisible Government, Wisc and Ross (7)
  - Diplomat Among Warriors, Murphy (9)
  - Four Days, U.P.I. and American Heritage (10)



Happy birthday to you.
Happy birthday to you.
Happy birthday, dear Jackie-e-e-e.
Hap-py birth-day...to...you-u-u-u.
(It's your turn to bowl, Scotty.)

Jackie's 9th birthday was different.

It took place at a bowling center. Jackie and 8 of his closest friends bowled, cheered, giggled, ate cake and ice cream, laughed, screeched and even sang (see above).

The proprietor of the bowling center arranged everything from the birthday cake to party hats and soft drinks.

The thing Jackie's mother enjoyed the most was that the party didn't take place at home (and she's an avid bowler herself). Perhaps your youngster would appreciate a bowling birthday party. It's easy to arrange. And the weather can't affect it.

For the best, always bowl where you see the Magic Triangle

American Machine & Foundry Company

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First off, you'll love the friendly atmosphere in State Hiltons. Then such miseties as kids staying free in parents' rooms. And the host of thoughtful extras we offer the businessman to make his life on the road more rewarding. You'll be happy with oursuperlative convention facilities, too. Try us out in these cines and see what you love most about State! Hiltons.

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Cleveland. Best location in town. Free parking for overnighters and use of a typewriter if you need one. You'll meet Cleveland's "influentials" at the Lounge Bar.

Dallas, Texas-size welcome in the heart of downtown. Neiman-Marcus is only a short block away. Irv the barbecued spareribs at the Saddle N'Spur. Sun on the new roof deek overlooking the city.

Detroit. The new Surrey and Trophy Rooms are favorites with executives. 10,000 sq. ft. of new exhibit space—largest convention area in any Detroit hotel. Free garage parking.

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Both coasts for the price of one. East coast or west coast, there's so much to do. So much to see. The ancient Inca palaces in Peru, for example. Night life along the glamorous Uruguayan coast. (As low as \$4 a day in the smaller resort hotels.) Brasilia, the world's most modern capital city. And the unbelievably beautiful lake country of Argentina and Chile. You haven't seen anything till you've seen all South America. And your ticket 'Round South America will cost you much less than you think. As

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All we make are Oral B touthbrushes. Dentistrecommend them regularly. They recommend our new Automatic, too, Oral B was designed by a dentist.\* He specified slender rolom bristles to clean between teeth and in creviess. He specified resilient bristles to permut sale, thorough eleming at the gum line, where tooth troubles often begin.

Our new Automatic design gives you 9,000 safe, upand-down-strokes per minute with the toothbrush: or with one of the two attachments—one tuff Stain-Remover or Massager-Polisher.

Cordless, thorough and gentle, the Oral B Automatic is the newest in a fine family of oral hygiene products.

# Oral B Automatic

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# INNOVATION!



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(It's like a shorthand code that packs the same data into fewer symbols)

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Businessmen can now receive computer data over telephone and radio channels at double the usual rate, using Duobinary Coding. Created by the engineers of a GT&E subsidiary, this method permits the accurate transmission of up to 2400 binary code "bits" per second dant bits. (And errors are rare only -or 3200 words per minute!

Until now, a message in the binary "mark space" language was restricted to two voltage states. Duobinary Coding

transforms marks and spaces into three voltage states. This, plus the assignment of meaning to the pattern of transition among these three states, greatly increases speed.

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# LETTERS

#### To the Finish Line

Sir: This election is merely a choice between moral decay and radioactive decay.

#### Calumet, Mich

Siz: There is an old saying among lawyers that if the facts faxor your client, stress the facts in your argument: if the law favors your client, stress the law in your argument. If mether fact the law round produced or even the tudge himself. It is clear that Senator Goldwater's emtourage has been unable to develop rational arguments to support his possibility and this account for his constant personand this account for his constant person-

# ARNOLD SCHLOSSBERG

Sir. The Soviet launching of a threeperson spaceship emphasizes our need to re-elect Johnson, who has already worked long and hard for a better U.S. space program as a Senator and later as Vice President and President. Senator Goldwarts is a man who wants to enter the space age wearing a railroad main's hat.

# KARL W. DEUTSCH

#### New Haven, Conn.

Sir. It seems to me that instead of the continual stress on whether the American people want a "irigger-happy" President, it is high time that people sant asking the continual stress and saling the continual stress and saling the continual saling the continues of the world have far more respect to manness and unquestionable character.

Alexandria, Va.

Sir: You stated that Johnson wants to feel himself beloved by everybody. I have written letters to fis office twice and his staff did not even bother to answer. Apparently he does not eare whether I love

## Round Hill, Ky.

Sir: Protestants, Jews, Catholics, rich, poor, old, young, businessmen, laborers, Northerners, Westerners, Southerners, Mergrey, whites, Democrats, Republicans, minority groups and majority groups, alles, Communists, and just about

everyone else seem to be against Senator Barry Goldwater. It for nothing else. Senator Goldwater should be commended for his ability to firmly bring the world to

# BELLY HENDERSON

# The Jenkins Scandal

Sir. If, as Mr. Johnson saxs, he knew nothing of the activities of Bobby Baker, Billie Sul Issues or Mr. Jenkins, he must be extremely naive. If people years are the sax of the

#### P. L. C

# of these men. Cleveland

Sir. If Dean Burch really had the interest of the country at heart he could have informed the proper authorities to "phase out" Jenkins without publicity. By making it known, he has not only destroyed a life, but he has mude Jenkins the possible prey of any plot to extort information.

#### Washingto

Sir: To use the Jenkins story as Dean Burch does is just a poor sample of churity and intelligence, let us have peace on earth by wishing a happy Christmas to Mr. Goldwater in Arizona instead of in the White House.

N. J. A. SMITH

#### San Rafael, Calif.

Sir. I have never quite learned to accept the American attitude that will condent and publicly degrade a man who has devoted himself to years of conscientious public service; and then invoke the mylof guilt by association to question the private morality of an entire Administration. BRENDA RELIENDRON.

#### Berkeley, Calif.

Sir: I was indeed pleased to learn that the streets of Washington are so safe that police can spend their time patrolling a Y.M.C.A. men's room.

# Evanston, III. Sir: I know it's probably irrelevant, but

ATTACH

HERE

Santa Barbara, Calif.

who watches the guys who watch the peepholes?

ROLAND McCANDUSH

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# ty state ap code

## That Week

Sir. Judging from your cover, with pictures of Kosygin. Brezhnev, Wilson, Johnson, and the homb in the background (Oct. 23). I would guess that you had a few problems in trying to decide which the most significant news story of the week was. At any rate, you have my sympathy for the long hours and white hairs, this for the long hours and white hairs, the Your repuriting was fine. MALCOM BLACK JR.

#### Stamford, Conn.

#### Chinese Firecracker

Sir. Seither of the presidential anditated has dieted any obtation to the interesting danger moved by Red China's belignerine. Now that Red China has exploded an atomic device and will soon be capable of delivering it, hadri' we better start a program of preventive medicicine? Or do we tust wait for the bomb to drup on was unusual to the control of the will probably be smaller than ours?

#### Atlanta

Sir: The timing of the Red Dragon's nuclear detonation seemed like a gruesome version of Chinese firecrackers to celebrate Khrushchev's removal from leadership of the Red Bear.

#### HAROLD ROLAND SHAPIRO New York City

## Brezhnev & Kosygin

Sir: Khrushchev's resignation brought to my mind your April 23, 1964, coover on Lenin. The story, as you recall, sand that the Order of Lenin was pinned on Khrushchev by President Leonid Brezhnev, and that Khrushchev's colleagues saluted him as a "milliant leader: a firey tribune, gising his burning canegy in the service of the cause of Communism's 36c transit.

#### GUSTAVE L. GOLDSTEIN Beverly Hills, Calif.

Sir: Is there any truth to the runtor that Khrushchev resigned so that he would be free to run for the U.S. Senate from New York?

## GUY F. MILLER Charlottesville, Va.

## Understanding the Court

Sir: I agree with your high estimate of Mr. Instite Black (Oct. 9]. When people understand the background and nearing of the Court's decisions much of the broadste criticism of the formadste criticism of the formadster criticism of the formadster of the production of the same of th

## Washington, D.C.

# Arkansans for Integration

The variety of the control of the co



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time. For any occasion,

everyday Arkansans are working to de-stroy the stigma that Faubus has given MARGARET VAN DYKE

# Newport. Ark.

Sir: I must disagree with your statement.

Jack Crichton after the election As long as Connally is fronting for L.B.J., von will hear from Jack Crichton. Dallas

# A Profession at Home

Sit: Letter Writers Wenkert and Biklé 231 err in their concept of my book. Its preface gives this specific warn-"When I speak of housekeeping I do not refer to housework. This is no manual on how to polish brass or clean ovens or have the whitest wash on the block." I merely champion the multiblock." I merely champion the multi-tude of women who may prefer home Women are so talented they ought to have their choice of professions-housewifery among them. PHYLLIS McGINLLY

Weston, Conn.

## Sex & Marriage

Sir: Dean Fitch's "five arguments" resex [Oct. 16] certainly stand on the side of good mental health. However, his conessential in a happy marriage" could be symptom not to be taken lightly, but rather deserving of intense scrutiny both as an individual and a cultural problem. JOHN J. GORDON

Family Service Society Marion, Ohio

Dean Fitch's reference to idyllic South Sea islanders is mappropriate. Sex to Fijians is not the be-all or end-all of life, let alone of the complex code of their

Suva. Fiji Islands

Op Portuniste SIR: VOIRE ARTICLE, "OP ART" [Oct. 23], N'EST PAS SECTIMENT OPPORTUNISTE, MAIS

JUST'S RAPHALL SOLD

SIR: REMPEACER LE MOT DECEVANT PAR JINUS RAPHALL SOLO

Sir After reading your treatment of op art. I decided that your magazine is the only one that reports the graphic arts according to at least one of their merits: that of being truly newsworthy, a vital area of activity where weekly developments are indeed the spirit and reality. This is a distinct service and one pays art more than a mite of its due. ARTHUR VERGARA

#### The Cardinals

Circut Barrington, Mass.

Sir: Sports Editor? Sav samethine, Sports Or maybe, as you have so often done when an overpublicized, overrated New York team takes a beautiful beating

Your article on op art is not only oppor tunistic but misleading for misleading read [Oct. 23], you will say nothing, nothing at all. On your next vacation, you should have your Manhattan myopia mended. We Western bush people do not really "hate" the New York Yankees but we do resent RICHARD STEEL

# Editing Adams

Sir Needless to say, I was greatly pleased by the review devoted to The Diary of Charles Francis Adams [Oct. 9]. Your reviewer did a beautiful job in Your reviewer did a beautiful job in pointing out how this Adams differed from the two Adams Presidents. Much of the is due to the extraordinarily fine work of the two editors. Professor David Donald and Mrs. Aida DiPace Donald. THOMAS J. WILSON

Harvard University Press Cambridge, Mass.

#### Slogans That Hurt

Sir. Even S. I. Hayakawa would agree that slogans [Oct. 16] best fulfill their functions when accurately stated. "Every functions when accurately stated. "Every litter bit hurts," not "helps," Thank heaven you didn't misquote Goldwater's slogan! S. LEIGH RAYMOND

# New York City

#### If It's a Speckled Molly It Isn't Esther Williams

Sir: You refer to "a tank filled with swimming goldfish [Oct. 16]." Any ichthyologist will immediately notice that very few are goldfish. Your tank consists of Pterophyllum scalare (angelfish), genus tetra (black tetra), Corydoras (Amazon catfish), speckled Mollies, and what seem to be Australian rainbow fish. Please note merely because it swims. need not necessarily be a goldlish terg.,

KARL DAVIS

# New York City Nobel Winner

Sir: You failed to complete the list of Americans who have been awarded the Nobel Peace Prize. Linus Pauling was awarded the 1962 prize MAY B. SHOCKLEY

Menlo Park, Calif.

De Sigh fur Dis, If Fee Sybil Sir: I enjoined your puny commend about 90 Bristol Court (Awk, 16). Your about 90 Bristol Court (Awk 16). Your write that "it fuzz not fairy hill airy us." Limitation is the highest form of implement—even in re-Jovee-ing. As the "dead king" once sad. "Nobiriba. king" once sad. "Nobirday aviar soar anywing to eagle it." WILLIAM J. WISHMAN JR.

Davidson, N.C.



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Age	. Graduated from high school	College
Have you	ever told the boss he was wrong?	Was he?
(A) Why 10	ite about 100 words on one of the fe e are in Viet Nam.(B)Does America C) Should there be a law against sn	need a pep pill?

We're still only No. 2 in rent a cars. But we're doing well enough to take on a new man.

If you know of one who thinks business is worth getting excited about, tell

him we're looking. He'd start behind the counter learning the business. He'd have to wear a red Avis jacket.

College graduates don't like them.

He might get his hands dirty emptying an ashtray. Or washing a Ford. But he'll move up. City manager. Regional manager. President. (Our president knows of this ad.)

We might be asking too much from the kind of young man our colleges are turning out these days.

But we'd like to hire one.

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# TIME

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TIME, OCTOBER 30, 1964

# A letter from the PUBLISHER Bendal M. Oner

This week THE NATION will do a state-by-state rundown on the presidential election. We will definitely assign each state either to Johnson or Goldwater.

So began the query that went out from our Manhatian editorial of-lices to all Taxts bureaus in the U.S. in preparation for this stose's closely viewed reading of the political test. At this point. forecasting the general outcome of this year's presidential election seems relatively easy. But political predictions always have they perils—particularly when they take meeting the properties and provided the presidential predictions always have they perils—particularly when they take meeting the presidential predictions always have they got the political predictions always have they perils—particularly when they take meeting the presidential predictions always have then general aim.

In an effort to give the Time reader the best possible advance reading on the election, correspondents in every state considered all the political indicators they could put eye, ear and mind to. We studied polls, the estimates of knowing politicians adjusted for bias, the analyses of local newsmen, the balance of factors for and against each side-and then added to all that the judgments of the Time correspondent, researcher, writer and editor. The result is what could best be described as a knowine estimate. We will be surprised if our conclusions turn out to be exactly right for every state. But we are confident that not many of them will he wrong

To round our our coverage of presidential election year 1964, we will print the second extra edition in Trust's history. (The first was the Trust's history. (The first was the regular such will go to press or sugaon the Startrads angib hetere election, and will be distributed on its normal schedult. Then, on election night, an augmented staff of The Notion seeters with a complete analysis of the key results in state and congessional elections, as well as an intersional elections, as well as an interpretation of the vote for President. This edition will go to press early

in the day after election, and will bear that day's date. Nov. 4. It will be mailed to U.S. and Canadian subscribers as a bonus, and with expedited delivery we hope that it will reach most of them the day after it goes to press. It will be sold on all regular newsstands for 25c. Readers of TIME's 500,000 copies distributed in 150 countries overseas will get the Election Extra as a supplement bound into the following regular issue, dated Nov. 13. The problems of international mail delivery schedules being what they are, it is not practical to attempt to send the Extra abroad ahead of the next edition.

UIDANCE from the editors has Galready gone out to our corresnondents on what and how they are to report on election night. One bit of counsel to them that may seem strange: in most cases don't bother to tell us who's winning where. We expect to get that information on all major races from the press-service copy and other general sources. TIME correspondents will concentrate on adding depth and breadth to the general reporting-why the results took the various turns they did, how they were taken by politicians and people. what they mean, the reasons in retrospect for the surprises that are sure to occur, the human reactions of winners and losers.

The correspondents' reports will flow throughout the night on our leased-wire network to New York, where the staff of researchers, writers, and editors—armed with a store of background knowledge—will analyze what the voters have wrought. At the same time, of course, work will be going forward for our next regular sizes. If will be an interesting and exciting week for us—and we trust that we can make it so for our readers.

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TIME, OCTOBER 30, 1964

# TIME

October 30, 1964 Vol. 84, No. 18

# THE NATION

# **POLITICS**

Most Disappointing

The 1964 presidential campaign has been one of the most disappointing ever. It was going to be a confrontation between opposing philosophies: turned out to be a wrestling match between volatile personalities. It was going to prove the vital difference hetween two strong political parties; has merely shown that one, the G.O.P., is in need of great repair. It was going to pit liberal against conservative: but Lyndon Johnson has stated very few liberal tenets, and many an American conservative now doubts that Barry Goldwater really speaks his language. It was not going to be a "me too" campaign: it has turned out to be one in which the principals largely shout "You're another.

Bombshells. To be sure. Goldwater began with a disadvantage. He had to run against peace, prosperity and an incumbent President who, many thought. probably deserved a full term of his own. Thus, from the very start, Goldwater was told by the pollsters that he had little chance of winning. He obviously felt that he would have to drop bombshells if he were to make a decent showing. Bombshells he dropped-and

some exploded in his face. His imprecise use of the language

often made it difficult to know just where he stood, as did his offhand treatment of serious subjects. It also laid him open to misinterpretation. Is Goldwater really anxious to plunge the world into nuclear war? Of course not,

But millions of voters wondered. Time after time-on nuclear policy, farm subsidies, civil rights, TVA and social security-he seemed to take a firm stand, backed away, then complained bitterly about having been misquoted. More important, he made almost no major speech calculated to win him any new votes beyond those of the dichard. pre-San Francisco Goldwaterites.

But if Goldwater logged up the campaign. Johnson filled it with pettifoggery. Confident of victory, he had a readymade opportunity to set forth national policies and win a mandate for them. But he put off any action that might possibly prove embarrassing until after Nov. 3, and talked about urgent matters only in generalities. He failed to deliver on his own pre-campaign pledge to furnish a blueprint for "the Great Society." He preferred to point his finger at church steeples and cry of his critics: "God forgive them, for they really know not what they do.

Bestsellers. Thus, what the campaign has really come down to is a back-alley fight featuring such pejorative words and phrases as "liar, "demagogue. "socialist." "irresponsible." "reckless. "soft on Communism," and "fascist, Scurrilous paperback books about both candidates have become bestsellers. Vicious television commercials have depicted Goldwater as a man willing to sprinkle a little girl's ice cream with cancer-causing strontium 90.

Last week Republicans were ready to put on national TV a 30-minute



"WHO ELSE YOU GOT?"



WE PUT IT IN PAPERBACKS!

babes, wild Twisters. Negro riots, long shots and closeups of Bobby Baker and Billie Sol Estes-interlaced with shots of a black Lincoln Continental limousine careening madly along country roads, with beer cans being tossed out of the driver's window. The supposed identity of the driver? His initials might rhyme with "all the way

The film was not shown because, when Goldwater saw it for the first time, he strongly objected to its emphasis on Negro demonstrators. "This," he snapped, "is a racist film.

The campaign began sterile and never changed for the better. There now seems little doubt that Johnson will win easily. But it has already been firmly established as an anti-Goldwater rather than a pro-Johnson campaign. Some voters likely will stay home or will cast their ballots only for state and local candidates. That fact was already indicated in Maine, which has begun opening its absentee ballots and has discovered that many voters declined to vote for either Johnson or Goldwater.

# THE CANDIDATES

Top Man's Tones

President Johnson has above all been his own best cheerleader. "Get in your cars and come to the speakin'," he implores the streetside crowds that flock to see him. "You don't have to dress. Just bring your children and dogs, anything you have with you. It won't take long. You'll be back in time to put the kids to bed." He invites everybody to the Inauguration. He tells them to 'put this in your noggin." When heeklers jeered him last week. Lyndon said. "Now you folks come on and he happy.

come on and be happy

Buster Browns & the Pedernales. He is the master of the homily. In St. Louis he drawled: "I do want you to know, since I was a little boy that went to the post office in a general store the first time and put on my first pair of Buster Brown shoes that were made here in St. Louis, I have always had great faith in the people of Missouri. I know they are going to do their duty. and I know when they do their duty on November the third that I am going to get a tele; ne call down at my little ranch on the banks of the Pedernales saying. 'Everything went all right in St. Louis and Missouri today.

There are, of course, the statesmanly moments. Eschewing eyeglasses, Lyndon put on contact lenses and, in a toneless, reflective television appearance, told the country that the events in Communist China and Moseow were "large and tull of meaning," but "They do not change our basic policy," Later in the week, he told newsmen that "divisions and suspicions among our people will only open the doors for those alversaries who seek to divide us and to weaken our leadership. There must be no misunderstanding of America's purpose, and there must be no miscaletula-

tion of America's will."

Economy-Size Aspirin, Johnson also

Economy-Size Apprin, Johnson also talks about "these people"—meaning Coldwater & Co. Said he in Akron challenges of the Co. Said he in Akron dent and restrained. Before we shoot from the hip, as Mr. Rasburn, the great political leader, used to say, the three most important words in the English language for everyone are "Just a numute." From the way "these people" alk, the President declared in southern tilmois. "all that we need in southern tilmois. "all that we need the that have gone on for centuries will be instantly settled. Well, I wish there was some giant economy-size aspirin tablet. that would work on international headaches. But there just isn't."

If was precisely because of "these people," and Johnson, that many Republicans are going to vote Democratic. It is not backlach," he said, "That is gone, It is not leakable," he said, "That is gone, It is not frontiash. It is the sweet man are they get dangerous, and when they get dangerous they are not cautious, And when they get to fearing and doubting and smearing—why, even some of which the property of the

# Communism & Corruption

According to close associates. Barry Goldwater had become almost fatalistic about the outcome of the election. "It they don't want us," he said, "they don't have to take us."

But, as the campaign neared its close, he still thought he might have two issues that were worth plugging away on: Communism and corruption.

Although the overthrow of Nikita Khrushchev and explosion of a nuclear

# HOW THE STATES WILL GO

A state-by-state presidential countdown, as reported by Fixee correspondents tendays before election.

Alabama (10 electoral votes): Lyndon Johnson's name is not even on the ballot. A cinch for Goldwater.

Alaska (3): The state's economy is based on federal spending, and Alaskans are banking on help from Washington to rebuild after last March's earthquake. Given Goldwater's dimview of hig federal spending, a Johnson victory.

Arizona (5): Registered Democrats outnumber Republicans 325,000 to 180,000, and Croldwater will need help from a strong state ticket to earry his own state.

Arkansas (6): The state G.O.P. organization is run by Gubernatorial Candidate Winthrop Rockefeller, who scrupulously avoids mentioning Barrys, name in public. There is strong segregationist sentiment, but Johnson is narrowly favored.

California (40): Despite saturation TV exposure and hordes of tireless volunteer workers, polls show that Goldwater is way behind. Democrats have signed up seven new voters for every three newly-registered Republicans, now hold a 3-to-2 lead in total registration, For Lyndon.

Colorado (6): This was solid Gold-

water country until the campaign began in earnest. Then a split in the state G.O.P. and Barry's speeches on social security and nuclear control softened it up for Johnson, who now leads. Connecticut (8): A landslide for

Johnson. Delaware (3): Easily Lyndon's. District of Columbia (3): With a 50% Negro vote. Johnson is an overwhelming favorite to win when Washington residents east their first presidential ballot.

Florida (14): Goldwater tooked like an easy sinner. Then he criticized social security in a state full of retired people, derided the moon race despite heavy U.S. space-spending in Florida. Democratic Senater Spassard Holland, up for re-election, is working hard for Johnson, That, plus 2 825,000 Negro registration, up 115,000 from 1960, should give 1,81, a stim lead.

Georgia (12): The Jenkins case cut hard in Georgia, Still, the state Democratic organization has performed well for Johnson, and Georgia has never failed to go Democratic. Unless too many apathetic voters stay home, Johnson should eke out a win. Hawaii (4): A tidal wave (or L.B.J.

Idaho (4): The G.O.P. is split, and a great deal of normally Republican husiness and newspaper support has come to Johnson, who has a slight edge.

limins (28). Colonwater tanded in limits as a state he had to have "To win this thing," but his campaign, hurt by his stances on farm supports and nuclear control, has steadily deteriorated, and some observers now place Johnssor's margin at more than \$00,000, which could spell disaster (or Republican Cubernatorial Candidate Charles Percy. Indiana (13): This is Peggs Cold-

water's home state, and it is usually staunchly Republican in presidential elections, But (roldwater, hindered by a sparkless G.O.P. organization and by his own campaign, now seems to be trailing in a tight race. Iowa (9): Farmers fear Goldwater's farm policy; old folks don't like his views on social security. Johnson is well ahead.

Kansas (7): Another Republican stronghold now leaning to Lyndon. Kentucky (9): Civil rights is the big

issue, and a heavy backlash vote could throw it to Barry, But Goldwater's LVA stand hurts him in western Kentucky, and Johnson's anti-poverty program is popular, giving Lyndon a minuscule lead.

Louisiana (10): Barry has been slipping, but the big segregationist vote north of New Orleans should put him

Maine (4): The Jenkinv case could still hurt Johnson. But Lyndion holds a meager lead, thanks to popular Democratic Senator Edmund Muskie's reelection campaign and Republican Senator Margaret Chase Smith's tepid backing of Barry. Marghad (10): An inept campaign

and bitter animosity from strong minority groups make Barry's cause hopeless. Massachusetts (14): For Lyndon. Michisan (21): Such diverse types

Michigan (21): Such diverse lying as expublican Henry Ford II. Decommend of the Comment of the Comment of the Comment of the Comment of Coorge Rommen (gnores Coddwater whenever he can. Backlash among the state's powerful Polish bloc might have helped Coddwater, but he lost the bloc this mount how he he denounced "minority pressure groups." Minumental (10): Even without Hu:

bert Humphrey, all the way with L.B.J. Mississippi (7): Barry's anti-civil rights vote makes him an all but certain winner. device by the Communist Chinese were undoubtedly the sort of events that would work toward the election of Lyndon Johnson, if only because he is an incumbent President and therefore more experienced. Barry took to the attack anyway

Simplistic Sense. His televised appearance sometimes seemed like A Child's Garden of Communism: as he talked about the new Russian B. & K. team-Brezhnev and Kosygin-the screen flashed pictures of the pair that must have been at least 20 years old and looked like something out of a police line-up.

But on paper, Goldwater's speech made some sort of simplistic sense. "The foreign policy of the present Administration-based on a belief that there are 'good' and 'bad' Communists -has been an utter failure," he said. "It has failed to halt the march of Communism and the testing of nuclear weapons and the spread of nuclear power through the Communist world This policy, if I may call it that, has

instead helped the Communist world through a time of trouble and allowed it to emerge as a greater threat than ever to the freedom of the West. The new Russian leaders, charged

Barry, are doubly dangerous to the U.S. in their apparent determination to patch up differences with Red China. Said he: "This Administration once faced an enemy plagued with disunity and trouble, and it followed a policy that brought back unity and greater strength." In Pikesville, Md., Cioldwater cried: "We bailed our Communist enemy out of a serious economic crisis with that wheat deal and with our aid. Instead of letting the Soviet Union and the Communist world stew in their own trouble, we actually bailed them out."

"And? And? And?" But Goldwater still believes that national "immorality under a Democratic administration is his hottest issue. At the University of Pennsylvania in Philadelphia, he lamhasted Democrats as the "party of the fast buck and the slow investigation. In Pikesville, he told a thousand \$100a-plate diners: "To the temporary President, running a country means twisting arms and banging heads together. It means buying and bludgeoning voters. It means getting a TV monopoly in his home state and building a private fortune. It means surrounding himself with companions like Bobby Baker. Billie Sol Estes, Matt McCloskey . At that point, Barry paused; the audience, fully expecting to hear the name of Walter Jenkins, shouted, "And? And?

And?" But Barry finished his sentence. and other interesting men.

Finally, in Southern California, Goldwater mentioned Jenkins by name, tearing into the Administration for "careless disregard of security procedures which is so obviously indicated by the Jenkins case," Said the Republican candidate: "The issue of national security and national integrity now has become firmly embedded in this election campaign. The man who now occupies the White House raised this issue all by himself by lowering the standards of the highest office in the land."

Missouri (12): Kennedy carried the state by just under 10,000 votes in 1960 Johnson will do much better.

Montana (4): Labor is big for Lyndon, and Barry's federal budget-cutting promises have soured many in Montana, where U.S. cash for military payrolls and developing natural resources is an economic cornerstone, L.B.J.

Nebraska (5): Republican Nebraska gave Nixon his biggest margin (62.1%) in 1960, but registration figures indicate Johnson will win Douglas County (Omaha) by 20,000, hold on in the rest of the state. A Nixon speaking trip last week helped Goldwater, but probably not enough.

Nevada (3): Lyndon is odds-on with the smart money

New Hampshire (4): Republicans outnumber Democrats 5 to 3, but because of his statements on social security. Barry canceled out much of that advantage. Johnson, riding the coattails of popular Democratic Covernor John King, rates a fragile favorite.

New Jersey (17): A big win for Johnson. New Mexico (4): Texas Neighbor

Johnson over Arizona Neighbor Goldwater.

New York (43): State Republican candidates are running away from Coldwater, not with him. Lyndon by a million, and perhaps much more.

North Carolina (13): Goldwater's tarm views helped kill his early lead. Johnson is a slight favorite.

North Dakota (4): The G.O.P. is bitterly split over Goldwater. Johnson, in a close one.

Ohio (26): Republican Chairman Ray Bliss has a strong machine working for Goldwater, while the Democratic organization is woefully weak. But not even the presence of young Bob Taft on the Republican ticket will prevent Johnson from carrying Ohio comfortably.

Olelahoma (8): Democrats are united and working hard for Johnson Oklahomans are skittish about Barry and the bomb and-shades of 1960about Bill Miller's Catholicism. Goldwater would have to win big in Tulsa to have a chance: indications are he is

merely leading there. For Johnson. Oregon (6): With only cool campaign support from Republican Governor Mark Hatfield, keynote speaker at the C.O.P. convention, Coldwater lags behind Lyndon.

Pennsylvania (29): Republican Governor Bill Scranton is loyally working for Goldwater, but concentrates most of his energy on retaining G.O.P. control of the legislature. Voter apathy could diminish Johnson's total, but Goldwater isn't even close

Rhode Island (4): A sweeping A.F.L.-C.I.O. get-out-the-vote drive will help Johnson carry Rhode Island easily. South Carolina (8): Barry's farm views hurt him almost as much as his civil rights view helps. But hard-working Republicans are likely to get out a high-

er percentage of voters than the Democrats. Goldwater by an inch. South Dakota (4): This is a strongly Republican state, the Jenkins case has hurt Johnson, and Republican Senator

Karl Mundt is going all out for Goldwater. But polls show Johnson with 56% of the votes, and he will probably win. Tennessee (11): TVA is not for sale.

Johnson comfortably, Texas (25): The L.B.J. brand won't rub off. Indelibly Johnson.

Utah (4): The morality issue could move some Mormons back to Barry. but Johnson is in front.

Vermont (3): The state has alway voted Republican in presidential elections, and the habit may be unbreakable. But habit is about all Goldwater has going for him, and Johnson is narrowly

Virginia (12): As usual, Democratic Senator Harry Byrd is sitting this one out. Abolition of the poll tax has resulted in nearly 100,000 new names being added to the registration rolls, most of them Negroes. Nearly all of them will cast their votes for Lyndon Johnson, making him a precarious favorite.

Washington (9): Buoyed a bit by the conttails of attractive G.O.P. Gubernatorial Candidate Daniel Evans and favored by normally Democratic wheat farmers who dislike federal farm controls. Goldwater has a chance. But most city voters, including many Republicans, like Lyndon, and he is ahead

West Virginia (7): The New Deal was ideal 30 years ago, and Lyndon's deal sounds just as good. Big for L.B.J.

Wisconsin (12): In heavily Democratic Milwaukee, registration is down, and the unpredictable backlash vote could give Coldwater a boost. Democratic Governor John Reynolds is in trouble too. But Johnson is strong in usually Republican rural areas because of Barry's farm policy and Hubert Humphrey's popularity. A close one, but Lyndon leads.

Wyoming (3): Barry had it sewed up when he started, but it is rapidly becoming unstitched. Still Goldwater. by the thinnest margin.

There are 538 electoral votes, and it takes 270 to win. If these findings hold firm through Nov. 3, Lyndon Johnson will beat Barry Goldwater by 495 electoral votes to 43.



KEATING & JAVITS ON PARADE

# Who else wants to make Columbus Day a national holiday?

# NEW YORK

# How Long Are the Coattails?

The candidate forform's seanned the quiet streets of Watertown, spotted a rew homehound workers strelling out of rew homehound workers strelling out of the street of the

Keating has had plents of practice at restraining winces during the past lew weeks. A veieran of twelve years in the House and six in the Senate, he is a respected pilo servant with a record anyholy but a reactionary can admire. Under ordinary circumstances he would be considered a near certainty for reelection. But this year's creimstances

For one filing, Keating's opponent is a Kennedy.—Robert Frames R, recentty resigned as U.S. Attorney General, 
Bothly plays heavily on the family name, 
constantly evokes the memory of his 
dider brother, has even taken John F. 
Kennedy Jr. ("John-John"). 3, campaigning, Such is the Kennedy charisma, 
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Adding to Keating's difficulty is the tact that New York Democrats enjoy a huge registration edge—normally upwards of halt a million—over Republicans. And likely to siphon 150,000 or more votes away from Keating is Hen-

ry Paolucci, 43, a history and political science teacher at New Rochelle's lona College, who will appear on the ballot as the candidate of the Conservative Party, which is angry at Keating for his refusal to endorse Barry Goldwater.

Confirmed Splitters, Goldwater, in fact, is Keating's heaviest burden. With a record 8,500,000 voters on the rolls this year. Johnson is expected to win the state by somewhere between 750,-000 and 2,000,000. It is taken for granted that Bobby will run tar, far behind Johnson on the Democratic ticket. but for Keating to have a chance it will require ticket splitting of heroic and historic proportions. In this, Ken Keating finds himself in the same dilemma as Republican candidates in a score of other states. For as Election Year 1964 nears its end, the big political question is less whether Barry will win or lose than how many Republicans he will drag to defeat.

Fortunately for Kearling, New Yorks var confirmed teket splitters, as Republican Senator Jacob Javits, the state's set with getter and a staunch kearling ally, proved in 1962 when he was certain the state of the s

Arkansas, California, Colorado, Florida, Hawan, Idaho, Kansas, Maryland, Massachusetts, Minnesotti, Mississippi, Montana, Nebraska, Nevada, New Jersey, North Dakota, Olito, Oregon, Tennessee, Virginia, Washington and Wyomung. ficult, could mean the difference, for example, to Republican Senatorial Candidates Robert A. Tatt in Ohio and George Murphy in California.

Even among the 20 states where a voter can nick everyone from President to dogeatcher with a single X or one tug on a lever, several boast long ticketsplitting traditions. In Michigan, Democratte Governor "Soapy" Williams was re-elected by 290,000 votes in 1956 while lke carried the state by more than 350,000; this year that tradition bodes well for Republican Governor George Romney, Pennsylvania's voters elected Republican Bill Scranton Governor by 486,291 votes in 1962 but also re-elected liberal Democratic Senator Joe Clark by 103,734; hard-pressed Republican Senator Hugh Scott hopes that there will be as much ticket splitting

Born Politician, In New York, the man faced with the formidable task of persuading hordes of voters to split their ticket is one of the friendliest men in U.S. political life. An inveterate joiner, Ken Keating is a Moose, Eagle, Elk. Shriner. 33rd-Degree Mason, Kıwanian, Legionnaire, Veteran of Foreign Wars and, through his mother's side of the family, a Son of the Amertean Revolution. At 5 ft. 91 in. and 165 lbs.. Keating looks every inch a Senator. His magnificent mane of white hair is the most convincing symbol of senatorial dignity since Borah's stately mien. That, together with his ruddy complexion, cultivated under a sun lamp, gives him a kindly, grandfatherly air. He is, in fact, the doting grandtather of the children of his daughter, Mrs. Judith Howe, who lives in Manhattan. Keating's wife, an invalid since 1949 with multiple sclerosis, lives in Rochester.

Just barely a man of this century, Keating was born May 18, 1900, in the upstate hamlet of Lima, near Rochester. His family followed politics closely, "Grandmother Barnard was 994 when she died in her rocking chair," he says, "She was reading about politics in the paper."

Give the Boy o Chonce, His mother, an intense, scholarly high school language teacher, taught Ken to read at three. At 15, the graduated from Cenesee Weeleyan Seminary, won 315 on commencements of the seminary of Rechester, taught high school Latin for a year after graduating at 19, then got at law degree at Harvard and

Mabamin, Maska, Artsonia, Connecticut, Delaware, Illinoss, Iowa, Kentiucks, Louissian, Maine, Michigan, Missourit, New Hampshire, New Mexico, Pennssivarita, Rhodie Islandi, South Dakotta, Tevas, Urah and West Virginia. Piere di ea dos seven states where ballfols have a septrate section to the presidential election for all other offices. Hey are Georgia, Indiana, Venth Cartolina, Oktahoma, South Carolina, Oktahoma, South Carolina, Ventonia and Wisconsin.

launched a successful career in Rochester. He was in both World Wars, wound up a sergeant in the first and a colonel in the second, after serving as an administrative officer in the China-Burma-India theater. He is now a reserve brig-

adier general

Elected to Congress in 1946, Keating lost no time establishing himself as a loquacious legislator of wide-ranging interests. With what seemed like impertinent haste to older House members, he delivered his maiden speech less than a month after his swearing-in, has rarely stopped talking since. He voted conservatively on most economic questions. but his growing interest in issues such as civil rights, immigration and Israel marked him as a man who seemed to be aiming for higher office.

A New Equation. But when his chance to run for the Senate came in 1958, he was reluctant to take it. The U.S. was in the midst of a mild recession, and it looked like a big Democratic year. He entered the race a distinct underdog against Manhattan District Attorney Frank Hogan, He was helped by the usual factional row between New York's Democratic bosses and reformers, and he made devastating use of Jim Farley's scornful remark that Hogan's experience in national and international affairs "extends from the Battery to the Polo Grounds," In an upset victory. Keating squeaked in by

132,992 votes.

Before he got to the Senate. Keating used to say: "I don't like to be tagged conservative or liberal. I haven't made up my mind yet whether I'm a liberative or a conserveral." Once in the Senate, he quickly made up his mind: liberal. Over the next six years Keating established a Senate roll-call record next only to that of Maine Republican Margaret Chase Smith, but still managed to hop the shuttle to New York two, three and four times a week to attend a bar mitzvah, a Negro Elks meeting, a Roman Catholic communion breakfast. He kept his face before his constituents with a regular radiotelevision show, Senate Report, carried on 36 New York stations. And he kept his name in print with his disclosures of Russian missile bases in Cuba.

All this should have made Keating a shoo-in for re-election. Then came Jack Kennedy's assassination and a whole

new equation.

First All the Time. In the aftermath of the Dallas slaying, Bobby Kennedy was a shaken man, and for months afterward he moved about mechanically. But slowly the old combativeness began to return-and Bobby, seventh of the nine Kenneds children, is the most combative of the clan

"Bobby Kennedy," said Dave Powers. White House courtier in Jack's Administration, "has to be first all the time." That goes for everything, from a pickup game of touch football to managing his brother's presidential



KENNEDY & JOHN-JOHN IN THE BRONX With care, the frosting could just become the cake.

race. When he played touch football. his daughter Kathleen, now 13, would occasionally show up with her friends to cheer:

Clan your hands and stamp your feet Cause Daddy's team, Daddy's ream, can't be heat.

Last spring, when the first feelers were put out to him about the New York Senate race. Bobby seemed uninterested. "All things being equal." he said. "it would be better for a citizen of New York to run." In fact, Bobby had set his sights on the vice-presidency. But he was kidding himself. For one thing, he and Lyndon have always been able to restrain their enthusiasm for one another, and anyhow, Johnson, who understandably wants to be known for his own achievements, had pointedly advised longtime Kennedy Aide Kenny O'Donnell only one month after Dallas: "I'll never have a Kennedy on the ticket.

U.S. of Kennedy, Still. Bobby pursued the mirage, until Lyndon finally scratched Kennedy from the sweepstakes in late July in that strange and impulsive performance in which he simultaneously ruled out all Cabinet members and officials who met regularly with the Cabinet, Crestfallen, Bobby declared: "I don't think there is much future for me in this city now." Three weeks later, he thought he glimpsed a bearable future in New York, and he jumped into the Senate race. "It the Democratic Party could have agreed on any other candidate," said he. "I wouldn't have come in: But there wasn't

any agreement. Bobby's move provoked inevitable eries of "carpetbagger," Despite his protests that he had spent more time in New York than anywhere else. Bobby was Massachusetts-born and -oriented. and a resident of Virginia besides. But he knew where the power was, quickly lined up New York's Democratic bosses behind him notably Buffalo's Peter Crotty, Brooklyn's Stanley Steingut, and Charlie Buckley of The Bronx. New York's Mayor Robert Wagner, reluctantly, also fell into line.

Many Democrats recoiled. "The nolitical arm twisting has been the worst I've ever seen," said Utica's Richard H. Balch, onetime Democratic state chairman. Noting that Bobby's allies were running in three other states-Pierre Salinger in California, Teddy Kennedy in Massachusetts, and Joseph Tydings. who was a U.S. Attorney under Kennedy, in Maryland-with a total of 64 electoral votes among them on top of New York's 43, one Democrat cried: "It will be a United States of Kennedy." In a meeting with Mayor Wagner, a group of reformers protested: Kennedy is a ruthless, unprincipled, frighteningly ambitious young man who intends to use the New York State Democratic Party to launch his presidential ambitions," Later, 120 reformers, including Playwright Gore (The Best Man) Vidal, Niagara Falls Mayor E. Dent Lackey and Actor Paul Newman. established a noisy Democrats for Keating Committee. Bobby viewed the reformers with the professional's habitual scorn for the idealistic amateur. "These people hate everything and everybody. even each other," he snapped. Screamers & Jumpers. In early Sep-

tember, at a sweaty, tumultuous Democratic convention in the musty 71st Regiment Armory on Manhattan's lower Park Avenue, Kennedy steamfollered Upstate Congressman Sam Stratton, his only rival, 968 to 153. He won the Liberal Party's endorsement the same day. Aware that the Liberals delivered 406,000 votes to Jack Kennedy in 1960



Like bagels and lox.

—more than J.F.K.'s 380,000-vote statewide margin of victory—Bobby welcomed their support.

The first days of his campaign were a wild triumphal march. He was swamped on Long Island's beaches by hundreds of thousands of Labor Day weekend bathers. In a three-day swing around "the Southern Tier," he made 51 stops in 21 cities, got such an overwhelming reception that people began to talk about "poor old Ken." In Watertown, he outdrew Keating 45 to 1. In Ogdensburg, where Keating spoke to a lonely knot of 24 listeners, Bobby drew 2,000. In Jamestown, where G.O.P. dential Candidate Bill Miller had a crowd of 250, Bobby lured 4,000. In Glens Falls, Bobby arrived just before I a.m., still found 4,000 people, more than onefifth of the populace, waiting for him, many in nightclothes. 'I still have problems in this state," said Bobby, "but at least I'm getting a hearing."
"Outrageous," But was he? People

Outrogeous. But was he? People were seeing him, but the crowds did more hollering than listening, and they were young crowds to boot. "Il I had my way." Bobby told the teen-agers, who thronged him at every stop. "Fd lower the voling age to six—before the election."

While Bobby was making what Keating called a "blatant emotional appeal to the teen-age screamers and jumpers," the Gr.O.P. was mounting a well-financed campaign with headquarters on the fifth floor of 521 Fifth Aventee—one flight above the Griddwater-Miller operation but totally divorced from it.

Former Attorney General Herbert Brownell, who steered Tom Dewey to prominence and helped catapult lke into the presidency, emerged from seven years of political retirement to run Keating's campaign. "This thing got me sore." he said. "If Kennedy is elected, it will establish that a rich man can come

in, make a deal with bosses, and change our whole constitutional system. H. L. Hunt could go in and run in some Rocky Mountain state. Governor Wallace could run where he pleased. This is

outrageous."

Patiently. Keating and his crew worked on the racial and religious minority groups that make a majority of New York's votes. No state has quite the complicated ethnic mix that New York has, and Ken Keating, with 18 years of experience, knows almost instinctively what each of the groups wants. A more adventurous gastronome than Bobby, he sampled kosher hot dogs, pickles, and cheese blintzes during a walking tour of the predominantly Jewish Lower East Side. Keating is a familiar figure there, and one sign that greeted him read: KEYTING AND ISRAEL GO TOGETHER LIKE BAGELS AND TON. In that same district. Bobby spurned the ethnic diet, chose melon, split-pea soup and chocolate milk. In lower Manhattan's "Little Italy," he asked for a fork when someone offered him a slice of pizza. "You don't need a fork," he was gently advised.

Winning Formula. To his dismay, Kennedy found himself ranning poorly among New York's 2,500,000 Jews, who gave nearly 90% of their votes to his brother in 1960, and its 1,500,000 Indians. Keating's managers talk of getting half of the Jewsh vote, two-fifths of the Italian vote—and that combined with normal G.O.P. majorities upstate and in the shathers, would be a winning and in the shathers, would be a winning

Kennedy's troubles with the Jews stemmed from the days when his father. Joseph Kennedy, while Ambassador to Britain, delivered too-vigorous warnings against going to war with Nazi Ciermany and a too-gentle appraisal of Hitler. Jack overeame their distrust, hut Bobby seemed more like his father's son. And Bobby's onetime association with Senator Joseph McCarthy's investigating committee and his seeming indifference to the fine points of civil liberties roused further suspicions.

Plasing on these suspleions. Kealing charged that Kennedy, while Attorney General, had made a "deal" to sell off part of the Government-beld General holding company that was once run by formany 8.1. G. Farben, a notorious exploiter of Jewish slave labor. Keating had proposed selling the assets—some vate U.S. interests, but made no protest when the dead was announced in 1963.

Lurid Tales, Jewish liberals began channeling their contributions to the Johnson-Humphrey campaign and the Keating campaign, shutting Bobby out. To finance his \$1,500,000 campaign. Bobby is probably dipping deep into his personal \$10 million fortune.

Among the Italian-Americans, Keating made included by playing on their reseatment of the Iustice Department's Valachi hearings, in which furtil tales of hoodlums with Italian names were told to the American public Reating also nailed down the Greek vote by condemning Turkey's actions in Cyprus. There are only 31,000 Turks in New York, But there are 77,000 Great Page 100.

Still, Bobby stands high with other ethnic groups; the Germans (675,000 strong in New York), the Irish (492,-000) and the Poles (685,000). He has paid particular attention to the state's 2,000,000 Negroes and Puerro Ricans, traditionally Democratic and own traditionally Democratic and own traditionally Democratic and the traditionally Democratic and the traditionally of the New York City Democrats mailed out nearly 4,000,000 pieces of mail, made thou-



BOBBY & JOE IN FRANCE (1959) Like Dad, only more so.

sands of phone calls to encourage new voters to register. The result: a city Democrat, who normally needs a cushion of up to 700,000 votes in the city if he is to have a prayer of winning the state, that was good news. Said one Kennedy aide: "These new Negro and Puerto Rican votes were expected to be the frosting. But now they're turning

into the whole cake."

Each candidate righteously deplored the other's exploitation of the ethnic vote, then went right on cultivating it himself. "I do not campaign in search of a Jewish vote or a Catholic vote or a Negro vote," said Bobby, But there he was, wearing a vamilke (skullcap) for a chat with a rabbi. And there he was at Grossinger's, assuring an audience that his father, in his Hollywood days, was so impressed at how lewish moviemakers like the Warner brothers and Sam Goldwyn raised their children that "he decided to bring his own up that way In turn, Keating complained about Bobby's "constant talk about the Jewish vote, the Italian vote, the this-that-orthe-other vote. I don't believe there is such a thing as bloc voting in this state." Not much. Keating has a 50-acre forest in Israel named after him, and he is the darling of the Italian-Americans for proposing to make Columbus Day a

Tarrytown Cigarettes? Ethnics aside. there are few issues between Keating and Kennedy. Each claims to be more liberal than the other; yet both are moderates with similar positions on most issues. The chief difference is that Keating might be more hesitant than Bobby about committing federal funds for a vast array of projects. And when Bobby starts talking grandly about huge transportation and air-pollution-control projeets for the whole Fastern seaboard. Opponent Keating chuckles: "I can't figure out whether he thinks he's running for President of the United States or is looking for some kind of new federal job like High Commissioner of the Northeast."

Bobby's big pitch is that he can do more for New York, that Keating has been an uncreative legislator. "Name me a Keating bill." he cries. "What legislation has he introduced?" For his part. Keating hammers ceaselessly at the carpetbagger theme. In mock astonishment, he declares: "Why, there are people who have been standing in line at the World's Fair longer than he has been living in New York," Or: "Why, Bobby thinks the Gowanus Canal is part of the lower intestinal tract. Or: "He thinks Tarrytown is a new brand of cigarette."

When Bobby tries to refute the charge by noting that one of New York's first Senators was a Massachusetts man named Rufus King, Keating beams mischievously. "It was a girl, not politics, that brought Rufus King to New York. he says. "He came here to live with his

bride, a resident of New York." And while Bobby has leased a 25-room Dutch colonial house in Glen Cove, L.I. Ethel, who is expecting her ninth child in December, still spends most of her time in Virginia with the eight Kennedy kids.

There is also the lingering suspicion that Bobby hopes to use the New York Senate seat only as a springboard to the White House someday. He denies this. but he certainly doesn't slam the door. "Truthfully, now," he says, "I can't go any place in 1968. We've got President Johnson, and I think he's going to be re-elected in 1968. Now we get to 1972. I'm going to have to be reelected in six years. I'm going to have to do a tremendous job for the State of New York. If I have done such an outstanding job that people just demand all over the country that I be a presidential candidate. I don't see how New York suffers."

If Ken Keating has anything to say about it. New York will not have to take that chance. And Keating just might have something to say about itfor he is running nip and tuck in a race that will be decided not so much by Bobby's popularity as by the length of Lyndon's coattails.

#### ISSUES

Backdown on the Farm

At the outset of his presidential campaign, Barry Goldwater figured that the best way to handle the farm issue would be to ignore it. After all, he had already set down his views in Conscience of a Conservative, where he advocated prompt and final termination of the farm subsidy program." Barry thought he would just stand or fall with that. As it turned out, he is falling. The U.S. farm program has, of

course, long been a national scandal, but no one yet has come up with a workable, politically viable solution, Farmers themselves are fond of talking about free enterprise-but they are even fonder of collecting subsidy checks, and they show their proclivities at the polls.

One who realized the danger signals early was Nebraska's Republican Senator Carl Curtis, himself a farmer's son, Soon after the campaign began, Curtis implored Goldwater to spell out his farm views. Barry simply issued a rehashed version of the G.O.P. platform's farm plank. Getting frantic, North Dakota's Senator Milton Young and South Dakota's Senator Karl Mundt insisted that Goldwater draft at least one major farm-policy statement, for delivery Sept. 19. at the National Plowing Contest near Casselton, N. Dak. Goldwater showed up and spoke, but said little of substantial value: Young, who had seen an advance text, refused to sit on the platform with Goldwater, has since declined to campaign for him.

Finally, sensing that he could no longer afford to let Conveience be his guide.

Barry began backing away. On a whistle-stop trip through Illinois, Indiana and Ohio, Goldwater told audiences that while he was sticking by his guns on ending price supports, he knew that it had to be done gradually

Such assurances were hardly enough to allay farmers' fears, so Goldwater summoned G.O.P. leaders from eleven farm states to a secret strategy meeting at Des Moines' Municipal Airport. He listened to their views for nearly an hour. A few days later, at the National Corn-Picking Contest at Sioux Falls, S. Dak., Barry told some 20,000 farm folk: "You and I and all good Americans, we all want a free and prosperous American agriculture, with a minimum of federal controls and intervention. That is the direction in which we must move-forward, toward freedom and progress." To accomplish this, he said. price supports must go, but only after



A VIEW FROM THE FARM Formula for fall.

"something better has been developed that can gradually be substituted for it." Just what that something better might be. Goldwater did not specify, but he did promise: "I will never jerk the rug from under the American farmer.

Farmers remained far from assured and that fact is likely to cost Goldwater dearly on Election Day.

#### THE ADMINISTRATION The Jenkins Report

From the FBI last week came a report of its findings in the Walter Jenkins case. The bureau said it had interviewed more than 500 persons in its crash investigation, undertaken on orders from President Johnson, and had examined the life of the former White House aide from his Texas boyhood right up to the moment he was last arrested in a Washington Y.M.C.A. washroom. But beyond a flat statement that Jenkins had not been "framed" or "entrapped" (as some of Jenkins' most powerful friends continue to insist), the FBI report said little that was not

already known (Tixit, Oct. 23) or nurely conjectural Items from the report

In an interview with the FBI on Oct. 18. Jenkins "admitted having engaged in the indecent acts for which he was arrested in 1959 and 1964. He claimed that he had been 'enticed' by the arresting officer on the former occasion and that his mind was betuddled by fatigue, alcohol, physical illness and lack of food the latter time.

▶ "Mr. Jenkins further advised that he did not recall any further indecent acts. and if he had been involved in any such acts, he would have been under the influence of alcohol and in a state of fatigue and would not remember them. Neither Jenkins nor Andy Choka. the U.S. Army veteran arrested with Jenkins at the Y.M.C.A. "knew the identity of the other, nor had either



FRI DIRECTOR HOOVER Say it with flowers.

gone to the basement men's room of the Y.M.C.A. by prearrangement. · "Mr. Jenkins stated that no attempt had ever been made to compromise or blackmail him. He also told the FBI he would lay down his life before he would disclose any information that

would damage the best interests of the United States • "Neither President Kennedy, the White House staff nor Mr. Johnson had any knowledge of the 1959 incident or any reason to suspect its existence.

When he assumed office as President in November, Mr. Johnson still did not know of the January 1959 arrest. That was far from the end of the

Jenkins case and its repercussions. At week's end came two new pieces of information. A story in the Chicago Tribune, belatedly confirmed by the FBI, reported that in 1961 Jenkins had "fought like the devil" to reinstate an Air Force officer who had been forced to resign his commission after being accused of making obscene phone calls to the wife of an Air Force enlisted man. The Tribune reported that after tapping the woman's phone and hearing a sampling of the conversations. Gov-

ernment investigators accused the officer of "unnatural sex acts.

And, under reporters' questioning, the Pentagon admitted that Walter Jensecurity elearance to ton-secret Air Force and Defense Department information and his Atomic Energy Commission top-secret "Q" clearance have

The I-BI report was by any accounting a curious one. It seemed all the more curious in the light of an episode that took place the very day President Johnson ordered the investigation. To the Creorge Washington University Hospital, where Walter Jenkins is confined in a room guarded by private attendants and with a "Do Not Disturb" sign on the door, came a houquet of mixed fall flowers. With it came a card signed "J. Edgar Hoover and Associates." There was some doubt about just who those "associates" might be. But there was no doubt about Hoover, who with a waiver from Johnson will continue as FBI chief after reaching the mandatory retirement age of 70 next Jan. 1.

#### HEROES

#### The Humanitarian

Of all the moments of Herbert Clark Hoover's long and illustrious life, the one best remembered was the worst. There he was, a stolid figure in the

rear of an open car, his eyes downcast, a study in dejection. He rode in dour silence to the Capitol while Presidentelect Franklin Roosevelt, sitting beside him, smiled that famous smile and waved to the cheering throngs.

This was Saturday, March 4, 1933, F.D.R.'s Inauguration Day-and the day after Hoover had stubbornly rejected urgent demands that he close all of the nation's banks. Only four years before. Hoover had been elected as the 31st President of the U.S., with 58.1% of the popular vote (still the third highest in history), over Democrat Al Smith. When he took office, he had well earned his position as the most respected man in America. Now, after having been overwhelmed for re-election, he was perhaps the most reviled; the phrase "Hoover's Depression" was current, and the nation's landscape was detaced by those turpaper-shack com-

Yet even while enduring such violent swings in public esteem. Hoover himself remained constant in character and principles. And by the time he died last week at 90 in his Waldorf Towers apartment in Manhattan, he ranked once again as a U.S. citizen who could truly be called revered.

munities known as "Hoovervilles."

'The Orgy of Speculation." History's hindsight has absolved Hoover of much of the blame for the Great Depression. Indeed, he saw it coming long before he made, as one admiring biographer put it, the "most serious error of his amazing career"-that of running

In eight productive years as Secretary of Commerce under Presidents Harding and Coolidge the promoted arbitration rather than litigation in trade disputes, achieved standardization of some 3,000 industrial products. championed modernization of railroads and such huge river-control projects as Hoover Dam), Hoover repeatedly warned against "the rising boom and orgy of speculation." He complained that loose monetary policies of the Federal Reserve Board would lead to an "inevitable collapse which will bring the greatest calamities upon our farmers. our workers and legitimate business." But amid Coolidge prosperity. Hoover was denounced as "a crapehanger.

As President, Hoover utilized tederal power as an instrument to support the private economy far more than any President before him. At his urging, Congress created a Federal Farm Board, backed by \$500 million in tederal funds, which came to the aid of farm marketing cooperatives after the market crash. He sought \$663 million to push public works-a figure that critics decried as excessive. He proposed the Reconstruction Finance Corporation and the National Credit Corporation. He secured an early agreement in which labor promised to forgo strikes and new wage demands. Big Business agreed to maintain wages and spread work to avoid layoffs. He negotiated an international moratorium on the payment of intergovernmental debts.

The Bitter Years, Yet Hoover resisted what he termed "the lure of the rosy path to every panacea." He continually preached "the part of selfreliance, independence, and steadfastness in time of trial and stress." His philosophy of limited government prevented the bold innovations that the multiple crises demanded-and in his last two years in office a Democratic House and a splintered Senate hamstrung him on even milder measures. Hoover also had a naive and unpo-

litical sense of public relations. He dreaded each speech he had to make -and each speech showed it. He had the notion that everything would be all right if everyone would just grin and bear it. "What the country needs," he said. "is a good big laugh."

Yet the most ironic failure of Hoover's presidency was that the man whom General Pershing once praised as "the food regulator of the world" proved unable to prevent hunger at home. To his critics, it almost seemed that he did not care. He did, of course, and deeply. But his own fabulous success in voluntary relief work had led him to the lifelong conviction that private and local agencies could handle the job. "I am opposed to any direct or indirect Government dole," Hoover said in 1931, "The moment responsibilities of any community are shifted from any part of the nation to Washington, then that community has subjected itself to

Many economists saw signs of an economic upturn in Hoover's last year. but such optimism dissolved in the bitterness of the 1932 election campaign. After F.D.R.'s victory-won partly on the claim that Hoover had spent too much-Hoover remained resentful of Roosevelt's failure to speak out in the four months before his inauguration. It he had just assured desperate businessmen what his policies would be, Hoover argued, the banks could have staved

Whatever the final judgment of history on Hoover's presidency may be, it is certain that he will also be remembered for his accomplishments before and after what he later called the years of "compound hell" in the White House.

The Mandarin. Hoover's early career seemed living proof of his belief that self-discipline, 18-hour workdays and cold logic could accomplish any sort of wonder. Born in a three-room cottage in West Branch, Iowa (pop. 250), within 40 years he was a worldrenowned mining engineer worth some

Orphaned at eight. Hoover was reared in Iowa and Oregon by Quaker uncles, who stressed Bible reading and, recalled Hoover, "those great novels where the hero overcomes the demon rum." Hoover graduated with the first class at newly founded Stanford University, wound up working ten-hour shifts in a Nevada City mine at \$2 a night. Laid off, he experienced, in his words, "the ceaseless tramping and Hoover landed a menial job as a

typist for San Francisco Mining Engineer Louis Janin, quickly won engineering assignments, impressed Janin with his ability to absorb detail and select the essentials for action. At the age of 23, he grew a beard in a vain effort to hide his youth, went to Australia to run ten gold mines tor a British firm. He advised his employers to sink \$500,-000 into the Gwalia gold diggingsand these mines were to turn out \$55 million worth of ore.

Hoover traveled the world as a docfor of sick mines. At 24, he was chief engineer of China's Bureau of Mines. and a living legend; he was known as "the foreign mandarin" with "green eyes" that could pierce the earth. He advised the Russian Czar on the development of his huge mine holdings, made a fortune of his own, mainly on fabulous lead, silver and zine mines in the jungles of Burma.

But at the outbreak of World War L Hoover declared, "Let fortune go to hell," abandoned business interests that were about to skyrocket in value. plunged into a selfless life of public service. Working in London, he helped some 120,000 Americans who were stranded in Europe without convertible currency, accepted their IOUs, and raised enough cash for the Americans to return home

"Stunted Bodies." When Belgium was overrun by German troops, Hoover traveled to Berlin and to secret German field headquarters, let top officers believe that the U.S. might enter the war

unless they permitted him to bring in food for starving Belgians. In London and Paris, he warned the French and English of likely U.S. indignation unless they eased their blockade to facilitate such shipments. After such tactics succeeded. Hoover supervised the shipment of a billion dollars worth of food and clothing to Belgium, directed a fleet of 60 cargo ships and 400 barges, crossed the mine-filled North Sea 40 times himself.

When the U.S. did enter the war, Hoover came home to head the U.S. Food Administration. Without resorting to either price controls or rationing, he met the domestic and military food demands of the U.S., increased the export of foodstuffs to hungry allies by 35%. At the height of wartime passions, he urged that German and Austrian women and children be fed by

"Final Farewells." Each four years. Hoover appeared at Republican National Conventions as his party's beloved elder statesman to declare his undying enmity toward Big Government and unbalanced budgets-and at the last three conventions through 1960 in Chicago, to deliver his "final farewell." Once he was out of office, the warmth and wit that had long delighted his personal friends finally broke through his public reserve. "When I comb over these accounts of the New Deal," he ad-libbed in one speech, "my sympathy arises for the humble decimal point. His is a pathetic and heroic life. wandering around among regimented ciphers, trying to find some of the old places he used to know." At 62. Hoover assumed the chair-

manship of the Boys' Clubs of America. At 84, he published his sympathetic





the U.S. too. "I did not believe that stunted bodies and deformed minds in the next generation were the foundation upon which to rebuild civilization," he later explained. At war's end, Hoover headed a massive American relief effort in Europe, directed the delivery of 20 million tons of food and supplies to 300 million people in 22 countries.

Hoover's humanitarian work lasted a lifetime. As Secretary of Commerce, he directed the evacuation of 1,500,000 people from the floodlands of the lower Mississippi in 1927, saw that they were housed and fed. Years later, in 1946, Democratic President Harry Truman asked Hoover to examine the relief needs of Asia and Europe in the post-World War II famine. Then 71. Hoover tirelessly trekked 35,000 miles through 25 countries to make his report.

With his remarkable grasp of detail and his organizational genius, Hoover of the federal bureaucracy for Presidents Truman and Eisenhower. His commissions recommended some 645 specific changes in governmental organization and procedure, designed to save some \$10 billion annually. About 70%

From respect to revilement to reverence, the path was self-set and selfless. account of The Ordeal of Woodrow Wilson. Throughout his own last ordeal. a 26-month struggle against a variety of major illnesses, he worked on a history of modern Communism.

Hoover survived surgery for abdominal cancer in 1962. After a massive gastrointestinal hemorrhage in June of 1963, his doctors considered death imminent. Yet Hoover sat up in hed one morning, ordered scrambled eggs and his pipe, told his startled nurse: I am back in business again." Stricken again last February, this time by a kidnev ailment and pneumonia, he recovered, remained alert and productive right up until still another gastrointestinal hemorrhage sent him last week into a painless and final coma.

The passions of the 1964 presidential campaign were temporarily stilled as all tour national candidates joined in mourning at a simple funeral service at St. Bartholomew's Episcopal Church in Manhattan. There thousands: filed past Hoover's bier, and even more paid last respects as his body lay in state in the Capitol Rotunda in Washington. He was buried on Sunday on a peaceful knoll overlooking the West Branch cottage of his birth.

#### THE WORLD



Ready to do what was done, done, done before?

#### RUSSIA

#### The Morning After

In a somewhat left-handed compliment, U.N. Secretary-General U Thant described Russia's new bosses as "competent and unpretentious." least, they have plenty to be unpretentious about. The start of their rule was not auspicious. Nikita Khrushchev was deposed and out of sight, but his invisible presence still badly cramped the style of the new Moscow team. When Premier Aleksei Kosygin and his teammate Leonid Brezhney, new head of the Communist Party, made their first joint public appearance in Red Square to hail Russia's three most recent cosmonauts, applause from the onlookers was markedly listless. Visibly ruffled. Brezhnev stared down on them and mut-tered: "K chortu." That meant "Go to the devil." and because someone had forgotten to turn off the mike, the words went out loud and clear.

There was plenty of feedback, particularly from Communist leaders outside Russia. They should be accustomed to the Communist way of changing rulers, but they reacted with puzzlement. anger, even outrage. The fact was ironic. for in large measure Khrushchev had heen felled because his policies had lately splintered the Communist movement, and his removal was obviously designed to help reunite the comrades. But for the present, at least, international Communism seemed even more badly split than before, and just as cockily independent of Moscow, The relative national autonomy won by the

various parties during the Khrushchev era could probably never again be whol-Is destroyed.

Taken Aback, To date, Moscow has given no account of exactly what hanpened to Khrushehev and why-forcing not only the West but also other Communist parties to work out the puzzle as best they could (see following story). The Soviet press kept stating the new regime's case against Khrushehes in the usual half-veiled style; its gist was that he had been highhanded and had refused to take advice. But the criticism sounded a little more restrained, with the new regime presumahis taken aback by the protests.

Reaction was strongest among West European Communists, First to speak out were the French, who only a week before Khrushchey's tall had declared their formal independence from Moscow control; they were obviously determined to keep that independence. The French demanded "fuller information and necessary explanations." Party Boss Waldeck Rochet announced that he would send a delegation to Moscow to get the answers.

Italy's Reds, who comprise the largest Communist Party in Western Europe, were openly worried by the dumping of the man they had both criticized and supported. Party Leader Luigi Longo said: "The manner in which these changes at the top of the Soviet Party occurred leaves us concerned and Fearful that the new Ruscritical. sian leaders might get overly tough with the West, and thus spoil his party's chances in Italy's nationwide local elections next month, Longo harped on Khrushchey's "peaceful coexistence" line and desperately reminded Italians that his predecessor, Palmiro Togliatti, had demanded "greater freedom of expression" for Communists. To take the edge off the French initiative, Longo decided to send two fact-finding missions to Moscow.

Foreign News. The Eastern European Red bloc was also dismayed. Even Fast Germany's Walter Ulbricht, who had not had the best of treatment at Khrushchev's hands and might have been expected to toady to the new men in the Kremlin, eulogized Nikita and expressed "profound emotion" over his sudden eclipse. The Fast Germans found it hard to believe that Khrushehey had "shown himself to be no longer equal to his tasks."

Czechoslovakia's reconstructed Stalinist Antonin Novotny praised Khrushehey, as did Hungary's Janos Kadar and Poland's Władysław Ciomulka, But there was only determined coolness from the recalcitrant Rumanians, who economic matters and thus probab'y helped provoke his ouster. Rumania's party newspaper Scinteia played the story of his fall under the heading "Foreign News" on page 4.

The New Face. There were. course, those who crowed over Khrushehev's removal. Pro-Chinese Reds in Rome produced a poster of Stalin that read: "Khrushchev has fallen! Stalin is vindicated! Hurray for glorious Comrade Stalin!" The new face of Russian Communism, as it began to emerge. was far from Stalinist; it was definitely Khrushchevian in its lineaments, though more serious and nowhere near as lively. But there were hints of changes ahead, and the most significant concerned China. While B. & K. kept Mao I'se-tung's name out of their pronouncements. Brezhnev hinted that Moscow would take the initiative in trying to "overcome difficulties" within the Communist movement. Unlikely as it sounded. Ideologist Mikhail Suslov was reported preparing to make a trip to Peking aimed at easing the Sino-Soviet ritt. There were even rumors that Mao might be coming to Moscow.

In other matters, the new team almost frantically reassured everyone that the old policies would continue. In his Red Square speech, Brezhnev implied that Khrushchev's basic foreign and domestic policies were still "the only, immutable line of the Soviet government." Playing it both ways for the moment, Kosygin continued emphasis on production of consumer goods, while Brezhnev also promised greater investment in heavy industry. There were other promises, reassuring to the army, that cutbacks in defense spending would be halted. B. & K. also showed their sympathy for the army by turning up at the Moscow Juneral of Marshal Sergei Biryuzov. Red Army Chief of Staff killed last week in a Belgrade plane crash as he flew in to attend Yugoslavia's 20th anniversary of liberation from the German occupation.

Ultimetely Willing. "You get the impression that during this period a genpression that during this period a genture committee is at work," sax-a high U.S. Official. "The speeches look like State Department drafts. In other words, there's not an interesting word in them." The professional Kremlin watchers now speak of the new pair in Moscow as a "diarche within an oligarchy," clearly a precarrous situation.

Neither Brezhnes nor Koosgin can as yet be certain of his job, and behind each, among the other oligarchs, stand any number of potential replacements. One major contender is gone—ailing disappeared along with khrischheis' from official pronouncements. Presidem Anastas Mikoyan, 68, though shunted into the role of greeter last week, is still the man with the less balance in the Soviet Union, having survived every change of leadership since the fall of

Right behind bini is Mikhail Sudow.

Gl. whose is, opportunistic command of ideology had seen him through Susmess era. But Mikhayan mas he loo old and Sudow too frail the suffers from a chronic kidney aitment) or are much of a channee among the histolers in the old and Sudow too frail the suffers from of a channee among the histolers in the of a channee among the histolers in the old and the suffers from the suffers from the suffers of the suffers of

Any of these men would ultimately be willing to do to Brezhnev or Kovygin what they had done only a week before to Khrushchev.



POLEMICIST SUSLOV
Ready to talk to Peking?

#### A Hard Day's Night

How did it really happen? Pieced together from reports in the non-Russian Communist press and triangulated by a few facts gleuned by Westerment of the real to the

Bare Majority. Two weeks ago, as Khrushehev relaxed in the fall sun at his Black Sea villa, a call went out from Moscow for a secret meeting of the Communist Party Central Committee." The roundup call no doubt originated in the party Presidium, which Nikita unwittingly believed was heavily in his favor the had hand-picked seven of its eleven other members). In from semiexile flew such opponents of Khrushchev as New Delhi-based Ambassador Ivan Benekditov, Central Committee memhers known to be strong for Nikita were not called, among them Ambassador Anatoly Dobrynin in Washington. Khrushchev was confidently preparing a speech, which would point to Khrushehevian successes: a good harvest in the "virgin lands" and the successful orbiting of the three-man Voshkod space-

ship, even then whirling overhead

As Voshkod orbited, the party Presidium was in nonstop session-though Nikita knew nothing about it. Ideologist Mikhail Suslov was the major participant, arguing that Khrushchev had outlived his usefulness. A vote was taken. and all were against Nikita. The question was then carried to the full Central Committee, where a majority-but a bare one, some reports indicating as little as one vote-decided against him. Thus the coup makers had precluded the fate of the 1957 "antiparty group," which had mustered a party Presidium majority against Khrushchev only to lose when the vote came in the Central Committee, Dmitry Ustinov, 56, fastrising chairman of the Supreme National Economie Council, was detailed to fly down to the Black Sea and bring Khrushchey back.

Acrass the River, Ustinov arrived on the morning of Tuesday, Oct. 13. as khrushchev was talking with French Atomic Steiner Minister Gaiston Palewski. The emissary demanded that Khrushchev return immediately to Moscow for the special meeting of the Presidium. Deeply uperk. Khrushchev left Palewski with the words: "I have to go to the commonatis immediately." That expla-

The 178 voting members of the Central Committee elect the party Presidium known as the Polithuro until 1982, when that name became too odious. The party Presidium is not to be contrased with the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet, Russia's ineffectual parliament, now freaded in President Anastas Mikovan.



nation was at least partly true. After only 16 orbits, the Voshkod had returned to earth, possibly because of a mechanical failure but perhaps on order from the Presidium, which presumably did not want the spacecraft, with all its publicity potential, circling overhead while Aftenshels was being deaft with.

At sunset, Khrushchev and Ustinov landed at Moscow's Vnukovo Airport, where a ZH limousine waited. The long black car whipped across the Lenin Hills, along Kremlevskava Quai, where lights glittered on the Moskva River.

The Unkindest Cut. The car hatted a few blocks from the Kremtin at Kuitsshew Street No. 4., a grey, six-story building with red marble columns and a sign in gold lettering that reads: "The Central Committee of the Committee

There Khrushehev found ten memhers of the Presidium awaiting him. Immediately Suslov got up and faunched a sharp, biting attack against him. He accused Khrushehev of trying to start a new "cult of personality. He cited Khrushchev's inability to control himself, his lengthy, "boring" speeches, his naive provincial behavior. and his "provocative attitude" toward the Red Chinese. He described Nikita's shoe banging at the United Nations in 1960 harmful to the reputation of the Soviet Union throughout the world," And he raised the matter of nepotism. Khrushehey had proposed that his son-in-law, Izvestia Editor Aleksei Adzhubei, be appointed to the Secretariat and placed in charge of agriculture.

Suslov's knifework lasted some four hours, but the unkindest cut of all was yet to come. Khrushchev's youngest protégé on the Presidium. Dmitry Polyansky, rose to denounce Nikita's agricultural fiascoes with sharply pointed

Long Authority. Khrushchev was furious, defended himself with a fulminatthree-to-four-hour speech laden with curses and invective. Caught unprepared, he could not counter coolly, and may have hoped to carry the night on the strength of his lungs and his long authority. It did not work. Susloy listened quietly until Nikita ran down then rose to his feet. "You see. Comrades," he said slowly, "It is impossible to talk to him." Khrushchey's face reddened to the point that some witnesses thought he would hit Suslov. But he contained himself while the Presidium voted. It was unanimous against Khrushehev. Remembering 1957, Nikita hotly demanded an immediate session of the Central Committee. Again Suslov replied: "The members of the Central Committee are assembled and waiting."

Perhaps because they had been assembled and waiting for nearly eight hours, the Central Committee members were in no mood to hear more Khrushehevian haranguing. He was interrupted again and again with catcalls from the floor. When one minister accused him of a closed-door policy the had tried to see Khrushchev for two years and failed). Nikita snapped: "My ministers are a bunch of blockheads. The Central Committee rejected him. but by a close margin. It was nearly dawn. Exhausted. Nikita Khrushchev offered his resignation in a soft, subdued voice and walked out of the hall Room with a View. The conflict had

been long in the making, at least according to the Kremilin class appearing last week. Khrushchev had been voted down by the Presidium last February ower his polemical blast at Peking takos composed by Suslov), had to delay a month before making it public while peace feelers went out to Mao and were rejected. He had further irritated the Central Committee by taking a threeweek tour of the farm lands on the lower Volga and in Kazakhstan and not reporting back to them: by crupting in anger at Indonesian President Sukarmowhen the expressed sympath; for Pekkings by amnouncing late in September consumer-goods industry that had not been cleared with the President.

Khrushchev last week was apparently still in Moscow, by best report living in a four-room apartment above the Udarnik Cinema, on Serafimovich Street No. 2, within view of the Kremlin. Some Westerners reported seeing him riding in a limousine: others claimed they saw him walking, soherfaced and sullen, in the environs of Moscow University, All traces of his rule were being removed. When U.S. Ambassador Foy D. Kohler called on new Soviet Premier Aleksei Kosvgin. he noted that Nikita Khrushchev's plastic toy cars were gone, along with his familiar paperweight, a lump of ore as crude and solid as its owner.

RED CHINA

As the fallout from Peking's nuclear fineeracker walfed toward the West, the political chain reaction had only begun. Taking full propaganda advantage of its feat. Red China unctuously dispatched messages to heads of state, among them President Johnson, urging a summit conference to discuss nuclear disarmament. U.N. Secretary-General L Function of the Company of t

about all this, said the U.S., they can always sign the partial test han treaty. But the unavoidable dilemma remained; what to do about a Communist China that, in the foreseeable future, will be a nuclear power.

Revised Version. Latest intelligence on the device exploded in the Sinkiang Desert indicates that it was slightly stronger and more sophisticated than the U.S. first thought tore Science and the U.S. first thought tore Science and in the U.S. first thought tore Science and the U.S. first thought tore to Science and the U.S. first thought to the U.S. first thought the U.S. f

Any type of delivery system, no matter how crude, could vastly change the strategic balance in Asia. In fact, it has subtly changed already, confirming many Asians in their growing belief in an eventual Communist takeover of all Asia, shaking hitherto staunch anti-Communists in their resolve-and giving other nations nuclear ideas. Thanks mostly to technology supplied by the 11.S. a dozen or more countriesamong them Egypt, Israel, India, Japan, West Germany and Mexico-possess reactors capable of producing uranium or plutonium. The U.S. Atomic Energy Commission estimates that nowadays, for an investment of \$50 million, a country can establish enough plutonium production to manufacture one crude weapon a year. Communist China's example, as President Johnson puts it, "tempts other states to equal folly

The Alternatives, Except on Chiang Kai-shek's Formosa, there is remarkably little talk of curbing Peking's folly by hitting the Chinese before they are really strong enough to hit back. In Washington, a U.S. Congressman asked Secretary of State Dean Rusk why the U.S. had not "detonated that bomb for them"-in other words, blown up Peking's embryo nuclear establishment. Rusk replied: "We considered this but decided against it." In effect, such a deeision, in all probability, would not be merely to take out a bomb or a plant, but to go to war with China-and perhaps ultimately with Russia.

On the other hand, there is growing talk that China must somehow be softened up and brought to some form of responsibility. Some feel this can be done through trade, which might turn the Chinese into "fat Communists," presumably less aggressive than lean ones. The British Labor government announced last week that a trade mission will visit Peking next month to open an industrial exhibition (the exhibit was prepared under the Tory government, tor in Britain desire for trade with China is bipartisan). And for all its avowed concern about the Chinese fallout. Japan last week gave no indication of halting its burgeoning trade with Peking-worth \$200 million this year. All of this is bound to be helpful to the Chinese nu-

clear program, whether or not the tradeitems are technically nonstrategic.

Then there is the U.N. argument.
Weathervane Cambodia hurried to introduce a resolution to seat Peking in the United Nations, proposing the question for the docket of the forthcoming



PEKING CHILDREN READING ALL ABOUT IT A bigger, neighborly bomb by 1970.













OVERSEAS' CASTLE

SECRETARY SNOW LABOR'S GUNTER

General Assembly session. The proposal drew support from former Republican Presidential Candidate Alf Landon, and Paris' Gaullist newspaper La Nation called Peking's entry inevitable-all on the argument that membership in the community of nations might change Peking's belligerent policies. No one was predicting whether Mao Tse-tung would get in during 1965, but he had almost certainly narrowed his 41-to-57 margin of last year.

Said a high State Department official last week: "If the U.S. had made an atomic test in the air, there would have been cries to expel us from the U.N. The Chinese explode one and people want to bring them in. These are the dividends of being a bastard."

#### GREAT BRITAIN

#### Looking Left

Never in Britain's history-not even under German guns in 1940-had a new government moved so quickly and decisively to reshape the molds of power as Labor did last week. Prime Minister Harold Wilson machine-gunned appointments out of No. 10 Downing Street, by week's end had named 101 ministers. the highest total since the early 1700s. Whitehall was a shambles of furniture movers and displaced teamakers as Wilson shifted departments and created four new ministries: Economic Affairs, Technology, Overseas Development, and Land and Natural Resources Though Wilson had been expected to

scatter his appointments across the party's political spectrum and had a certain number of personal debts to repay, he went out of his way to give Labor's troublesome, hard-core left-wingers seats in the new government-including six in the Cabinet itself

Archers at Agincourt, Wilson may intend to isolate and contain them by bringing them into the government, but with Labor's narrow majority, some of Wilson's own advisers were clearly trouThe biggest crush in Whitehall since 1700. bled by his look to the left. Among the leftists named:

COLONIAL'S GREENWOOD HOUSING'S CROSSMAN

Frank Cousins, 60, Minister of Technology. A hulking six-footer who began working the coal pits at 14. Cousins by 1938 was a full-time labor organizer. As boss of the 1,300,000-man Transport Union. Cousins clashed with Labor's late solidly NATO-minded Hugh Gaitskell and stubbornly called for Britain's unilateral disarmament. Cousins argued that Britain had defended itself in World War II without A-bombs, Gaitskell's withering reply: "And the British archers won at Agincourt without machine guns." Among Cousins' new responsibilities: overseeing Britain's

▶ Barbara Castle, 53, Minister of Overseas Development. A pert redhead with a flair for fashion, she came from a Yorkshire Laborite family, was an ardent member of the old, deep-pink Popular Front Socialist League. Her idea of a Sunday in the park is addressing a crowd from a Trafalgar Square plinth. She has made all the Aldermaston ban-the-bomb marches, has long had a passion for emergent Africa, the purview of her new job.

Richard Crossman, 56, Minister of Housing. Probably the most prolific pamphleteer alive in Britain today. Crossman, a former Oxford don, has long been the brilliant, erratic idea man of the Labor Party, was a member of the Keen Left group of party rebels that sniped at the last Labor government while it was in power. His main task: to carry through the state takeover of urban land, which Labor hopes will solve Britain's soaring land inflation.

The Cabinet also leans left with Co-Ionial Secretary Anthony Greenwood. 53, an elegant charm boy and professional rebel who quit Gaitskell's "Shadow Cabinet" in 1960 to signal his support of unilateral disarmament. Outside Cabinet rank, Wilson has given minis-terial posts to another 25 hard-core leftists. The majority of Wilson's Cabinet remains right of center. In addition to early rightist appointments (George

Brown, James Callaghan, Patrick Gordon Walker), he has named others, notably Labor Minister Raymond Gunter. 55, a tough, adroit trade unionist with strong views about how to reform unions. Right as well, and roaming the corridors of power as Parliamentary Secretary of the Ministry of Technology. will be, fittingly enough, Scientist-Au-thor C. P. Snow, 59, who has exhaustively and vicariously explored Whitehall in a clutch of bestselling novels.

Up to Five. In the best British tradition Loyal Opposition Leader Sir Alec Douglas-Home promised that the Fories would hold their fire for the first few months to give the new government a chance, even increased Wilson's majority by agreeing to keep a Tory M.P. in the speakership of the House of Commons. Since the speaker cannot vote. Wilson's effective majority thus went up from four to five. The Tories also agreed to pair off ministers in parliamentary votes, thereby enabling Laborites to leave the country on official business without endangering the government's margin. And travel they intend to do, Foreign

Secretary Patrick Cordon Walker, who lost his constituency in the elections and thus for the moment has no Commons seat, is due in Washington this week. President of the Board of Trade Douglas Jay will soon be off to Peking to open a British industrial exhibit. Commonwealth Relations Minister Arthur Bottomiev barely had time to find his office before flying off to Zambia's independence celebrations, may have to go on to deal with obstreperous Southern Rhodesia.

Faced with an impending balance of payments crisis and plenty of other troubles, the Prime Minister himself was not going anywhere for a while. But as he prepared the Queen's Speech to Parliament, outlining the legislative ambitions of his new government, Wilson was clearly out to make the most of the first weeks of grace any new government enjoys. He may never have it so good again.

<sup>6</sup> Wearing special Russian academic garb.

#### LAOS

#### Improvement, If Not Joy

Untroubled by the Chinese bomb, the permanent crisis in neighboring South Viet Nam, or by anything else, Liass was awing a festival. Celebrating the end of Buddhist Lent. clowns cavorted down Vientiane's dusty streets, brandshing great red-painted phallic symbols. While Imple Bells, freework exployed and countless candles were lighted to exercise demons from homes and bawdy-cise demonstration from homes and bawdy-



houses. One of the few worries concerned the supply of lao lao, a form of rice firewater whose production the government has restricted so as not to diminish the rice supply. Said a Cabinet minister; We Laudians live in joy.

Western diplomats hardly shared the cestase, but they agreed that Laos has just a little more reason to be happy than usual. In recent months: since the Communist Pathet Lao overran the Plain of Jars last May, neutralist and rightist forces have regained 2,5000 sq. mt. of territory. Route 13 north of Vientiane is now cleared of a Red blockade, as is intersecting Route 7 almost to the Plain intersecting Route 7 almost to the Plain of Jars. South of the Plain, right-wing the Plain of Jars. South of the Plain right-wing the Plain of Jars. South of the Plain representation of Jars. South of Jars. South of the Plain representation of Jars. South of the Plain representation of Jars. South of the Plain representation of Jars. South of Jars. Ja

The Reds' setbacks are the result of a stiffer U.S. and Laotian government policy. U.S.-supplied T-28s are crippling Pathet Lao supply lines. The Reds could counterattack massively on the ground. but they apparently fear U.S. retaliation. Neutralist Premier Souvanna Phouma has survived with the help of the rightists, who have not tried a coup to take over the government for fully six months-although there has been an occasional, embarrassing mutiny among neutralist soldiers. During a recent Paris conference of the Laotian factions. Souvanna stood firm against unilateral concessions to the Reds. King Savang Vatthana got so vexed with the French for trying to pressure Souvanna into concessions that the monarch commissioned

a new portrait in which his French decorations were conspicuously omitted.

Souvanna thinks the Reds are bound to attack again, but the neutralist-right-ist brass are downright cocky and probaly overconfident. Tough little Neutralist General Kong Le, newly decorated with his country's Order of the Million Elephants and the White Parased, Third Class, even talks of sweeping the Reds from the Plain of Jars, most of which they still hold.

#### SOUTH VIET NAM With a Little Bit of Luck

After weeks of wrangling with Premier General Nguyen Khanh, the High National Council formed to reorganize South Viet Nam's government produced a provisional constitution last week. In view of the recent past, its title was reasuring: "Charter Establishing a Governmental Framework to End Legal Anomalies and Uncertainties Re-

maining from Saigon's Political Crisis of Late August."

The charter is hardly apt to end South Viet Nam's myriad uncertainties. Ostensibly it provides for replacing Khanh, who was overthrown by riots two months ago but has stayed on, supposedly as caretaker. The document, however, reflects another power struggle between Khanh and his old rival, General Duong Van ("Big") Minh. Evidently planning on retaining military say-so by making himself commander in chief. Khanh tried to persuade the 17-member council, made up entirely of civilians, to grant the army a "posi-tion of honor," exempting it from government jurisdiction. The council turned down the idea, but did provide a definite voice for the military

Sometime Porter, Big Minh had been the High National Council's choice for chief of state, but because the post was to be occupied by a civilian. Minh would have had to resign from the army. This Minh refused to do at the last moment, so the High Council appointed in his place its own chairman, a fragile elder statesman. Phan Khae Suu, 63, who spent eight years in prison for his opposition first to the French and later to Diem. At least theoretically. Suu was empowered to pick a civilian Premier to replace Khanh, reportedly asked Saigon Mayor Tran Van Huong, 61, a sometime porter, clerk-typist and school official, who says: "I was born under an un-

lucky sta

Khain was obviously most interested in how solidly the army was helind him. He promoted some officers who had saved him from September's 'coupette,' while the trials of 13 others, charged with leading the insurrection, were dropped. To be on the safe side. Khain put 13 under house arrest and retired cight of them, from the army.

Forewell Porty. At week's end, as his term as interim Premier supposedly was about to expire. Khanh announced his "imminent return to the army." Then he gave himself a farewell party, attended by hundreds of bureaucrats, diplomats and journalists. While mortars throbbed in the distance during a government-Viet Cong clash, the band tootled out an appropriate swan song—With a Little Bit of Luck.

— White a Chile Bio Of Lake.

The Man All The Bio Of Lake.

The Man All The Man All The Man All The South Viet Nam's warring factions, shaken by anarchy and Viet Cong in-roads, are coming to realize the need for stability. Startlingly, a Buddhist weekly in Had declared last week! If Committee Triumphs, Buddhisen cambridge of left-learning Theb Tri Quang, the editorial was the Buddhist's strongest anti-Communistration realized to the stability.

#### PAKISTAN

#### The Lady & the Field Marshal East Pakistan last week went wild

over Fatima Jinnah. Nearly 250,000 people turned out to see her in Dacca, and a million lined the 293-mile route from there to Chittagong. Her train, called the Freedom Special: was 22 hours late because men at each station pulled the emergency cord, and begged with the contraction of the contraction of the Nation." and when she asked, "Are you with me?", hands waved wildly in the air.

The avaitions were for a silvery-haired woman of 71 who has the fresh face of a young girl and the sharp tongue of an impatient schoolnistress. In next month's national election, she is challenging Pakistra's Persident Mohammed Ayub Khan, and the tough field marshal quite like her. Whis Jinnah was clearly getting under his skin. "She is an old rectuse and weak-minded." said Ayub. "If you vote for her, you will be inviting chaos."

Ayub had not expected that the rag-



A million cheers for Mother.



THIS PICTURE WAS MADE IN A MINUTE with a Polaroid Color Pack Camera. The man who took it didn't have to wait until he was hack home to find out whether he'd really caught the color of London. And he

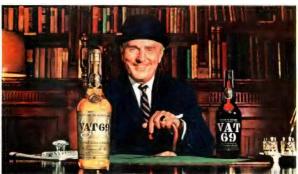
didn't have to waste time fiddling with dials and meters. You push buttons, the electric eye does the rest. Maybe you're not a world traveler. Maybe you figure you're lucky if you make it out to the back yard. There's still nothing like seeing your color pictures in just 60 seconds. Especially when they can look like this. Did you know that there's now a new, lower-priced







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tag collection of opposition parties, ranging from crypto-Communists to tright-wing orthodox Moslems, would unte helfind a single candidate. But of the late Mohammed All Jinnah, the Qualidi-Acun Great Leader) and founding father of Pakistan. Trained as a dential surgeon is the practiced only a year. Fatima Jinnah's experience in white and for the process of the properties of the process of the

Bigwig Captain. But she has shown a gift for playing on all kinds of grievances, legitimate and otherwise. She decries Pakistan's poverty, particularly in the remote eastern half of the country, which has long felt bitterly that it is being neglected by the government. She harps on corruption, and especially on the swift advancement of Avuh Khan's eldest son, Gauhar, who resigned his army captaincy to become a bigwig in Ghandara Industries, which took over a General Motors assembly plant after the U.S. owners sold out for a million dollars. Above all, she keeps accusing Ayub of being a dictator.

By Western standards, he is. He controls the press, has jailed many opponents. But Ayub is really no more dietatorial than most Asian or African rulers, and more effective than many. After he seized power six years ago from a democratic but corrupt government. Ayuh paternalistically promulgated the very constitution under which the general elections are being held. Among other things, Ayub's constitution allows women to run for officesomething he may now regret. He developed a system of indirect elections called "Basic Democracy," under which voters are to choose 80,000 "basic demperats," or electors, who will cast their ballots next spring to elect a President. The men behind Fatima Jinnah, Ayub insists, want to make Pakistan "a paradise for politicians and a hell for the

Food for Souls, Asub has greatly improved Pakistan's still weretched economy. Despite protests from religious conservatives, he promotes birth control to curb overpopulation. Without control, sass Asub, "in ten squares human beings will be eating human beings will be eating human beings will says rather lamely that he likes to see all young men get ahead.

Miss finnah conceles there has been economic progress, but argues "Fixen those who are well off miss their freedom, You know, you also need food for the swal!" Bending down to stroke her black poodle, she adds: "What is the difference between this dog and mysself? I reed him and look after him. Yet he wants to go out and have his own freedom—whether I like it or ont. 'She dom—whether I like it or ont.' She had to the she wants to go out and have his own freedom—whether I like it or ont.' She had to she will be she wi

#### ZAMBIA

#### Tomorrow the Moon As celebration fever mounted last

week, thousands of plumed warriors with spears and bunderhuses hunted elephants, hippos and buffaloes in the bush to provide a fitting repast for the independence day feasiing. Along Northern Rhodesian's Congo border. Bemba tribesmen blasted home-made, neutral-leading guns into the night. In Lusaka, the capital, representatives from the light of the control of the light of the li

With 3,600,000 people scattered over an area larger than Texas, Zambia has barely 1,500 African high school graduates, fewer than 100 university graduates, four doctors, ten lawyers and no engineers. To keep the mines and mills running, Zambia is dependent on skilled white manpower.

Prison Gradoute. The higgest cause for optimism is Zambia's President Kenneth Kaunda himself. A tectutaling, quitar-strumming, nonsmoking Presbyterian preacher's son and ex-schoolteacher. Kaunda spent eleven months in British jails—long enough to qualify him for leadership of the ruling United National Independence Party, but not long enough





PRESIDENT KAUNDA & WIFE

Play now, fly later.

tion as an independent republic within the British Commonwealth. President Kenneth Kaunda tooled around about town in his \$11,000 Chrysler Imperial convertible, happils waving to the cheering critzenry. Said he: "At the moment, all is gay—but soon the problems will have to be faced."

Actually, the 30th African country to achieve independence in the past decade is beset by fewer problems than most. Despite sporadic fighting between government troops and the fanatical Lumpa cultists (Time, Aug. 7), in which 650 people thus far have been shot or chopped to death and 150 villages burned to the ground, Zambia's future looks comparatively bright. One reason is that Zambia contains nearly a fourth of the world's known copper reserves. and her mines are heading for a \$400 million production year, providing 68% of the gross domestic product. The chief economic problem is the desperate shortage of skilled African manpower.

Southern Rhodesia will now be called just plain Rhodesia

to make him a bitter enemy of the British, who raled Northern Rhadesia for 73 years. A moderate, Kaunda opposes black racism as practiced by some of the newly independent African states, instead advocates a "multiracial society" providing equal rights for Zambia's 74,000 whites.

He has served notice that he wants as bigger slice of the profits tattering the British and U.S.-owned copper companies, but has no intention of nationalizing them. In foreign affairs, he submans he wants to be friends equally with the West, the Soviet Union and Communist Chima. At the same time, he is helping an assortment of black conduction to the conduction of the c

Stortling Vision. Yet Kaunda is painfully aware that Zambia's economy is almost wholly dependent on neighboring white-ruled countries. Zambia's exports flow through the railroads and ports of South Africa. Rhodesia and the Por-

tuguese colonies, and two-thirds of Zambia's imports come from the Republic of South Africa and Rhodesia

To diminish Zambia's dependence on the white-ruled neighbors. Kaunda wants to form an East African federation with Kenya, Uganda and Tanganvika. He has obtained agreement in principle for a 1,268-mile railroad linking Lusaka with Dar es Salaam-but the line may not be completed until 1970 or later. After being proclaimed the new nation's President-elect. Kaunda told the crowd of his vision of a free and peaceful Zambia "where people of all tribes, races, beliefs and opinions, political and otherwise, will be able to live happily and in harmony.

During the independence festivities only one noted Zambian failed to share in all the harmony. He is Edward Mukuka Nkoloso, a grade-school science teacher and the director of Zambia's National Academy of Science, Space Research and Philosophy, who claimed the goings-on interfered with his space program to beat the U.S. and the Soviet Union to the moon. Already Nkoloso is training twelve Zambian astronauts. including a curvaceous 16-year-old girl. by spinning them around a tree in an oil drum and teaching them to walk on their hands, "the only way humans can walk on the moon."

#### FRANCE

#### The Prophet of Nevertheless

"My present notoriety annoys me." wrote Jean-Paul Sartre puckishly last year. "I've lost the chance of dying unknown." That became even more of a certainty last week when the Swedish Academy bestowed on him the 1964 Nobel Prize for Literature-an honor he didn't want. Unless he changes his mind, which is unlikely, he will be the first winner to turn down the world's loftiest literary honor. Since, as the Swedish Academy pointed out, the award stands whether the recipient formally accepts it or not. Sartre is in the most enviable position for a rebellious intellectual: he can have his prize and sneer at it too.

"I have always declined official distinctions," said Sartre, explaining that a writer who accepts an honor risks institutionalization and puts his reader under unfair pressures: "It's not the same thing if I sign 'Jean-Paul Sartre' or it I sign Jean-Paul Sartre, Nobel Prizewin-Displaying his long on-and-off Communist sympathies, he went on to complain that the Nobel seemed to be reserved only for Westerners or dissident Eastern-bloc writers.

Faith Without Belief. As with most Nobel awards, it came to a man whose career is past its neak. Sartre at 59 remains an authentic hero for French

Russian Novelist Boris Pasternak first accepted, then was pressured by the Soviet govintellectuals, including those who most despise him, and he is one of the few 20th century philosophers whose names are at least vaguely known to the public. His drama and fiction (No Exit. Nausea. The Roads to Freedom) are deservedly remembered, his formal philosophical works are read only by specialists and masochists.

He was perhaps at his most turgid and absurd in the long, confused eulogy of Jean Genet's scabrous Our Lady of the Flowers: Sartre described the book as an epic of masturbation, and Genet described Sartre in some of his favorite four-letter words. But Sartre has lately found a fresher vein; in his autobiographical The Words (TIME, Oct. 9) he reminisces simply and compellingly

of his characters were usually obsessed

Logicians or theologians can demolish this position, but that does not change the fact that there is a certain grandeur in it. What is less grand is Sartre's endless posturing. After having been an almost demonic writer all his life. Sartre recently seemed to reject literature itself when he said. "I have seen children dying of hunger. Over against the dying child, |a novel| cannot act as a counterweight." To which Critic Claude Simon answered impatiently, "When have corpses and books ever been weighed on the same scale? Why write at all, why publish?"

Nevertheless, Sartre will continue writing and publishing. Nevertheless, he



NOVEL LAUREATE SARTRE No! from a philosophical air-raid shelter.

about his unhappy childhood, from which he eventually escaped into literature as others escape into religion, business, or the Foreign Legion.

Above all, it is his version of existentialism, a philosophical air-raid shelter that he erected for Europe's disillusioned intellectuals after World War II, that seems rather outdated today. It is essentially a conjuring trick-a preachment of faith without belief, of free will to no purpose. "Atheism is a cruel and long-range affair," Sartre has said. Always faithful in this affair, never publicly flirting with hope or grace tas did his fellow existentialist and fellow Nobel winner Albert Camus), Sartre takes atheism to its grim limits. Man as he sees him is alone in an absurd and meaningless universe.

Why Write? Nevertheless (if there is a single word that sums up existentialism, it is "nevertheless"), man must commit himself to causes, must bear responsibility for his acts. Only halt accepting Marx and Freud, Sartre rejected both psychology and history as predetermining man's late: man is completely free to choose between good and evil, which is an awesome burdenparticularly since Sartre is never helpful enough to define the terms. But most will complain about the uselessness of it Nevertheless, the French would not have it any other way, for he has become a kind of national institution. During the bitter war with the Algerian rebels, he joined other French intellectuals in publicly urging Frenchmen not to take up arms. Many others were jailed for it but not Sartre. When a French Cabinet minister asked him why not. President Charles de Gaulle simply shook his head and said, "Sartre is also France.

#### A Beautiful Affair

Marseille is the halfway house on the world's main route of illicit drug traffic. Crude morphine from the Middle East is smuggled into the tough, jaded Mediter ranean port and converted to heroin. It is then sent to New York by clandestine carriers as diverse as diplomatic pouches and the Air France stewardess caught three years ago with the stuff in her bra. Balding little Louis Lavalette, chief of the police judiciare for Southern France, has long had a good hunch who was behind the operation: "Monsieur Jean" Césari, a quick-witted courtly Corsican who, in 20 years of flitting through the Marseille milieu with few visible sources of income, has nonetheless



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managed to acquire both a 1,000-acre Riviera estate and a handsome \$50,000 villa near Aubagne guarded by five

fierce police dogs.

When Lavalette's agents seized 242 lbs. of morphine base concealed in a cargo of goatskins from Turkey eleven months ago, the chief decided enough was enough, set out to nail Césari once and for all. He disguised a score of Marseille cops as everything from priests and petanque players to taxi drivers and dockers, often had them make quick changes at midday while they shadowed Cesari and his henchmen. Several times they discovered raw morphine on incoming freighters ticketed to Césari's hirelings (one shipment was packed in a carton of snails). But the police were unable to catch Césari manufacturing heroin-until a laborer named Albert Véran laid out \$15,000 for an old stone farmhouse last May

A Veritable Factory, Véran told his neighbors he planned to raise chickens and vegetables, but in fact he soon began receiving regular visits from Césari and curious deliveries from a variety of vehicles. Police agents furtively photographed all the visitors to the farmhouse until Lavalette had what he happily called "an international family Then he album of drug smugglers."

moved in for the kill.

Two agents with shotguns, dressed as hunters, stumbled toward the farmhouse at dusk, one carrying the other on his shoulders. Reaching the door, one shouted: "Open, quick! My friend has just been badly wounded!" Véran's wife opened up: the agents grabbed her before she could push an alarm button. let Lavalette and 14 more policemen in. Upstairs they surprised Monsieur Jean stuffing heroin into cellophane bags destined for the U.S., and also uncovered not the usual kitchen-sink and gasstove rig for boiling down morphine but an ultra-modern tour-room assembly line-"a veritable factory," cried Lavalette.

C'Etait Formidable, Confident that he would be dealing "not with imbecilic bandits but with sensible men who would reflect before acting," Lavalette and his raiders carried no weapons except their prop shotguns. Living up to these expectations. Cesari offered no resistance and, as Lavalette remembered the dialogue, declared solemnly: "Monsteur, permit me to offer you my hand so that I may congratulate you and your men on your job. C'était formidable." Replied Lavalette: "Mon cher, 1 accept your congratulations, and I extend you my own. Thanks to you, I have accomplished the most beautiful affair that one could imagine.

Indeed Lavalette had, for seized in the farmhouse were 220 lbs, of morphine base and 220 lbs, of pure heroin. worth on the drug black market at least \$5,000,000, and the largest single confiscation of illegal drugs ever brought off-almost three times as much in one

haul as is typically seized all over the world in an average year. American narcotics agents were elated, praised Lavalette's coup as "sensational," it will considerably shorten dope supplies in the New York underworld for

#### ITALY

#### A Course in Geography

An outraged father tells a cousin that his young daughter has a problem. "Tumore lumorl?" asks the cousin solicitously. The father growls back.

doned, the uproarious and poignant film

The scene is from Seduced and Aban-



PROFESSOR SPERANZA Everyone scored 100.

satire on Sicily's exalted, exasperating code of honor. Pretty Maria Furnari. 19, might have been the heroine of that movie. She lived a secluded life in Piazza Armerina, a town of 28,000 set in the bleak, sun-baked hills of central Sicily. At home, Maria was so strictly supervised that she could not even go to church alone. But each weekday. Maria traveled 40 miles to and from the University of Catania, where she was working toward a teaching degree. Last spring Maria entered a geography course taught by handsome Professor Francesco Speranza, 44.

In June. Speranza asked Maria to visit him to discuss her grades, which were only average. They met not at his house but at a small hotel on the city's outskirts. After the hotel meeting, Maria's grades improved enormously-she got the equivalent of 100.

Corner Cowerer, All seemed to go well for a while, scholastically and romantically. But, gradually, Maria grew depressed because Speranza refused to leave his wife and live with her. Moreover, Mamma Furnari was becoming suspicious of the high grades in geography and troubled by a warning from a

gossipy neighbor. Mamma and Maria had it out, and when the girl confessed her affair, she had to repeat it all to her father, Gaetano Furnari, 40, who iumped up from the dining-room table and ordered Maria to follow him, Hiring a car and muttering imprecations, Furnari drove to Catania. Dragging Maria behind him, he burst into a classroom where Speranza and two other professors were holding oral examinations of

When he discovered which professor was Speranza, Furnari whipped out a pistol, shouted, "See this?" and fired five shots. As Speranza fell dead, screaming students bolted for the exits; one teacher tripped and fell trying to

escape, the other cowered in a corner. Ignoring them. Furnari calmly pocketed the gun and gave himself up to the police. To his weeping daughter, Furnari said sternly, "Why are you crying? For me? You should have thought of me before. I have vindicated your honor, bambina,

Unwatered Veins, Maria told the police she thought her father only intended to convince Speranza that he should live with her. Exactly, said her father, but "when I saw him before me, this man who had ruined my daughter and my entire existence, my intention gave way to instinct. My hand went automatically to my pistol and I fired away!" He added, "Unfortunately, I am a Sicilian, and in my veins I have blood. not dirty water.

In their hearts, everyone knew he was right. The neighbors in Piazza Armerina are raising a defense fund: the Roman Catholic authorities in Catania have refused a church funeral to the murdered philanderer; and the police recorded Furnari's crime as un delitto d'anare (a crime of honor), punishable -if he is found guilty-by a mere three to seven years in jail.

#### THE HEMISPHERE

#### JAMAICA

#### Race with Unrest

"The government say we got fo creep before we walk." said a Kingston shoeshine hoy, snapping his cloth. Then he looked up. "Hell, mon, we been creeping forever." Inst finished celebrating its forever. Inst finished celebrating its 307 years of British rule. Inamaca is an impatient country, increasingly dissatisfied with merels creeping toward the accounterments of modern life that newly independent peoples feel they have coming to them. Januarams saunt and they want rhem soon.

Short of the Goal. Under Sir Alexander Bustamante, 80, a white-maned half-lirishman who organized the islands' labor unions in the turbulent 1930s, the government has an ambitious, flue-year plan for new schools, hospitals, roads plan for new schools, hospitals, roads attracted foreign companies to Jamistee —Esso has opened an \$18 million refinery. Sterling Drug and International Telephone & Telegraph are building plants. Fourtson is thriving, will probably in about 2000ff0 people this sear. But fell short of the plan's intended 5% an unal gain, and three are other worries.

Jamaica's galloping birth rate (40) per 1,000 s. 22 per 1,000 in the U.S.1 will bosst the Connecticut-sted sland's pop-1970. Emigration to Betian, formerly Jamaica's main outlet, has been cut off, which means more found, more jobs must be found. As matters stand, Jamaica cannot feed even its present population, cannot read even its present population, food in the first six months this year. Most Jamaicans regard farming as too

PREMIER BUSTAMANTE Five years for success.

servile: by the thousands they drift into the Kingston capital seeking clerk and factors jobs, but these are so scarce that an estimated 22% of Jamaica's 650,000man work force is unemployed.

Quiet Wishes, No one expects violent explosions in Jamaiea in the near future, lamaieans are a smiling, gentle people with an abiding respect for British-style law and order. Yet Bristamante's cousin and arch political rival, Norman Washington Maniles, 71, has a point when he charges that the government has failed charges that the government has failed if should. In private, some of Busiamante's own ministers tend to agree.

They quietly wish that their honored but aging chief would step aside. After a calaract operation in April, Bistianame can sock only part line. Yet continues to true the Jamaica Labor Party as absolute—and sometimes capricious—buss. Recently two of his senators failed to vee for a government bill tences. An enrigged Bustamante ordered them to resign. They did

MEXICO

#### MEXICO

#### Sisters of Shame

One Sunday morning last January, three weeping mothers rushed into the police station in the sun-baked city of León in central Mexico. Breathlessly, they told the police chief of a tip on the whereabouts of their long-missing teen-aged daughters. A young girl who had escaped from a brothel had informed them that their children were being held captive on a ranch somewhere near León. Nosing around a ranch in the area two days later, the police chief accidentally stepped into some soft earth. To his horror, out popped a woman's arm-the first clue in one of the ugliest chains of crime in Mexican history

From 14 to 25. Storming into the ranch house, police found 19 teen-aged girls, including the three for whom the in what Mexican newspapers called "a concentration camp for white slaves." complete with tiny cells and grisly torture devices. In the house, police arrested two notorious white slavers. Delfina González Valenzuela, 55, her sister Maria de Jesús, 40, and a handful of their helpers. A few weeks later police picked up a third sister. Eva. Further search at the ranch and at two brothels owned by the sisters uncovered the remains of 17 young women and five babies.

Over the next tew months, the police pieced together evidence of at least 35 murders come said that the total exceeded 100), and a picture of a rathless white-slave ring that had been trafficking in young girls for at least ten years. The gerds, ranging in age from 14





Forty years for massacre.

to 25 and all from poor families, were lured by promises of jobs as maids in upper-class tamilies. Then they were raped by a ring employee and hustled off to a training brothel in the farming town of San Francisco del Rincon. At least 2,000 girls had passed through the ring since 1954. Most of them were sold to brothel owners throughout Mexico at \$80 per girl: the rest went into the sisters' own establishments. Said one 14year-old: "When a girl would get sick from not being given enough to eat and being beaten so badly, she would be taken from the room where we were locked up, and we would never see her again. We were told that she was taken to the hospital.

The Royal Bed. The "hospital" was, in fact, the ranch near León where the sick were sent to die and rebellious girls were sent for discipline. "Some died of hunger, some of sickness, and others couldn't take the punishment with the stick," admitted one helper, The sisters' undertaker described how she "sprinkled the bodies with kerosene and set them on fire. Then we would call our gravedigger." A girl told how she was left alone without medical care while giving birth to her child, which then died and was buried in the ranch vard. The most feared torture was what the sisters called the cama real girls were placed and wrapped in barbed wire so that even the slightest movement caused a cut. Sessions on the cama real lasted for days at a time.

Last week, in a San Francisco del Rincón courroom cleared of spectators to guard against attack, the three sisters were found guilty of first-degree murder, white slavery and assorted other crimes and sentenced to the maximum penalty under Mexican law: 40 years in prison.



### Bernard Flammang ... A MIXOLOGIST

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CONSOLIDATED PAPERS INC.

#### PEOPLE

Turnabout is fair play, decided bearded New Orleans Jazzama Al Hirt, 4:1. He had cut a cisk with the Boston Pops on Symphod Hall, so this time it was mystem of the sound of t

At the age of 42, "to please my father, tease the Pope, and spite the devil." Martin Luther, a former Augustinian monk, married Catherine von Bora. 26-year-old former Cistercian nun-The event horrified Catholic Christendom, set the precedent for all future Protestant divines, and led the humanist Erasmus to remark that the Reformation "had started out like a tragedy, but ended as all comedies do-in a wedding." Now from East Germany comes word that Luther's wedding ring, missing since World War I, has apparently been rediscovered in the keeping of a Schönberg family. Engraved on it are the names of the bride and groom and the date: June 13, 1525.

From Anka to Zeckendorf, some L500 of Manhattaris nashobs and thingamabobs brought their fairest ladies to the \$150-a-seat benefit première of The Movie Version (see Cisessas). The tratfie jam packed 14 blocks of Broadway so solidly that Star Audrey Hep-



FIRST-NIGHTER CRAWFORD Pride-purveyor for Pepsi.



Baton-bagger on Bourbon Street.

burn had to desert her limuusine to treck the last block to the theater Still, the snatu gave the locust swarm of the last gave the last g

On Feb. 15, 1944, the 14th century Benedictine abbey of Monte Cassino, in central Italy 80 miles south of Rome. was razed by Allied bombers because it was being used as a German stronghold. Today the monastery has been rebuilt in all its Renaissance splendor. Nonetheless, said Pope Paul VI, 67. consecrating its new church, "Just as it seems incredible that war should have been made against this abbey, so it does not seem real to us to see it restored. It is as if it wished to delude us into thinking nothing had happened. We do not wish to pass judgment on those who were the cause. But we cannot but deplore that civilized man dared make the tomb of St. Benedict the target of

Largely recovered from the ear injury that sidelined him in last springs. U.S. Senate primary race in Ohio. Astronaut John Glenn, 43, was named a director of Georgia's Royal Crown Cola Co.

On bourd a horse called Slapstick, Jockey Willie Shoemoker won his 5,000th race, and Long Island's Aquedict race-track officials (Justerell around to give him a combination clock-thermometer-brounder: The great Eddic Arearo, who hung up his silks might be supported to the second of the second of

wins to his string. But with Willie only a sprout of 33, that record should be a shoo-in.

The Long Island Gold Coast that F. Scott Fitzgerald talked about is a trifle tarnished, with all those marinas and split-level commuter crates along the North Shore. Still, there are a few old-order enclaves, such as 47-acre West Island in Glen Cove, owned by Louise Converse Morgan, widow of Junius S., daughter-in-law of J. P., artist, philanthropist, and a lady who so loves to cultivate her gardens that most of the remaining Social Registerites in the region have never met her. On her estate. Jacqueline Kennedy, 35. has leased a "small" (ten-room) weekend cottage, with stables for Sardar and Macaroni

III lay: Dwight Eisenhower, 74, at Washington's Walter Reed Hospital with a "moderately severe" inflammation of the respiratory tract; former Supreme Court Justice Harold Burton, 76, in Washington's George Washington University Hospital with an advanced case of Parkinson's disease: Playwright Lorraine Hansberry, 34, in a coma with cancer at Manhattan's University Hospital: Comedienne Carol Burnett, 29. in traction ("I'll probably be 7 feet 8 inches when I get out") at Manhattan's Hospital for Joint Diseases, for correction of a spinal injury incurred during a pratfall in her 1959 hit. Once Upon a Mattress.

Down Under wasn't exactly where Arnold Pollmer, 55 was golling last week. It was Up Yonder, True, Arnie was plaxing in a fournament near Mel-hourne, but on the ninth hole, his seez-ond shirt came to rest 20 It. up a gum tree. Officials said he could drop it, for a tow-stroke penalty, or replay the shot, for one, but Arnie's Ausse army was hollering: "Are a gol." So up he clambered, then took a suspectified-splank-bounced to the ground. Arnie beginned the hole—but only because he gooted the hole—but only because he gooted the hole—but only because he gooted

# Firestone

Town & Country Tires keep you going when others are stuck



#### GUARANTEED TO GO THRU ICE, MUD AND SNOW OR WE PAY THE TOW!

We be a conference of the X-County transcending to the account of the second property of the second property of the second property of the second property of pleasure. It is also provided the second property of pleasure, though summerfully we are storage to the second second property of the property of the second proper



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The sweater: Arrow Ski Lodge. The place: Zermatt. You're at eye level with Switzerlands mighty Matterhorn. Snow is deep. Well packed. You've never sked better. Like a real pro. And you look it in this Arrow ski sweater. It's the authentic continental look. Knitted in a soft, 100% "tow-dyed" Orlen" and the Miller of sweater. What capetines way to dye Orlon. Colors, patterns are clear, near. Machine washable. Won't stretch of shrink. Yours, a wreack. \$13.9 b, with Orlon dickey, \$1.95. Hers, a cardigan, \$14.95. Other styles and colors. It's now necessary you're headed soope to have lunch in Italy. Wheeseel wherever you co. "You Look BETTER IN — IRROW!"—



#### THE OLYMPICS

#### A Kind of Special Immortality

Atop Tokyo's National Stadium, the scoreboard flashed one last message: SAYONARA-WE MEET AGAIN IN MEXtoo city, 1968. Darkness fell, the Olympic flame flickered and died. There was nostalgia, but no regret, no fear that reflection would do anything to dim the luster of the XVIII Olympiad. For in 15 wondrous days, 6,600 athletes from 94 nations had tumbled, leaped, twisted, soared and splashed to a kind of special immortality.

In some future Olympics, other athletes would swim faster, jump higher, throw farther; and some day it might not matter any longer that the U.S. had beaten Russia in their private battle for supremacy in the Games (see box). But the memories would stay-of Bob Schul sprinting across the finish line in the 5,000-meter run, the first American ever to win the race, soaked with rain, plastered with mud, a look of utter rapture on his upturned face. Of Russia's Elvira Ozolina, crushed by her defeat in the women's javelin, rushing wildly into a hairdresser's to have her head shaved in shame. Of South Korea's defiant Dong Kih Choh, disqualified in his flyweight boxing preliminary, sitting angrily in his corner for 50 minutes while officials pleaded with him to leave the ring. And of the Hungarian water poloist who lost his trunks while the whole of Japan watched on TV

Bones & Bundles. If the first week belonged to the U.S., the second belonged to everyone. By the time it was over, 41 nations had divided up the costume jewelry. The U.S. did fine in sailing (two silver, three bronze)-but the 15 vachting medals were split eight different ways. Germany's balding Willi Holdorf, the oldest-looking 24-year-old



JAPAN'S ENDO Riflery, push-ups and Hail Hail

in Tokyo, won the decathlon. New Zealand's incomparable Peter Snell, already the 800-meter champion, scored another awesome victory in the 1,500. meter run for what he termed "a nice Australia's Betty Cuthbert, double." who won three events at Melbourne in 1956, cranked her 26-year-old hones around the 400-meter track in 52 seconds to win her fourth Olympic gold medal, and a tidy bundle named Ann Packer became the second British woman ever to win an Olympic track gold medal when she took the 800 meters in world record time.

The Russian men, shut out for the whole first week, finally got a couple Romuald Klim whirled the hammer 228 ft. 103 in., and Russia's Valery Brumel beat the U.S.'s John Thomas for the ninth time in ten meetings in the high jump. Both Brumel and Thomas cleared 7 ft. 13 in.; the Russian won because he had fewer misses.

Some Surprises. Those victories did little to pacify Prayda. Where were all the "sure" gold medals that Track Coach Gavril Korobkov had promised? In track and field, both men's and women's, the U.S. picked up 14 to Russia's 5; in swimming, the bulge was 16 to 1. Then there was basketball. "The result will be a surprise," predicted Coach Alexander Gomelsky just before the U.S.-Russian final. If anybody was surprised, it wasn't the Americans, who rolled to an easy 73-59 victory-47th in a row for the U.S. in Olympic competition, Of course, when it came to toting up all the medals, including the semi-precious ones, the Russians beat the Americans 96 to 90; but around the Olympic Village they were calling Barracks 11 and 12 "Fort Knox": that was where the Yanks lived and the gold was.

With visions of Siberia dancing in his head. Korobkov did the best thing he could think of: he said he would retire. A Hungarian canoeist had a better idea: he defected to the U.S.

#### Heroes on Every Hand

Some day they'll make baseball an Olympic sport, and the World Series will be played some place else besides Yankee Stadium. The Dominican Republic will probably win it, of course, but Americans can always ery on the shoulders of the Japanese. Last week, for the first time in Olympic history. judo was on the calendar. The Jananese took three gold medals. But a 6-ft. 5-in. Dutchman named Anton Geesink won the open championship. and the U.S., which got its first real introduction to judo on Guadalcanal. won a bronze medal when Virginia's Jim Bregman wound up third in the middleweight class.

In all, there were 20 different sports in the 1964 Olympics, most of them events that Americans had rarely heard



BRITAIN'S PACKER Golden memories and medals to match.

of or had forgotten all about. Take field hockey-a Vassar girls' game in the U.S. But when the Pakistanis took on the Indians in the finals, it was the fight for Kashmir all over again. The only goal of the game was scored by India's Mohinder Lal, 28, a railroad worker from Saharanpur, who set off a delirious, snake-dancing demonstration by rifling a penalty shot past the Pakistani goalie-thereby becoming an

instant national hero. "I'm certain that

they will promote me to senior welfare

inspector of the railways," said Lal.

"They will have to, because of what I did for my country Cast in Steel. Everyone knows that Dan'l Boone could shoot the eves out of a potato at 500 pages. But when Montana's Lones Wigger Jr., 27, won two medals in riflery at Tokyo (one gold, one silver), it came as a distinct shock to many U.S. sports fans who never gave a thought to the U.S. shooting team. Americans used to be big on bicycle racing-but that was long ago. before the two-ear family. If the settlers hadn't tried to kill off all the Indians. the U.S. might have done better in canoeing. As it was, a Swede who naddled 3,000 weary kilometers in practice won the 1,000-meter kayak race by 15 100 of a second. In gymnastics. Americans who cheat on pushups could only gape in astonishment as the incredibly graceful Russian girls danced off with the women's-team championship, and Japan's Yukio Endo. 27-poised on the parallel bars as if east in steel-scored an incredible 115.95 out of a possible 120 points

to win the gold medal in the men's In the U.S., volleyball is something old men play at Grossinger's. But it was

all-round competition.

on the Olympic program last week, and it's a good thing Japan did not send her women off to war. Led by Captain Masse Kasai, 31, who broke her engagement to train for the Olympics, punctualing every shot with hanzai choruses of "Half Half." the Japanese women's team beat Russia so badly in the finals that the Museovite ladies shut themselves in the locker room for a good ery.

The Japanese girls learned their volleyball under Coach Hirobumi Daimatsu of the national-champion Nichibo Spinning Co. team. He cheerfully suggests that his training methods are "savage Billeted in dormitories at the Nichibo plant, the girls do clerical work from 8 a.m. to 4 p.m., practice daily from 4:30 right through until midnight with only one 15-min, break. A typical practice exercise: the "receive," a tumbling acrobatic maneuver in which the girls hurl themselves to the floor to retrieve the ball-until they are so exhausted that they cannot get up any more. At that point, Coach Daimatsu usually snarls: "Why don't you quit?"

The Original Sport, And when it came to wrestling, one of the original Olsmpie sports, the Masked Avenger would have hung his head in shame at the way the honest grappters fought in Tokyo. Under Green-Remain rules, they were not even allowed to fouch each other below the flips. Americans, were shut tered to Turkey's Kazim Ayvaz, 27, who won his country's escond gold

medal of the Games by beating Rumania's Valeriu Bularca for the lightweight championship.

A blocks of ft. 5 im. 154 lbs., build necked construction worker, Aysar flab-bergasted fans with his specticular adult his neck into an unbreakable bringer means. Last week, standing on the awards platform. Ayvaz was struck by a thought: If called his la did never been out with a girl to dance, or hold no no making, list weeking to night and dreaming about that gold medical that but and medical standard that the medical standard t

#### COLLEGE FOOTBALL

PC + D + TL + S = V

"A good leader never asks his men to do anything he word tod." says. Notre Dame Couch Ara Parseghlian. 41. He then the country of the says was a superior of the says. The says in a pull-over with Notiae towar across he front. "Progress is our most important product." he says, initiating across he front. "Progress is our most important product." he says, initiating sesual like something out of thatle Crv. "We have 30 minutes to play!" he belief to the says of the says and the says the says and the says are says and the says and the says and the says are says and the says and the says are says and the says are says and the says and the says are says are says and the says are says are says are says and the says are says are

Shodes of Knute, it seems to work, When he took over an Notre Dame last winter, he inherited a feam that had not lead to be sufficiently as the seems of the lettermen were back from a hapless 1963 squad that won two of its nine games. Eager for a quick return to the days of Knute Reckine and Frank seems major and the proposed of the seems of

The job as it turned out, took only four games. Rolling over Wisconsin (31-7). Purdue (34-15). Air Force (34-7), and U.C.I.A. (24-40), the Irish soudenly found themselves the nation's No. 2-ranked college team. behind Ohio State, and the No. 1 surprise of the Diseasem. Law week, after they ran the college team to the season. Law week, after they ran the properties of th

"Consider Me a Condidates." A onetime pro haltback with the Cieveland Browns, Parseghian won 39 games, lost only six as head couch at his alma mater. Mamit of Ohio—and a comple of the powerful Big Ten. In 1955. the day helore Miamit was scheduled to play Northwestern. he hunted up Rival Coach Loui Saban to plead for mercy. Saban apparently swallowed the striker. Next day, Bitth Miames and the striker. Northwestern 25:14. By the time the



HUARTE & PARSEGHIAN Let's go! GO! GO!

season ended. Saban was out of work. And who got the Northwestern job? Ara Parseghian—who wound up winning 36 out of 72 games at a school that had won only seven games in the four seasons before he arrived.

But that only whetted Ara's ambition, and last season he phoned the Rev. Edmund P. Jovee, Notre Dame's executive vice president. The only reason Tru calling, Father," he coed, "is that the press has been calling Hugh Dewore an 'interin' coach, If Hughie has the job permanently, forget this call, II not, consider me a candidate."

Notice Datase was only too happy.

Notice Datase was only too happy, to consider—con

Out went Notre Dame's archaic split-T attack: in came the I formation, with three backs positioned in a direct line behind the center. At Northwestern. Parseghian was famed for his wide-open, pro-type passing game, built around Quarterback Tommy Myers (TIME, Nov. 2, 1962). At Notre Dame, he found a reasonable tacsimile of Myers in John Huarte, a side-arm sharpshooter who played only 45 min, last season, so far this year has completed 62 passes for 999 vds. For his No. target. Parseghian nominated End Jack Snow, who already has broken the Notre Dame season record for pas receiving by snaring 34 passes for 595 vds, and five TDs.

To bulwark the defensive line, Parseghian picked the four biggest brusers he could find (average: 235 lbs.) and goaded them into a homicidal trenzy with his tongue. The result is the stingiest ground defense in the nation: in five games. Notre Dame opponents have averaged only 27 yds, rushing.

#### WHO WON THE MEDALS

	Gold	Silver	Bronze
United States	36	26	28
Russia	30	31	35
Japan	16	26 31 5 22 10	8
Germany	10	22	18
Italy	10	10	7
Hungary	10	7	7 5 10 10 3
Poland	7	6	10
Australia	6	2	10
Czechoslovakia	5		3
Great Britain	4	12	2
Bulgaria	3	5	2
Finland	3	0	2
New Zealand	3	0	2
Rumania	2	4	6
Netherlands	2	4	4
Turkey	2	3	1
Sweden	2	2	4
Denmark	2	1	3
Yugoslavia	2	1	2
Belgium	2	0	1
France	1	8	6
Canada	1	2	1
Switzerland	1	2	1
Bahamas	1	0	0
Ethiopia	1	0	0
India	1	0	0
South Korea Trinidad	U	-	1
Tunisia	0	1	4
Argentina	0	1	á
Cuba	0	1	0
Pakistan	0	2	0
Philippines	0	1	0
Iran	0	0	2
Brazil	0	0	1
Ghana	17.6543338222222222222	12500443211082220002111111000	2226414321611000122000021
Ireland	0	0	2
Kenya	0	0	î
Mexico	0	0	î
Nigeria	0	0	1
The same of the sa	0	0	3

### Comet roars from bottom to top of world to show it's still World's Durability Champion



Leaving Cape Horn Sept. 12, Comets slogged through quagmires of spring in South America. Further on, cars sounced over 18 inch-deep ruts carveg by trailer trucks — an excellent test of 1965 suspension systems.





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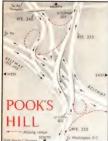




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#### THE HIGHWAY

Trapped in Spaghetti

You are tooling along the superhighway when the signs suddenly begin to snap up before your eyes. You want to get off at the interchange. But where? There it is-no-yes-better hurryand you spin into the cloverlead with the sickening feeling that you're probably wrong and doomed to go miles out of your way,

The brand-new Pook's Hill Interchange near Bethesda, Md., is different. There you can be absolutely certain that you're wrong. They left out half the exit ramps.

At Pook's Hill, Washington's new fourlane Capital Beltway, which circles the metropolitan area, intersects the sixlane Route 355 and the four-lane Route 240; and the designers have ingeniously arranged it so that all three superhighways come together at once in a magnificent swirl of concrete spaghetti. Tourists tend to think their frustration is their own fault; it is all but inconceivable to the average mind that on such an elaborate interlacement of roads, eastbound traffic on the beltway cannot go north on Route 355; westbound beltway traffic cannot go south on Route 355; southbound on 355 cannot go west; northbound on 355 cannot go east on the beltway; and motorists coming from Pittsburgh cannot head north on Route 355. Local residents have discovered that

the only way to turn off the beltway onto Route 355 is by heading in the opposite direction and making a U-turn into the oncoming traffic. Not only is this uncommonly hazardous, but during rush hours it chokes off one traffic lane with cars waiting (drivers fuming) to make the turn. No one seems to know how the

Pook's Hill plans got so pixilated, and no one seems to know what's going to he done about it.

#### MODERN LIVING

#### THE JOB

Girls by Rotation

It all began before World War II, when teen-age daughters from different lands swapped places and parents, took on household and child-care chores in return for bed, board and the chance to learn a new language. The system was called an pair (on a par) because, it was hoped, the new member of the family would be treated as if she belonged there.

Today, an pair has become the poor

girl's junior year abroad-a way to spend time in another country while Mother rests easy, secure in the knowledge that her daughter is not alone in a strange land. Girls from 15 to 30, usually listed as students and therefore technically not workers, slip comfortably past immigration roadblocks and working restrictions even in countries that jealously repel foreigners who might take jobs away from natives. Some countries have gone so far as

to set up agencies specializing in au pairs. These act as a kind of clearinghouse, matching girls and families in a far more orderly way than the old family-writing-to-family system. In London, best known are Universal Aunts and Hunt-Regina. Applicants at Paris' Accueil Familial des Jeunes Etrangers pay a \$5 registration fee, must agree to stay with the family selected for at least six months. In exchange for room and board and pocket money (up to \$10), the family gets a built-in baby sitter and mother's helper, generally of comparable social standing and education. The girl gets time off for classes and homework, some tree nights, and one full day a week for herself. For guidance, she can turn to subsidiary facilities-clubs where an pairs can go to compare

notes, counseling service to use if she is discontent. Meanwhile the experience of moving into an adopted family permits her insights into another civilization that no tourist can hope for.

A Scattered Business, Nowadays, like rotating crops, English girls head for Rome, French girls for London, Germans, Italians and Scandinavians for Paris. Scattered among them are a small but increasing number of American girls. Last year there were as many as 20,000 au pairs in Britain, 3,000 registered in France.

But as migration swelled, so did the problems. What was once a cozy private affair, supervised to the last detail by supercautious parents, became en masse a complicated business. Where, for instance, should an pairs eat their meals? With the family, as a half daughter, or in the kitchen, as a half maid? May they entertain friends at home once their work is finished, or see them only on days off? Since municipal and government agencies had no jurisdiction over such volunteer workers, perplexed housewives fell back on their own instincts, often with dispetrous rosults

The Last Word, Too strict a regime, and au pairs like 21-year-old Penelope Fitzgerald, out of Ireland and now in Rome, rebel: "No one wants to be ordered around while Signora does her nails." Too lax a hand, and a goodly proportion end up more literally in the family way than the family had in mind. It was, in fact, the regular, annual arrival of 150 or so au pairs upon the doorstep of Britain's National Council for Unmarried Mothers that recently got the Home Office to issue a tree pamphlet offering concisely stated advice in seven different languages. Now the generally accepted last word on the subject, a sort of Dr.



AMERICAN IN PARIS



SWISS IN LONDON IRISH IN ROME Learning to speak the language and help a half mother.

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Now you can order a Chevelle with shaft and valve system) and reliable Chevelle rides more softly and even more snap and crackle. Right on up to a 300-hp V8. The magic's put in this one with four-barrel carburetion, 327 cubic inches and a dual exhaust system.

Of course the standard engines are still available - the economical Hi-Thrift Six (with a new quieter cam-

195-hp V8. Or you can order the higher performance 140-hp Six or 250-hp available include 3-Speed Synchro- extra body insulation. Mesh, Overdrive, 4-Speed Synchropower teams for your Chevelle for '65.

smoothly, handles more easily, too. That's because of refined coil spring 327-cubic-inch V8, Transmissions design, improved rear suspension and

Outside, it gets that frisky youthful Mesh and Powerglide-a total of 16 look from its new front-end styling and sporty new styling in back. In-But power's just part of the story, side, there are richer fabrics and



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luxuries to enjoy. For example, you can order an AM-FM Stereo radio, Four-Season Air Conditioning, adjustable 7-position Comfortilt steering wheel and many more enjoyable accommodations.

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vinyls and a wide variety of other vertibles, sedans, sport coupes. Chevrolet dealer will help you thrifty new 1965 Chevy II. They come in 15 exterior colors, 13 of them new. (See the special new SS colors, Evening Orchid, Crocus Yellow and Glacier Gray!) So come on in. Your

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Spock for an pair parents and charges, the text decreed that a girl should be given a separate bedroom and a place at the family table, that she should work, in exchange, no fewer than five hours a day.

There are still problems of nationality and temperament. German girls are judged good workers but eat too much to suit the French, while the French, claim the English, tend to leave rings around the tub. Italians are meticulous ironers but recalcitrant dishwashers, the Swiss overly concerned with dust but not too quick about doing something about it. The Americans? Said one experienced au pair hand last week: "They'll have to learn to get along with one bath a week without shrieks of complaint, mend their own clothes and not throw them away; la vie. after all, n'est pas si facile.



COURREGES SLACKS Midriff à la mode.

#### FASHION

#### Hello, Belly

Though Buddhists regard it with fascination, obstetricians with respect, and belly-dancers as a way of life, no one not interested in finding the middle of his abdomen has ever paid much attention to the human navel. It is neither a beautiful object nor a particularly useful one; children poke fun at it, and even analysts smile.

Bikinis, however, put the navel back in style-turned it, in fact, into something of a fashion must thot even the choicest midriff could get by without one). What was good at the beach was obviously just as good in town, if only someone could figure out how to do it. Luckily, someone did. Just this month, Vogue magazine proudly presented the results of Paris Couturier Courrèges' figuring: a pair of slippery, silver-sequinned evening slacks that underscore the area with a white satin bow. The cost? \$3,695 The navel? No longer a laughing matter, it presents another sort of public problem; where to look and what to say to its owner.

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#### ATOMIC TESTS

The Blast at Lop Nor

The bleak land around Lop Nor, a salt lake in the Takla Makan Doeert of Red China's Sinkinang province, is one of the most remote and unpleasant places on earth. But last week Lop Nor was suddenly familiar to all the world when President Johnson pinpointed it as the place where the Chinese had conducted

their first atomic test.

U.S. authorities have not vet told all they know about the Chinese text, presumably because disclosure would discussed to the control of the

Slim Tower. The Chimese test was in the atmosphere: the nuclear device was probably perched on a slim, tower several hundred leet high to keep the fireball on of contact with the ground. The properties of the properties of the proting of the properties of the protreaty, has much to recommend it to the novice nuclear power. The explosion's position is known, precisely, and it can be watched by hundreds of instruments, some of them we close that they are vased their data.

Underground tests, such as the one that the U.S. conducted last week in a saft dome near Basterville. Miss., are much more expensive and not as consucer to detect and night well be carried or to detect and night well be carried.

out in secret.

Near-surface explosions can never be serter. They proclaim themselves loudly in many different ways. The shock wave smacks the ground hard, starring characteristic earth waves that may be desured to the starting characteristic earth waves that may be determed to the starting characteristic earth waves turns into a sound wave that weakers are it travels until if divinfles into a brief rise of haremetric pressure. In its last weak form, the wave can cover inhussands of miles before it becomes too if from natural variations of almospheric pressure. The U.S. undoubtedly had many seisomographs and microbarulad many seisomographs and microbarugraphs stationed around China to be on the alert for its maiden test.

Prattling Particles, Radios and radars were also alert. Any nuclear explosion sets off a great variety of electromagnetic waves, some of which are in the radio segment of the spectrum. They travel great distances, guided around the curve of the earth by ionized lavers in the upper atmosphere, and they are not difficult to detect. The explosionborn pulse of radio waves disappears quickly, but another radio effect lingers on. As the mushroom cloud climbs into the stratosphere, its radioactivity releases a vast number of electrons that ionize a mass of air and turn it into a radio wave reflector. This air mass shows up on long-distance radars, and it may distort radio waves coming from beyond it. A combination of all these long-distance methods of measurement can pinpoint the explosion accurately and give a good idea of its strength.

The ALC classed the Chinese explosion as "weak", meaning its energy was equal to about 20 kilotons of chemical explosive. But only the testers themselves can now be sure whether the low power was intentional, to suse precious fissionable material, or a result of poor design and construction. Radinactive particles collected by high-flying air-planes may some provide an investigation of the provided of the provided provided in the provided pr

(hydrogen bomb) action.

Clicking Counters, Except for describing the bomb as weak. U.S. authorities at first released no figures, and the Weather Bureau, which traced the radioactive cloud, reported its directional progress only, making no comment on its intensity except to say that it was not strong enough to be at all dangerous. But in bomb-bitten Japan, of a national hobby, rooftop Geiger counters started clicking ominously. Scientists caught rain water to measure its activity, and jets brought samples down from the sky. About 30 hours after the explosion the radiation count at Niigata, 180 miles north of Tokyo, rose from zero to 30,000 micromicrocuries per square meter of ground. The Tokyo's Institute of Meteorological Research rose from the normal 100 micromicrocuries per square meter

to 120,000. This level is the highest since the big Russian test of 1962, but it is not considered dangerous to humans.

At first, U.S. authorities seemed to agree that the Chinese must have used plutonium as their fissionable material. The process of separating U-235 from natural uranium requires enormous amounts of electric power, and China is power poor. Plutonium, on the other hand, is made in nuclear reactors, which require little external power. China is known to have reactors, and both air surveyance and ground spying have reported a large reactor complex near Paotow in Inner Mongolia. Japanese students of Chinese activities also agreed that China must have used plutonium because it lacked the electricity needed for the production of U-235.

But the neat theory was destroyed when the AIV announced a preliminary analysis. That report indicated that the Chinese test need "a fission device employing U-2355." Unless the Russians-in friendier years got the Lop Nor bomb work started with a goodly amount of U-235, the Chinese must be used to be used t

Implosion, Another nugget of information in the AEC report was word that the Chinese depended on an implosion (inward-striking detonation) of chemicals to compress their U-235 and make it fission. Such a device is more effective than shooting two chunks of fissionable material toward each other in an apparatus like a gun barrel, as was done in the U.S. bomb exploded over Hiroshima. The U.S. also used the implosion method in its earliest nuclear weapons. Although a surprising number of commentators assumed that use of implosion showed advanced skill by the Chinese, the AEC did not agree. "The low yield of the test," it said, "coupled with other information obtained from the radioactive debris indicates that the technology of the device is that which we would associate with an early nu-

Spotting the actual test six should not have been hard. Since the Russians stopped supplying them with the latest Soviet missiles and interceptors, the Chinese have been almost helpless against photographic flights by U-2s and other high-flying airplanes. Deep in the desert, the six in Sinkiang requires conspicuous roads, transport vehicles.

housing, supply dumps. Its burst of activity before the test must have been plainly visible to U-2s and perhaps to recommassance satellites orbiting overhead. If such activity still continues in the hostile Takla Makam, the Chinese are likely as Secretary Rusk announced last week, to shoot a second test soon.

### Can Life Survive The Bomb?

When Red China crashed the nuclear club, its A-bomb test blast echoed through all the world's capitals. And it roused once again the specter of a dead and devastated world. Scientists and laymen alike have long feared that the a desolation of blasted, baked and radioactive wasteland. What life survived the initial holocaust, it was agreed, would surely succumb to the longerlasting hazards of atomic radiation. So far, the best proving grounds for such theories are Bikini and Eniwetok, the two Pacific atolls that were clobbered by some 60 atomic explosions, from the low-yield nuclear blasts that hit Bikini back in 1946 to the mighty hydrogen bombs let loose on Bikini and Eniwetok between 1954 and 1958.

To find our what happened to the plant and animal lite that once inhabited these coral islands, a team of University of Washington radiologists, sponsored by the Atomic Energy Commission with the plant of the Atomic Energy Commission with the plant of the Atomic Energy Commission with the Atomic Energy Commission with the Atomic Energy State of the Atomic Energy State o

Magnolio & Morning-Glory, Winding sabner on Namu in the Blinin atell, an island so hard hit by atomic Breballe that its entire top was blown off, the beach magnolia, and the small white-flowered tree messersebmidia, which was named for the 18th century Germobratus, Daniel Messerschmid, So some of the isless that the selements of the isless that the selements and to hack their was through with mucheses. Birds are back in the autols, replacing those that were falled or sit.

When the scientists swam under water to collect fish samples, these found hordes of parror fish, surgeonlish and poatlish, and school after school of brightly stripted convext fish; significantly, more of them appeared aftered by radinactivity. A tew species, however, did not come through so well. The cocernic trails, once a delicack of the arttained such a high level of vortnmin 90. The reason is that when the crah molts, it east is read shell for the mineral content and so reabsorbs its radioactivity, Clams & Tenority, Now hook in Se-

attle. Chief University of Washington Radiologist Lauren R. Donaldson and his team are trying to solve the problems raised by the high survival rate on

the atolis. Part of the answer surely lies with the tropical atolls themselves, where soothing trade winds and warm ocean currents forever bring birds, fish and seeds from far, unbombed shores. But another part of the puzzle may be the manner in which animals absorb and then throw off radiation. Donaldson and company have brought back hundreds of fish and wildlife samples from the atolls, are now analyzing them for radiation clues. Their most promising specimens are giant clams that were dredged up alive four miles from the center of the blasts that seared the atolls. The great mollusks have pumped thousands of gallons of irradiated water through their systems, and as a result. Donaldson points out, "will have biologically monitored all of the events

But Donaldson is still worried that his tests may prove inconclusive, if only because many species of atoll animals and plants man, but perished from radiantly and the still an animal plants and plants may be perished from radiation. He is also construed that no finan could have survived the tests without suffering radiation damage: it is the lowest organisms that survive heat Even so, capacity that the properties of the p

### **TECHNOLOGY**

### Getting the Word by Skin

The modern airplane pilot is assaulted by vital information. His cabin is lined with instruments competing for his eyes' attention; into his ears stream insistent voices and electronic signals. As if all this were not enough, the pilot may soon be expected to react to communications coming through his skin. Far from being an added distraction. says Psychology Professor Frank A. Geldard of Princeton's Cutaneous Communications Laboratory, skin signals sent out by small electrical vibrators buzzing at the rate of 60 cycles per second, will take some of the burden off the pilot's saturated eyes and ears. A ring of vibrators worn around his waist and buzzing in rapid sequence will feel like a spinning Hula Hoop. The message would be an effective means of alerting a pilot to a particular danger.

The vibrators can work on almost any convenient part of the body. All who have used them agree that there is no difficulty in separating their skin-received messages from sight and hearing. Says Dr. Cieldard: "It's like listening to your wife talk while reading the newspaper and while a child is pulling your foot."





SCIENTIST RETURNING TO BIKINI-ATOLL JUNGLE Bird song, greenery and radioactive crab.

### MEDICINE

### CIRCULATION

### The Great Brain Robbery

Doctors have long been as puzzled as their patients have been alarmed when some unaccustomed exercise causes not only numbness in an arm but faintness and even temporary blindness. Now artery researchers at West Virginia University School of Medicine have an explanation for what investigators call "the subclavian-steal syndrome.

As Irish-born Dr. Robert James Marshall explained it last week to the American Heart Association in Atlantic City. the steal involves one of the arteries that normally help to supply blood to the brain. Besides the well-publicized carotid arteries, there are two lesserbranches off from one of the subclavian arteries in the shoulders and ascends to the brain (see diagram). These arteries unite at the base of the brain to form the basilar artery, and in a healthy person they supply up to 20% of the brain's blood. Normally, the blood in the vertebral arteries flows in one direction: upward, to the brain,

But in older people who have arteriosclerosis. Dr. Marshall explained. there may be a clot in, say, the left subclavian artery. Then the blood pressure beyond the clot, and in the left arm, falls below normal, lower than the pressure in the right ascending vertebral artery. This sets up the steal. It the left arm demands extra blood because of unwonted exercise, it gets some by drawing it in a reverse flow down the left vertebral artery, stealing it from the right vertebral artery at their junction just below the brain

In some cases, said Dr. Marshall, a small steal produces no obvious ill effects; this has been dubbed "the sub-clavian snitch." But Dr. Marshall suggested that a truly massive steal, in which both carotid arteries are also robbed of blood, might well be called "the great brain robbery."

# INFECTIOUS DISEASES

### The Ravages of Strep

When Rebecca Craighill Lancefield was a child around the turn of the century, searlet lever seemed a dangerous disease that was easy enough to diagnose but difficult to treat. The victim got a raging sore throat, a high fever, and a rash that spread over most of his body and gave the illness its name. But physicians and bacteriologists found that though they could suppress the rash. they could do little else for their patients. Researchers also found that patients who had one bout of scarlet tever might never have another, but if they got the same kind of sore throat again. they might develop heart or kidney

During World War I, tens of thousands of American soldiers became ill with searlet fever or related stren infections. Mrs. Lancefield, who got her master's at the time and began working for her doctorate in microbiology at Columbia University, had no trouble finding a problem on which to concentrate. Encouraged by her husband, Geneticist Donald E. Lancefield, she became one of the first bacteriologists to recognize that the streptococci are an appallingly complex group of microbes. She spent a decade in the laboratory, painstakingly classifying different strains of streptococci according to the poisons they produce. By 1928 she was ready to report that the bugs that cause searlet fever and destroy red blood cells and pave the way for rheumatic fever and heart and kidney damage, could all be identified as coming from a single group

that she called beta-hemolytic, group A. While Dr. Lancefield has worked at the Rockefeller Institute refining her findings, other researchers have learned to describe strep germs by their "Lancefield classification." That name, though unknown to the general public, has become a byword among bacteriologists and medical researchers who have applied the Lancefield findings to the control of rheumatic fever-and, consequently, to the prevention of countless cases of mitral-valve damage. Dr. Lancefield's latest work has been devoted to pinning down the kinds of strep, and the nature of their poisons involved in glomerulonephritis-one of the commonest, deadliest and most baffling of kidney diseases (TIME, July 24).



No trouble finding a problem.

Last week the American Heart Assoriation, meeting in Atlantic City, gave Dr. Rebecca Craighill Lancefield, 69. some belated public recognition: its 1964 Research Achievement Award.

## PEDIATRICS

### The Deadly Membrane

When a baby is born prematurely, he is especially susceptible to a breathing difficulty that develops into hyaline membrane disease. The inner linings of the lungs get covered with a membrane that prevents the exchange of oxygen and carbon dioxide and kills the victim. So far, the most expert and concentrated medical efforts have proved virtually helpless against "H.M.D.", it was the cause of Patrick Bouvier Kennedy's death in 1963 when he was only 39 hours and 12 minutes old

Last week Dr. Daniel Stowens, a Louisville pathologist, said he had found the explanation of H.M.D. and a simple. effective treatment: Epsom salts enemas. He told the College of American Pathologists that he had concluded from post-mortem examinations that H.M.D. victims suffered from an inability to get rid of excess water. Since the premature baby's kidneys may not be up to the job of ridding the body of excess water. Dr. Stowens suggested helping them with the Epsom salts enemas. In eight months, 28 babies with "severe respiratory distress and all clinical signs of hyaline membrane disease" were so treated, and all did well

There is one difficulty, though, Pediatricians may suspect that a baby is developing H.M.D., but only an autopsy can prove them right. And although waterlogging is notoriously a problem in all preemies with breathing difficulties, nobody is yet certain whether it is a cause or an effect of H.M.D. Indeed. there are many pediatricians who feel that dryness in the lungs, not waterlogging, is a major cause of the disease.





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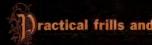
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### MUSIC

#### DANCE

### The Comers

"We have always had the cream." hoasts New York City Ballet's George Balanchine, "but now with more dancers going through the sieve, the cream is richer than ever before. Our company is packed with great dancers. Any one of them would be a prima ballerina with any other company.

Like a proud father. Balanchine this season has exposed a wealth of gifted young girls in a variety of major roles. almost to the exclusion of the older principal dancers, Patricia Neary, 22, for example, who graduated from the corps de ballet just last year, has performed 47 solos so far this season, while Maria Tallchief, 39, long the company's biggest box-office attraction, has danced but eleven times. Tallchief, the fourth of Balanchine's five ballerina wives, says wistfully: "When I was married to Mr. Balanchine, he created his greatest roles for me: it is hard to watch others doing them. I have not danced enough this

season, that I know." Balanchine does not like to see a dancer transform his choreography into a vehicle for her own virtuosity. "You have to watch out," says one member of the troupe. "If you get too good at a role, you'll lose it." He discourages the star system by refusing to announce in advance which dancers are performing. Audiences quening up at the New York State Theater last week for Ballet Imperial did not know whether they would see Tallehief or, as it happened, a budding teen-ager named Suzanne Farrell. In the past, explains Balanchine, when a soloist fell ill he had to scratch the ballet. Now, he says happily, he can confidently call on any one of several

dancers to fill any role.

Lately arrived from the provinces with mothers in tow, many of the new dancers have yet to reach voting age.

Offstage they are dissurantingly sity and dance with the state of the dance wince childhood, they are strangers to the ways of the world and such diversions as dating and social dancing. The best of the new generation is notable for their agility and stature, '21 lowe you can see the hetter?' Most promising of Balanchine's new Javorites.

 SAV MAZZO 18, a willows, fragilely pretty girl from Chicago. A sekly child, she began dancing at age six on the advice of her doctor, went on to tour with Jerome Robbins' Balles'. U.S.A. before prining the New York Cit's Ballet two years ago. She has danced leading roles only eight times, but memorably, esonly eight times, but memorably, escept properties of the control of the control of the control of the control of the learner of the control of the control of the weekly fermione style.

 PATRICIA NEARY was fixing to enlist in the corps de ballet at Radio City Music Hall when Balanchine drafted her. A

tall (5 ft. 7) in.), long-stemmed native of Miami, she is, known as: "The Technician," and has excelled in an extremely wide range of roles in the year as the property of the

s SUZAMU FARRELL (nice Roberta Sue Ficker). 19, was president of the New York City Bullet Fan Club in Cincinnair just five years ago. "Now I practice right next to Maria Tallchief." she says. "I can't believe it" She started diacing at eight to overcome her "tomboy hab" is" has since blossomed into a soffly in the gave de deux to I chulkowsky. I Mediation. Says Balanchine: "She is an allabaster princess; you couldn't design a better figure."

 GLORIA GOVRIN, 21, has been in tutus since she could walk. As a Newark schoolgirl, she haunted the backstage of the New York City Ballet collecting autographs. Now she is a veteran soloist, a fine comedienne in Stars and Stripes and Western Symphony, Her role as Queen of the Amazons in Midsummer Night's Dream was type casting; she is the tallest (5 ft. 81 in.) girl in the troupe. Thick-legged and saucereved, she is a steady, remarkably effortless performer whose spectacular leaps put some of the male dancers to shame. Gloria is beautiful and strong like a Clydesdale horse!" says Balanchine.

"Her leg extension spans light-years."

» mom Paul, 2l, daughter of a Washington physician and a fashin designation physician and a fashin designation physician and a fashin designation processing the Search Paul, 1997, 19

• PARIGIA MOBRIGE 22, was horn in Teaneck, N.J., rose melearnically through the ranks to the coveted plateau of principal dancer at 18. Her versatility and repertory, from the affected beauty in La Value to the man-eating meet in The Cange, are unmarked by any dancer her age. Petite (5 ft. 3 in.), she relies more on speed, beauty of line and pot quently fours independently in tandem with the company's aerobatic male virtuose, Edward Villella.

With a recently awarded \$5,925,000 Ford Foundation grant. Balanchine & Co. figure to be skimming off the cream of U.S. dancers for years to come. But with so many gifted young dancers already on hand, there is scarcely any room at the top.



SUZANNE FARRELL



PATRICIA NEARY



MIMI PAUL



PATRICIA McBRIDE So much more to see.

### RELIGION

### MOVEMENTS

New Man at M.R.A.

Many a spiritual movement has expired with its founder, but Moral Re-Armament is made of more durable stuff. Three years after the death of Frank Buchman, M.R.A. feels as assured as ever that it will conquer the world with its four absolutes: honesty, purity, unselfishness and love.

Skeptical of the power of the pulpit. M.R.A. chiefly dramatizes its doctrines by stage and screen. Last week the latits simplistic message plays. Through the Garden Wall, in which feuding neighbors learn love through

owns and operates a model farm in East Anglia, has turned out 16 plays (including Garden Wall): the royalties from his writing, \$1,120,000 in all, have gone to the cause

Since World War H, M.R.A. has offered itself to the world as an ideology for the West. Howard insists that the movement adheres faithfully to Buchman's grand strategy-converting the world's leaders to living by the four absolutes. The movement no longer flaunts the easily refuted claims of a decade ago that labor union converts had brought industrial peace to strife-ridden cities. And M.R.A. these days sottpedals endorsements from African lead-



A century ago, in his Syllabus of Errors. Pope Pius IX condemned the thesis that the Roman Catholic Church should accommodate itself to the modern world. Last week the bishops of the Second Vatican Council began discussion of a document that goes a long way toward making that accommodation. For Catholies, Schema 13, entitled The Church in the Modern World. is the most personally important item of all on the council's agenda. Sometimes with platitudes, sometimes with passion, the schema bravely touches on every social issue that troubles the hearts of men, from overpopulation to nuclear war, and summons Catholics to join with others in creating a new and better world.

Pursuit of Dialogue. Every section of the schema unfolds one or more ideas with revolutionary implications for Catholicism. The introduction notes the need for the church to recognize "the signs of the times." Chapter 1 Chapter 1 warns that Christians should not reject this world for the sake of the next "Anyone who is unwilling to be of service in the renewal of the world is seeking God in vain." A second chapter expresses Catholic willingness to renounce ancient rights when new circumstances demand it. In the third chapter, Christians are urged to "pursue the dialogue with all men of good will" in order to

What will most intimately affect Catholics is the fourth chapter, a discussion of major world problems, which follows the tone and spirit of Pope John's encyclicals, Mater et Magistra and Pacem in Terris. A section on economic and social order amplifies John's dream of humane socialization: it argues that "economic development must in no case be left entirely to itself," and "the earth's goods are the common inheritance of the whole human race." A section on peace warms that "the use of nuclear weapons must be judged before God and man as most wicked." In a long and candid discussion of marriage, the schema emphasizes the quality of life brought to marriage through self-giving conjugal love rather than procreation, expresses the hope that luture scientific discoveries will clear the way for church acceptance of some form of birth control, However, as Bishop Emilio Guano of Leghorn pointedly reminded the council atter an audience with Pope Paul VI, the birth-control issue will ultimately be decided by the Pontiff himself after a special papal commission has completed

Stronger & More Specific, During the discussion of Schema 13, there were many demands that it be made stronger and more specific. Montreal's Paul-Fmile Cardinal Leger asked that it be stripped of all sterile condemnations: Giacomo Cardinal Lercaro of Bologna



Four absolutes spell absolute assurance.

M.R.A., was touring Germany, drawing enthusiasm from crowds and shudders from drama critics. Thousands still flock each summer to M.R.A.'s grand rallies at its lavish headquarters at Caux, Switzerland, and Mackinac Island, Michigan; in 1962 M.R.A. opened a third and equally handsome center at Odawara, Japan. Although M.R.A. officials are vague about money and membership figures, Britain's Peter Howard, Buchman's designated successor as the movement's leader, insists: "We are getting more contributions than we did ten years ago, and many more people are working for M.R.A. From Rugby to Royalties, Moral Re-

Armer Howard could hardly be more unlike Buchman, who was a mild-mannered rural pastor and Y.M.C.A. worker until he founded the Oxford Group. M.R.A.'s predecessor. Lean, trim and handsome at 56. Howard was in his day one of Oxford's athletic greats, eight times a star on Britain's international rugby team. In 1941, as the bestknown and most biting political columnist in Lord Beaverbrook's stable, he was assigned to write some pieces about M.R.A. and ended up joining it. He ers maintaining that the movement has saved the continent from chaos

PETER HOWARD

Against Satirists & Cynics. Welcoming men of all faiths, M.R.A. claims that it is not a rival to existing churches. Rome suspects that it is, and many Catholic bishops have warned their flocks against joining. A number of Protestant leaders have attacked its ideology as essentially un-Biblical, even though M.R.A. is about as rigid as the Old Testament prophets on the need for strict standards of personal conduct. Good members of M.R.A. do not smoke or drink, and even if married are urged to sexual restraint. Last week Peter Howard warned Britain's new Prime Minister Harold Wilson against "satirists and eynies" who "debase our ancient virtue and push pornography and godlessness down the national gullet. A current M.R.A. crusade in Holland teatures big newspaper ads, written by Howard, condemning the spread of homosexuality ("It can be cured"). M.R.A., obviously, is not the world's

only spiritual movement that praises purity and honesty. But some Christians seem to find in it a spiritual solace and



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## OCCIDENTAL LIFE

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TIME, OCTOBER 30, 1964



SUENENS & LEGER
Summons to 11 better world

complained that the present text was too narrowly Oscidental and European in viewpoint. The schema was attacked as unacceptable by NGB's implacedby and by Archbishop John Heenan of Westminster. Henan charged that it had been seriten by cleries with no knowledge of the world, delivered a su-knowledge of the world, delivered a surveyed to the world to the world to the heart of the world to the heart of the

It is clear that the schema, which has already gone through nearly a dozen revisions since Belgium's Leo Josef Cardinal Suenens proposed it in the council's first session, will take more consideration than the bishops can give it before they adjourn Nov. 20. In fact, the Pope announced officially that he would convene a fourth session of the council. It is also clear that a vast majority of the bishops consider the passage of Schema 13 essential. Despite their reservations, they voted to accept it as a basis for discussion. "It is precisely in this document," says Dutch Dominican Edward Schillebeeckx, "that the proof will out: whether the institutional church considers herself the be-all and end-all, or whether she deems herself an instrument in the hands of Christ, at the service of all mankind."

## EPISCOPALIANS

### What's a Protestant?

Are Episcopalians Protestants? Yes, say Low Church evangelicals; no, answer High Church Anglo-Catholics. Last week delegates to the Episcopal General Convention in St. Louis tred to resolve this debate over what's in a name with a typically Anglican compromise: let-ting each faction in the church decide for itself what it wants to be called.

When the nation's Anglican divines in 1789 chose to call themselves "the Protestant Episcopal Church in the U.S.A." the name seemed like a suitable description. Originally applied to German Lutherans in 1529, "Protestant" then implied rejection of papal authority, which Anglicans had stood

for since Henry VIII: the word also paid tribute to the influence of Luther. Calvin and other Continental reformers on Anglican doctrine and liturgy. "Epison the other hand, was a reminder that Anglicanism preserved the ancient tradition of rule by bishops, and was still a branch of the "one. holy. Catholic and apostolic church. But ever since the middle of the 19th century. Anglo-Catholics have been trying to drop Protestant from the church's title, on the grounds that it had come to mean anti-Catholic rather than antipapal. Because of its historic significance, evangelicals have fought just as hard to keep the word

The Wrong Name? At the General Convention, the bishops this year sided with the High Churchmen. By a vote of 79 to 56, they passed a resolution proposing that "the official name of the church be changed by expunging the word Protestant from its title. a stormy, three-hour debate in the House of Deputies, priests and lay delegates instead suggested adding a preamble to the church's constitution, recognizing "the Episcopal Church" as a lawful alternate designation and the term best suited for everyday use. Most of the delegates seemed pleased by the compromise, which merely sanctifies what Episcopalians have been doing for years, although some continued to argue that the resolution was an Anglo-Catholic coup. "There are a few deputies," muttered one Low Church bishop, "who feel that we are dropping the wrong name

Hard feelings were also raised by church decisions on participation in the National Council of Churches and in the Negro struggle for civil rights. In the House of Deputies, delegates easily quashed a proposal by Southern churchmen to withdraw from the National Council because of its stands against school prayer and for civil rights. But the deputies compromised their support of the Council by urging Episcopal representatives "to seek to restrain the N.C.C. from efforts to influence specific Also in the interests of Southern harmony, lay deputies voted down a resolution, previously passed by the bishops, that recognized "the right of any person for reasons of conscience to disobey" laws that are "in basic conflict with the concept of human dignity under God."

Usurpation of Power, Harmony, as thappens, was the last thing the deputies achieved. The Anglo-Catholic publication American Church News denounced the vote as "an outrageous usurpation by the laity of the teaching function of the church," and as a slap at the "hundreds of courageous priests who have joined in the most significant social revolution of our time." Federal Judge Thraggood Marshall, first Negro of the Company o

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### THE THEATER

### Blues for Mr. Wellington

Golden Boy, as Clifford Odets origi-nally wrote it in 1937, posed the conthe young hero, a violinist turned prizefighter, was guiltily aware of the betraval of his better self. The new Broadway musical version drops that theme and chronicles the racially embittered saga of a kind of Negro Sammy Glick,

Joe Wellington (Sammy Davis) is a Harlem nobody who wants to be a Big Fown somebody, a punk with a ven for a penthouse and all the other Cadillac-



DAVIS & WAYNE IN "GOLDEN BOY What makes Sammy walk.

to-caviar goodies. His aims would immediately classify him as the crassest sort of bourgeois philistine if the musical were not cloaked in the topical sanctity of racial protest.

Along with his other desires, Joe wants Lorna Moon (Paula Wayne), the white mistress of his married fight manager. The love story fails, partly because lovers must be appealing as lovers, interracial or not. Joe, stung by the white world's slights, is full of hate, and no more winning than any other angry young angry. The girl is not a girl but a soiled and weary woman who admits that men have come and gone in her life "like traffic through a tunnel." Typical of the show's erratic focus is Joe's response when he finally loses Lorna. He and the chorus launch not into a lover's lament but a rousing, anvil-hard hymn of civil righteousness; "I ain't bowin' down no more

Only the dances, enhanced by some vibrantly lovely chorus girls, take the show out of its doldrums. The opening number in a training gym thrums to a Congo-like beat as Jaime Rogers paces the dancers with kinetic bodily grace. and his closing Big Fight ballet with Davis sizzles with supple ferocity. Sammy Davis, a remarkably versatile entertainer, is hobbled by a show that would rather preach than please.

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YORK TOWN

### ARTISTS

### The Seven-Year Itch

The life mold of Gerald Murphy hardly seemed likely to form an artist. Andover-prepped, Yale-educated, Skull and Bones-tapped. Murphy was elected the hest-dressed man in the class of 1911. He was so handsome and rich that F. Scott Fitzgerald patterned Dick Diver, the golden-boy hero of Tender Is the Night, after him. For 22 years, until his retirement in 1956. Murphy was president of Fifth Avenue's chic Mark Cross leather-goods store, which his father began. Until his death last week at 76, he never bought any modern art or hung anything more than one Léger in his house. But during one short period of his life, Gerald Murphy did ten paintings that by their precisionist style and representation of commonplace objects stunningly foreshadowed the best of today's pop art.

Art of Living, Murphy fell into are backward. After a sint in U.S. Army avaation during World War I, he trued tudying landscape architecture at Harvard—and found the required drawing wife Sara saided to the expatriate paradise of Europe. There, in the words of Archibald MacLeish, the Murphy Society of Martin and the wife were always right. Strewinsky came to dinner, Ligar right, Strewinsky came to dinner, Ligar Duaghleiw moute them to his baller.

One day, in a gallery window, Murphy discovered the cubist masters. He took art lessons from Diaghilev's designer, Natalia Goncharova, who would not let him paint anything recognizably real. Then he began to follow his own bent, meliculously rendering real objects in a bright, orderly manner. His first painting, Rezer, done in 1922, was a heralidic crossing of a safety razor and a fountain pen below a matchbox, backed up by angular cubist meanderings. Another painting, 6 It, by 6 It, and the control of the co

On Airplane Linen. By then, Leger had pronounced Murphy the only American painter in Paris. Murphy's 18-ft.-high Boatdeck, Cunarder, an immense evocation of exile in hard-edge boldness, caused a row at the 1924 Salon des Indépendants because it took up almost all the space that U.S. artists were allotted. Murphy worked tirelessly in a technique as meticulous as his detail. He used airplane linen, painstakingly mocked up his drawing before he picked up a brush. A cigar-box lid in Cocktail (1928), which splays bartenders' tools flat against the picture plane, took him four months to paint.

During the seven years that Murphy painted and thereafter, no honors, few shows and little comment came his way In the big-league company of his good friends Picasso, Léger and Braque he perceived that he "was not going to be first-rate," so he quit art with the argument that he "couldn't stand secondrate painting." Just before he died, Murphy learned that his friend Mac-Leish had given his 1927 Wasp and Pear to Manhattan's Museum of Modern Art. Murphy was greatly pleased; he had not known when he stopped painting that his art would ultimately help to link the bewildering present with the more settled past.



### Entranced Anatomy

Only a century ago, a British archaeologist wrote with assurance: "There is no temptation to dwell at length on the sculpture of Hindustan. It affords no assistance in tracing the history of art, and its debased quality deprives it of all interest as a phase of fine art." This pronouncement seemed to mean that 4,000 years of Indian sculpture was damnably hard to categorize, and that its frank eroticism dismayed Victorian minds. But today's scholars are drawn to it as surely as bees to an orchid. Indian sculpture in the period from 2500 B.C. to A.D. 1500 is a hothouse wonder, an other-worldly idea clad in contemporary curves.

Fartility in Traes. The canons of Indian sculpture, utility to for Greek, had little concern for scientific human anatomy. Their manuals of esheric guidance, the sistrues taught more how to relate a latistimus dursit. The Indian sculpture built up the contours of the body the built up the contours of the body did it is religion, and India's good would have the contours of the sold produced to the sold produced t

Nature and the gods intertwine in Hinduism, India's dominant religion. which makes trees natural-enough symbols of god-granted fertility in a hot. dusty country. But sculptors did not copy trees, even when they meant to depict them. Instead, the artists pursued a metaphysic that showed dryads called yakshis (see opposite page) embracing trees in a union of the soul and the divine. Bulbous breasts, swelling hips and crescent thighs are drawn more from the idea of fertility than from womanly shapeliness. If the sculptors made their female goddesses hyperanatomic bombs, they were emphasizing perfection in divine terms

Divinity or Beauty, Lips lift in a sublime smile, torsos twist into reverse curves that enliven flesh, and ornament clings to smoothly modeled skin like a caress of art given to nature. Beauty was a reflection of divinity, just as the slender saints that adorn Chartres cathedral are the disembodied spirits of medieval Christianity.

Indian sculptors were expected to identify with their art in a mastered state of trance. The image would then be the result of the sculptor's exetasy: his trance guided his chisel. All this seemed strange to Western man—unless he happened to recall that Fra Angelico knelt in prayer before he could begin his lustrous panels.

Already seen at San Francisco's M. H. De Young Memorial Museum and at the Seatte Art Museum Pavilion, the show travels on from Cleveland to New York's Metropolitan Museum of Art and from there to the Honolulu Academy of Arts.



"COCKTAIL"

From a postwar bore to pre-pop.



YALE'S BEST-DRESSED

indian divinities in sandstone



WOOD NYMPH, or vrikshaka, twines her torso in pose celebrating trees, whose worship was common in India in 11th century.

MOTHER GODDESS, dating from "medieval" period of Indian art, turns voluptuous bulk into a sinuous exercise in linear grace.

PHOTOGRAPHS BY J. R. SYCARAS

### SHOW BUSINESS

### **ACTORS**

A Beginning Writer

Richard Burton has long insisted that he would rather be a writer than an actor. Last summer, Condé Nasl's Glamour magazine sent him a timid feeler asking if he might like to write a story for the Christmas issue. The idea appealed to Burton's repressed ambition, and he set to work in longhand. The



BURTON & WIFE In search of Sister.

result, which will next month become his first published short story, is anything but an embarrassment. It is worth every furthing he was paid for it. "He gets \$500." says Glamon's Feature Editor Marilyn Mercer, "which is a

very good price for a beginning writer."
Harbinger of Dooth, Burton's tule is about a Christmas in his village in about a Christmas in his village in Wales. It is written in the first person and is so faithfully autobiographical that he does not even hother to change his own name. On this Christmas Eve, old Mad Dan, "the local agnostic," has de-liberately kept his little nephew Richard out with a group of miners until the hour is so late that the boy grows suspicious.

At home, he remembers, Mrs. Tahor T.B. has been visiting all day. Mrs. Tabor is called T.B. because all of her eight children died of tuberculosis in their teens. She is a local harbinger of death. Surely the reason he has been kept out so late is that death is coming to his family too.

"Is my sister dying, Mad Dan?" I said.
"We are all dying, She'll last the

organization with considerable story in an analysis of the considerable story is that despite the fateful presence of Mrs. Fabor T.B., a birth is occurring in its home rather than the death he suspects. Along the way he flashes a prose that is occasionally quite memorable, as when he explains why any boy in the valley would want to grow up to be a miner: There was, you understand, the ambition for the walk of the miners in

corduroy trousers, with yorks under the knees to stop the loose coal running down into your boots and the rats from running up inside your trousers, and the lamp in the cap on the head, and the bandy musele-bound strut of the lords of the coalface."

Curiously, he even manages to work liking the property of the store. It comes in the form of a fond description of the hero's sister. When my mother died, she, my sister, had become my mother, and more mother to me than any mother could ever have been. I was immersely proud of her. I shone in the reflection of her greens of the property of the prop

She wan-kinding gipyo feeding in She wan-kinding gipyo feeding in She in

### TELEVISION

The Girl with the Necromantic Nose Many a man is convinced that a witch

lives under his roof. With the arrival of the present TV season, many another is probably wishing that he could exchange his incumben hag for Elizabeth Montgomery, Pretty and blonded with a turned-up nose, she hardly suggest caulifons full of rat guts and elsb, but she plays a thoroughred sorceress married to an advertising executive on ABC's Bowtens.

An otherwise normal, happy young housewife, she can clean up a fithpy kitchen with half a second's witcheraft or even help a neighbor's awkward kid to become a star Little League pitcher, as she was doing last week. She casts her spells not with a waxe of a wand but with a twitch of her nose in a unique and peculiar manner that seems to be half allergy and half it doutous to be half allergy and half it doutous to be help and the star of the seems of the with the seems of the period of the seems of the with the seems of the with the seems of th

On the Toom. Thus Elizabeth Monagomery, like the little pircher whose lantustic curve balls and looping sliders she was conjuring last week, has in a sense finally made the team herself after years of overhearing the snickers of the other players. The daughter of Robingtonery, she has been an actress for 13 years, but never in anyling that could be called a hit. In show hing that could be called a hit, in show the country of the country of the called a hit is not too cager to characterize her as a living dulil, getting parts only because of her father, Bewirched has set her up on her own, abote ion a broom.

Before she became sensitive about it,

she used to say, "My art belongs to daddy," and similar things that would make corn blush, Born in 1933, she was raised in Hollywood. When her father moved to Manhattan to become a television star, she went to the Spence School and the American Academy of Dramatic Arts. She made her professional debut in 1951 on Robert Montgomery Presents, playing opposite her father in a spy story. He did not think that he was uncovering a great talent and in fact tried to discourage her from becoming an actress, hoping that she would be sensible like her brother, who is now a customer's man in a Wall Street brokerage firm. When she would not be dissuaded, he gave her plenty of

Out of the Book, Since then, taking with her everywhere the filial shadow, she has done over 200 TV shows, a Broadway play (Late Love with Arlene Francis in 1953) and three movies (she was Deanso Martin's fiancée in Whe's Been Sleeping in My Bed?).

She has been a divorcee herself a couple of times. Her first husband was Freddie Cammann. Harvard '51, descendant of Albert Gallatin, fourth Secretary of the freesury. Since Elizable was only an actor's daughter, she can be supported by the state of th

Cammann was not out of the book long. Elizabeth divorced him in 1955, then was married for six years to Actor Gig Young. Her current husband is William Asher, who directs Bewitheda. They live in Malibu with their infant son and a Siamese cat named Zip-Zip. She no longer gives interviews to



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magazines that are doing spreads on children of famous parents. She is her own girl. "Her father is a Republican." says Gig Young, reminiscing fondly, "and she is probably a Democrat." She may soon be worth a fortune on her own too. As a part owner of Bewitched. she gets 20% of the show's profits, which will amount to about \$2,000,000 if the program lasts for three seasons, which it probably will.

### PLAYWRIGHTS

### Allegory of Any Place

Because nothing is too good for their children, a man and his wife have installed in their home a \$30,000 Happylife Fleetrodynamic Playroom. Through intricate projections, odor machines and so on, the room is capable of becoming any place on earth that the children want to visit, including every sort of hanging garden and bower of bliss in the bibliography of never-never lands. The children, deprived of human love by the machine substitute, elect a sterner environment. They turn the room into a dry and baking swatch of the African yeldt. In the end, they lock their parents in there, where a pride of hungry lions tears the adults to pieces.

This is the story of The Veldt, a new short play by Ray Bradbury which, with two other Bradbury one-acters, has just opened in Los Angeles. As the world's best science fiction writer, author of The Martian Chronicles and Hollywood's It Came From Outer Space. Bradbury has come to think that the world has actually entered the machinedominated sci-fi era and that the human soul is already deep in an electronic coma. Hence his plays, though they are set in the future, are actually hyperbolic

allegories of the present. New Shores. In the second play, for instance, a couple of pedestrians are stopped by a con car which contains no cops, only whirring machines with tiny electric brains. In the third, Bradbury postulates one man who alone among the scattered survivors of a thermonuclear holocaust remembers the civilization that preceded it. But somehow he can remember only material minutiae -candy wrappers, imitation flowers, the dashboard of a Cadillac.

Ray Bradbury obviously is one of the world's most visionary reactionaries. His enmits to the automobile is so basic that, although he owns two, he never drives and does not even know how. He rides a bievele and has yet to make his first flight in a jet. He got rid of his first electric typewriter because he couldn't stand all the hmmms and th'uhs it was saying in reaction to his

Out of Mushrooms, At 44, he makes more than \$50,000 a year, but he lives conservatively in a modest house with his wife and four daughters. His father was a lineman for a power company in Waukegan, Ill., and his own education stopped at the high school level. He has

# Bob **Burnham's** cracking the whip again

(Down at the Community Chest meeting)



Bob spends several hours a week on community projects. People like him, even when he yells because contributions are too slow. They like him in business too. He's a Realtor. A professional in real estate. Knows how to help young marrieds buy a first home, or transferred executives sell a fourth. Gets thanked all the time. Cares about

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tional Association of Real Estate Boards. All subscribe to the standards of an established Code of Ethics, Trust a Realtor, He's easy to find. Just look for this seal in

his window.





# Secret thoughts on a dry day

"...bet I just cast the deciding vote... really should reward myself...I'll have a White Horse Scotch\* as soon as the polls close."

> \*People all over the world are drinking it up. Only one bottle in five ever reaches America. A sobering thought,



SCENE FROM "THE VELDT"

Death in the Happylife Playroom.

never studied physics, chemistry, or any of the other framary disciplines of science fictioneering, but his magnation more than makes up. "Where do von get your ideas" someone once asked in a creatural at the time. "Anowhere," was his answer, "There's a story in a restaurant at the time. "Anowhere," was his answer, "There's a story in it that afternoon—all about mushrooms that were actually switten from another planet, using mycological diegatise in that severe actually switten from another planet, using mycological diegatise in the word of the switch the switch the world. The story is take over the world. The story is take over the world. The story of I by be Alfred Hirchcock.

Bradbury wrote the excellent script John Huston's movie version of Mohy Dick; and his novel Dandelion Wine was a firm, straightforward remembrance of a youth in Illinois. His science fiction, however, has drawn him into a world he never dreamed of entering. Ingmar Bergman corresponds with him. François Truffaut is writing the scenario for the movie version of his novel Fahrenheit 451. Christopher Isherwood has compared Bradbury to Edgar Allan Poe. And Ilva Ehrenburg says that he is one of the five most popular American writers in the Soviet Union, along with Hemingway, Faulkner, Steinbeck and Spillane

His view of the future is not all depressive. When he lifts his eyes above earth-gashing highway departments and howing popole ficking corporate sait, he sees the rockets of the space age that he dreamed of in Waukegan as a little low. "This is mankind's chance to be immortal," he says. "Were going to travel into space and live forever. Our childran's children shall five a million before the same of the control of the point of the control of the control of the control of the control of the going to leave this shore and go off to another planet. It's like being there the day the first his crawled out on land."

# A statement concerning the character of Lyndon B. Johnson and his qualifications as President of the United States



In recent weeks I have become increasingly concerned by the direction and the tenor of the campaign. It had earlier, after many quie and searching hours, made a personal decision. I had determined, despite my regular affiliation, that I would east my vote for Lyndron B. Johnson. It was a choice to be exercised in the silence and severey of a voting both. It had not been in my mind to make my decision public.

However, as I followed the course of the campaign, I felt I must speak out.

You and I must make choices. In the life and future of our nation, you and I and our countrymen, past and present, have chosen that our country shall assume a position of leadership in world affairs. To a large extent, therefore, the fale of the world depends upon the choice we now make in this republic.

What we do will mean that we are or are not the major deterrent to international conflict.

What we do means that we can or cannot help to achieve economic security for the Free World.

As the principal supplier of monetary resources, we as a nation are the keystoneto international liquidity. Fpon us depends the adequacy of sound currencies for industrial development and the capability of maintaining high levels of capital investment and productivity. The maintenance of this position is indispensable to the economic well-heing and the defense of the Free World.

As the principal arsenal of free men, we have the absolute responsibility of determining whether or not the awesome weapons of destruction should or should not be employed. These are the kinds of responsibility that weigh relentlessly upon the chief executive of our country. There is no burden in all the world that is comparable. The demands are superhuman.

My support for President Johnson stems from the belief that the peace and economic well-being of our country will be best served by his leadership. I have had the privilege of knowing and working with him (a great part of the time as a member of the opnosition) since 1930.

He is a man of character and high purpose. He is a man of highest integrity. His statesmanship has been proved.

There is no one immune to criticism. This includes the best of us. But. believe that hissexperience, his knowledge of world affairs and his burning desire to maintain peace and economic and social well-being for all of the people who cherish, freedom, lead to the conclusion that he should

be the choice of the American people for the Presidency of the United States.

I know from experience that he will seek the counsel of objective and fairminded men and women in those fields of endeavor which are the concern of the office of the Presidency that he will put his nation and the welfare of its people first, that he will demonstrate ourage and resourcefulness, and that he will not be frightneed nor will be be helligered.

The prestige of the high office of the Presidency of the United States must be dedicated to the best interests of a nation's people and an international community of free men who in their hearts and conscience and through the labor of their hands and minds, want to remain free. This, I believe, is President Johnson's objective.

I cannot bring myself to a denunciation of those who might differ with my judgment, but I can only appeal to the reasoning of every man and woman who must make the same responsible choire that all of us are making now. I have made my choire for Persident Johnson, In the interest of ourcountry, the community of free nations and the welfare of mankind, I hope that in your mind and in your conscience, you will do the same

Rahw B anderson

Robert B. Anderson — Secretary of the Navy, Deputy Secretary of Defense, Secretary of the Treasury in the Administration of Dwight D. Eisenhower.

### THE LAW

### CONSTITUTIONAL LAW

The Rage to Remove

What do a Brooklyn gambler, a Manhattan cop. a Harlem politician, the mother of Massachusetts' Governor and hundreds of civil rights workers from Florida to Mississippi have in common? Answer: all are trying to remove the various criminal charges against them from state to federal courts. They are caught up in a headlong trend that intrigues lawyers, alarms judges, and is certain soon to confront the Supreme Court with some of the thorniest statefederal conflicts in U.S. legal history.

Rightly or wrongly, many lawyers re-

But the civil rights revolution has raised sharp questions. Where can a Mississippi Negro, for example, seek relief if the state denies him a fair trial and a federal judge retuses to listen? Must he travel the long road through the state courts to the U.S. Supreme Court? All over the South, arrested civil rights workers have complained that the tradition of immediate remand denies them federal hearings in cases of obviously violated constitutional rights. The answer to their complaint is Title IX of the 1964 Civil Rights Act, which now permits remands to be appealed to U.S. courts of appeals.

Spurred by the promise of Title IX.

#### 28 U. S. C. § 1443 (1958)

§ 1443. Civil rights cases.

Any of the following civil actions or criminal prosecutions,



### TITLE IX-INTERVENTION AND PROCEDURE AFTER REMOVAL IN CIVIL RIGHTS CASES

Sec. 901. Title 28 of the United States Code, section 1447(d), is

gard federal courts as fairer than state courts. "The judges are honest, the jurors are brighter," says one lawyer bluntly. Certain kinds of cases, such as some suits between citizens of different states. have always been removable to federal courts. But the states are supposed to handle the vast bulk of U.S. litigation. To states' rights advocates, Congress went haywire after the Civil War when it set out to prevent the abuse of Negroes by extending the "removal" right. under what is now Title 28, Section 1443 of the U.S. Code, to what looked at first like a sweeping category of civil and criminal cases that involved alleged state denial of equal rights.

Flooding the Courts, Alarmed at the potential damage to state courts, the Supreme Court, beginning in the 1870s, sharply limited the right of removal to cases involving clearly unconstitutional state laws, such as a murder law prescribing a life sentence for whites and death for Negroes, U.S. district judges got in the habit of sending removed cases back to state courts for trial, and when a defendant's case was thus remanded, he had no right to appeal the federal judge's order.

which became effective in July, more and more remand appeals have plagued the South's Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals. The cases range from trumpedup traffic violations against Mississippi rights workers to group petitions for several hundred defendants (including Massachusetts' Mrs. Malcolm Peabody. the Governor's mother) who were involved in last spring's racial demonstrations in St. Augustine, Fla.

Dismay & Delight. So new is this phenomenon that the appellate court has yet to rule on the merits of a single appeal, and the defendants, as a result, are tree on bail. Now there is a prickly prospect that federal courts may be deluged with every single state case bearing the slightest alleged connection to civil rights. In short, Title IX might turn out to be a gateway through which much state-court business will vanish.

Civil rights leaders are eestatic at the possibilities. "It's a tremendous device -how to screw up the system in one easy lesson," says a Florida lawyer. 'Anyone who wants to can delay a case for two years." Moreover, successful removal means that state prosecutors must try rights cases in federal courts under unfamiliar rules. Fearful of losing, the prosecutors may well drop many such cases-a prospect that delights University of Pennsylvania Law Professor Anthony Amsterdam, a leading civil rights lawyer, who argues that most rights eases are "harassment prosecutions that should never have been brought in the first place.

Already the removal threat has torced prosecutors in Mississippi and other Southern states to start bargaining with rights lawvers ("If you don't try to remove. I'll give you a continuance"). An Atlanta Negro lawyer is optimistic: "The time may come when state courts will adjudicate these issues so responsibly that it will not be necessary to go into federal court.

Hide-and-Seek, But if removal is a potent weapon against local injustice, prosecution lawyers also see it as a Pandora's box. In Brooklyn, for example, Gambler Seymour Kaminetsky has just petitioned for removal to federal court after being held in contempt for refusal to testify before a local grand jury. Last week a federal judge remanded Kaminetsky's case on the grounds that "a state court should not be rendered impotent whenever a litigant therein disagrees with its procedure." Under Title IX. Kaminetsky may be able to appeal and stay out of jail for months.

Such is the removal fad that Harlem Congressman Adam Clayton Powell's latest gimmick for evading a \$46,500 libel judgment against him is to claim tunder Title 28's Section 1442) that he must be defended by the Justice Department in a federal court because a state court is interfering with his duties as a federal "officer." Though unlikely to get Justice Department support, Powell has thus used removal as a new way to play legal hide-and-seek. Hundreds of such ploys may sprout all over the country. To balance soundly the good and bad aspects of removal is likely to give the Supreme Court a hairsplitting headache.

### LAW SCHOOLS

Stanford's Shiny Fish In its search for a replacement for

retiring Law Dean Carl B. Spaeth, Stanford University managed to maintain its record as a ferocious raider of Ivy League faculties. Yale's bright, articulate Bayless Manning, 41, rolled into Palo Alto last summer completely equipped with wife, four children, a black Porsche sports car, a worn set of Shakespeare, an Egyptian statue, a dagger that had been used in a Philinpine murder and a rapidly expanding reputation as one of the busiest young legal scholars in the business. Manning's former boss, Yale Law Dean Eugene V. Rostow, had already given warning of the prodigy he was sending west: "Manning is one of the shiniest fish ever to come out of the sea. He has the drive, charm and quickness to do anything

Bay Manning has been what Rostow



components we manufacture and assemble into the network will function perfectly with every other - and will operate long and reliably, some for up to 40 years. Close people-topeople teamwork of Bell Telephone Laboratories, the 21 Bell telephone companies, and Western Electric has made this dependability possible. Decades of working together have developed in each teammate the unique skills that provide you with telephone equipment and service that you can count on day-in, day-out. That's why Western Electric has been, since 1882, the manufacturing unit of the Bell System.



WESTERN ELECTRIC



BAYLESS MANNING A dean with a dream.

calls "a phenomenon" ever since he hurtled out of Fall River (Mass.) High School in 1940 with a scholarship and the intellectual agility to race through Yale at the head of his class only two years later. At 19, having learned Japanese with no visible effort, he became one of the Army cryptanalysts who helped to break the Japanese naval code, which cleared the decks for U.S. victory at Midway. When he graduated from Yale Law School in 1949, he was again No. 1 in his class and editor in chief of the Law Journal. After he clerked for Supreme Court Justice Stanley Reed, even that usually restrained jurist marked Manning as "exceptionally brilliant.

No Sulking, What admirers call his 'orderly intellect' persuaded Manning to spurn Wall Street for faster progress with a big Cleveland Law firm, in vis years, he became not only a formidate of the control of the cont

At Yale, Manning churred out pronoring articles on corporation law, organized fixely seminars on everything from state governments to Lain American jurisprudence. He rebuilt a Conoccupant of the control of the control of the control of the conporation law and persuade the state legstature to enact if. Fluorit in Spanish, to say nothing of Norwegian and Japanese. Manning hepela to organize the Peace Corps program in Lain Amerca. did research for the CEA, helped to the control of t the hanquet trail as the Yale law faculty's most zeadous rustler of alumni cash. Through it all, Manning stayed as cool and witty as ever. "He never bristles or sulks," says Rostow, "and he needs no soothing."

Well-Trained Outrage. Dean Manning sees Stanford Law (enrollment: 420) as "verging on the greatness of a Yale or a Harvard," exults in a fivefold rise in applications since 1958 that gives the school a golden chance for selectivity. He has expensive ambitions: a \$1,500,000 expansion of the school's skimpy law library, ten more teachers to allow the present 20-man faculty to branch out into such fields as international trade and Soviet law. Although the university itself has just raised a record \$113 million, Manning will need even more to fulfill his dream of "a great law school"-one that simultaneously trains working lawyers, leads in reforming the law, joins all scholars in philosophical inquiry and produces citizens "with a special capacity for outrage at injustice.

Alreads hard at work shaking Stanford-leaning money trees. Manning will also teach and do research on "how to preserve the integrity of local governments mulst a burgeoming national government and a toaring national economy." It all this late to keep him busy. California's education industry, while working out solutions for Southeast Asia in his spare time.

# THE SUPREME COURT

Are school boards constitutionally obliged to remedy school segregation caused by housing patterns? No. implied the Supreme Court last spring when it refused to review a lower-court decision permitting the Gary. Ind. board to ignore de latris segregation. Are school boards constitutionally empowered to centred the factor of they court when it refused to review a decision last week by the New York Court when It refused to review a decision last week by the New York Court of Appeals.

Unlike Gary, New York City's board of education had deliberately made pupils' race a consideration as it tried to "halance" a de Intrio school. It drew the attendance zone for a new Brooklyn junior high school in such a way that is pupils were equally divided among Negrees. Pherto Ricam and "others: for non-Puerto Ricam whites, but four white parents claimed that the plan we up a racial quota system that violated a state education law against school racial discrimination. Not so, countered call discrimination. Not so, countered and the state of the state of the state of the quota was designed only to balance the new school as the beginning. After that, the school would be open to any child of any race who fixed in or moved into

the school's area. A trial court ruled against the board, but the state's highest court found that the school zoning plan was fair, reasonable, and carefully aimed at avoiding segregation rather than enforcing it. Given such circumstances, ruled the court, the board is constitutionally permitted to zone new schools on the basis of race "in addition to other relevant factors." By refusing to review either the Gary or New York decisions, the only such cases that have thus far reached it, the Supreme Court, as predieted (TIME, Sept. 18), has held in effect that the Constitution currently gives school boards broad discretion to treat de tacto as local wisdom dietates.

### JURIES

### The Missing Case of Loving

The law has so few customers in West Texas' oil-rich, 647-sq.-mi, Loving County that no one has been put in jail there for the past five years. isolated are Loving's 160 citizens that the county seat of Mentone (pop. 50) was once suggested as the ideal place to get an impartial jury for Jack Ruby. Just how miserable that move would have made Loving was made clear in a rare order just handed down by State District Judge J. H. Starley, Confronted with a troublesome property deed case in Mentone. Judge Starley counted up Loving's grand total of 80 qualified jurors and banished the case to another county on the unusual ground that he could not possibly muster a Loving jury "without completely closing down the economic life of the county.



COUNTY COURTHOUSE IN MENTONE A trial could be an ordeal.



## STARTING NOV. 6 ON UNITED AIR LINES

Beginning Nov. 6, United shows wide-screen movies on Hawaiian flights. First-run feature films in color distributed by Inflight Motion Pictures, Inc. This new entertainment feature will be available to all passengers (no charge in First Class, only \$1 in Custom Coach and Economy). It's the best news in Hawaiian travel since \$100 fares from California. For a relaxing flight, call us or ask your Travel Agent to book you on United, the only airline with color movies to Hawaii. Coming soon on transcontinental flights: color movies and stereo.



### THE PRESS

### **NEWSPAPERS**

### **Changing Patterns**

Measured by almost any gauge, editorial response to the 1964 presidential race defies the patterns of the past. Ordinarily, most papers reserve their endorsements for the final weeks of the campaign: this year side choosing began in July. Despite such evidence of strong and early partisan sentiment. more newspapers than ever before have decided to endorse neither candidate: a poll by Editor & Publisher magazine shows that one in three papers is a fence sitter, as against one in four in 1960. And a press establishment that has been as high as 67.3% Republi-can (in 1962, only 57.7% in 1960) has made Lyndon Johnson the first Democratic presidential candidate in modern times to get a majority of editorial support.

Conceol the Chorus, Behind these statisties, other patterns have taken shape. The illusion of neutrality, for instance, was only that, since nearly all of the fence-sitting papers have made plain which way they lean. And the unprecedented volume of Johnson endorsements could not conceal the fact that the chorus of approval fell noticeably

short of enthusiasm.

The papers were not wild about Lyndon; they were wildly against Barry. Under an editorial headed "Lyndon Johnson for President," the San Francisco Chronicle did little more than tee off on Goldwater. "We are convinced that Barry Goldwater's political ways of life contradiets almost everything the Chronicle has stood and fought for."

Catching the Small Fry, As the final tally took shape. Johnson seemed to be getting most of the big papers and Barry most of the little ones, Last week. for example, along with the Chronicle. Johnson got the Philadelphia Evening Bulletin, the Milwaukee Journal and the Detroit Free Press-which had to break a 15-week silence to register its choice. Strike-bound since July (see following story), the Free Press ran off several hundred copies of its presidential endorsement and sent them to wire services and community leaders. Goldwater, in the meanwhile, picked up such smaller papers as the Springfield. Mass., Union, the Titusville, Pa., Her-ald and the Newburgh, N.Y., Evening News.

But besides the hig ones, Johnson has also landed his share of small fry: last week he gained the Ulica, NIV. Observer-Dispatch and the five-paper Lindsuy-Schaub chain in Illinois. All Barry, Goldwarer has made a tew hig catches. His papers now include the Lox Angeles Times, the Chreago Trib-Lox Angeles Times, the Chreago Trib-Land, Calif., Tribune and the Kichmond News Leader.

STRIKES

15th Week in Detroit

Detroit has had nine newspaper strikes in nine years, but never before has a shutdown lasted longer than the new that multided the News and the hefore has the prospect of settlement looked bleaker. Except for minor concessions, the two sides remained just lar apart as they were when Freeman Frazee, president of the Detroit one other union, the paper and plate and the prospection of the paper and plate and the prospective processions, which is a support of the paper and plate one other union, the paper and plate could be promisely the paper and plate the paper and plate that the paper and plate the paper and plate that the paper and plate



Indifference to silence.

ing Saturdays. The papers have been equally adamant in refusing them.

The strike has had a curious reaction: each passing week made it clearer that Detroit was not only able to get along without its main papers; it did not even seem to miss them. Instead of mourning the loss of important advertising outlets. the city's merchants have merely increased their ad budgets in the suburban press. Department-store sales for August-September are up by 15% over the same months a year ago. Allied Theaters, an association of movie houses, which might once have regarded newspaper ads as vital crowd-collectors, reported its best summer yet. Public indifference to the strike is so

general, in fact, that Governor George Romney scenis to be the only man in Michigan working overtime to end it. But the Governor's special Strike Commission gave up in despair, called it "a naked power struggle, increasing in intensity as the strike is prolonged."

The silence of the News and the Free Press has hurt Romney less than it has hurt Neil Staebler, his Democratic opponent, who needs a big-city sounding baard because Democratic office seekes, must count on a heavy Wayne County majority (Detroit and sahurisy) to where in the state. Thus there was little surprise last week when the effort to solve the strike was shifted to Washington—where influential Democrats are presumably cager to come to the help of Neil Staebler. Both sides were to panel of federal mediators.

It was the first slightly optimistic note in the impasse. No one was yet ready to say that the end to Detroit's longest and bitterest newspaper strike was even in sight but both sides at least were talking.

#### MAGAZINES

Looking for a Solution

The special meeting of Curris Publishing Co. 5:15-mm hoard had been called to find a ridy solution to a very untidy corporate problem: the revolt against President and Board Chairman Matthew J. Culligan (Tibur, Oct. 16), who had been accused of mismanagement by a 17-man crew led by Editor in Chief Clay Blair Jr. and Marvin D. Kantor, head of the magazine divition of the control of the control of the board added up to something dess than a final solution.

Out as president and chief executive officer, stepped Joe Culligan—although he was allowed to stay on as board chartman. Installed as a new Curis executive vice president was Raymond Depen McGrandhan. 50, onetime president of the Wilshire Oil Co. in Las summer, a vice president of the Times-Mirror Co., whose properties include the Los Angeles Times.

Kantor and Blair, who were suspended from duty after the rebellion came to light, remained in limbo. Also suspended "for the good of the company were Norman Ritter, assistant managing editor of the Saturday Evening Post, and Thomas R. Marvel, the magazine's production chief. The other dissident executives remained on their jobs. No one took Culligan's place as president; that breach was temporarily filled by Executive Vice President John Mel ean Clifford, a Culligan appointee. Boston Financier Serge Semenenko, who put together last year's consortium of banks that lent Curtis \$35 million, continued to insist he had made a good invest-

In Los Angeles, Curtis's new director. Raymond McGranahan, asked a favor of newsmen. "Please don't call me a troubleshooter," he said, "That has a bad connotation, and also troubleshooters are expendable. Fin in the position to help Curtis with their problems. They have more problems than it's fair for anyone to have at one tine."

ment, Curtis, said Semenenko, "can be

restored to health."



# Change—for the better!

That's the guiding philosophy of our Research Department whenever it comes to analyzing any investor's portfolio.

As a matter of policy, Research has no sales axe to grind, came into being as a service for investors-always feels free to "eall them as it sees them."

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### MILESTONES

Married, Jean Ronald Cietty, 34, Jean Paul's son, who runs the German subsidiary (Veedol) of daddy's Tidewater Oil Co.; and Karin Seibl, 21, daughter of a German appliance wholesaler; in

Died, William Jackson, 59, librarian of Harvard's famed rare-book Houghton Library, known to his colleagues as "Our Grand Acquisitor," who trebled the library's collection of historical and literary documents and tracked down a copy of the first book printed on each of the seven continents; of a heart attack: in Boston.

Died, Marshal Sergei Birvuzov, 60. Chief of the General Staff and third in command of the Soviet Army, one of Russia's top missile experts; in a plane crash that killed six other high-ranking officers; near Belgrade, where they were to celebrate the anniversary of Yugoslavia's liberation from the Nazis.

Died, James P. Mitchell, 63, Eisenhower's Secretary of Labor, who won union applause by opposing right-towork laws and boosting the minimum wage to \$1 an hour, but had less success with the voters in New Jersey, losing the 1961 race for Governor to Demoerat Richard Hughes; of a heart attack: in Manhattan.

Died, Frank Luther Mott, 78, dean 1942 to 1951, historian of the U.S. press (A History of American Magazines: American Journalism, 1690-1950), author of an entertaining study of the country's alltime bestselling books (Golden Multitudes); in Columbia, Mo.

Died, Charles Seabrook, 83, pioneer in trozen foods, a New Jersey tarmer who in 1930 packed lima beans in dry ice, after finding that they thawed fresh as ever, teamed up with Seafood Freezer Clarence Birdseve to perfect the quick-freezing of vegetables, icing away everything from spinach to succotash under 150 labels (best known: Snow Crop. Seabrook Farms), to build a \$25 million annual business; after a

Died, Herbert Hoover, 90, 31st President of the U.S.; in Manhattan (see THE NATIONAL

Died, Herman Doehler, 92, inventor of modern die-casting, who in 1906 patented a process for injecting molten metal under pressure between the halves of a steel die that proved quicker and more precise than hand-poured sand castings, thus paving the way for mass production of all manner of products and making Doehler Die Casting Co. (later Doehler-Jarvis) the biggest in the field; of uremia; in Manhattan.





## Shuttle service to space station and moon base

Looking well beyond the immediate goals of its man-in-space program, the National Aeronautics and Space Administration is already at work on the practical aspects of supporting manned space stations and moon bases, Here, for example, are two advanced studies Lockheed research recently completed for NASA:

From Lockheed-California Company comes a concept for a reusable orbital transport (top illustration). It would carry 10 passengers on regular schedules between earth and space station. The two-stage craft would take off horizontally on a rocket-powered ground sled. After boosting the vehicle into the upper atmosphere, the lower stage would separate and be flown back to earth by its two-man crew. The upper stage would continue to its rendezvous with the space station, then be flown back to earth with returning passengers.

thottom illustration) was developed by Lockheed Missiles & Space Company. Once put into orbit around earth, it

LOCKHEED

many years. The command module, bringing passengers up from earth, would lock onto the ferry. Driven by nuclear power, the ferry would go into orbit around the moon 72 hours later. Upon return to earth, the command module would again detach, while the ferry would be left in orbit, there to be serviced and refueled for the next flight.

would make round trips to the moon for

Typical examples of the research afoot throughout lookheed. Both demonstrate the unique ability of America's great aerospace companies to put research results to practical use.

# STOCKBROKER TO KNOW

### Reuben Thorson gets you through to the top

From his "command post" on Chicago's busy South LaSalle Street, Reuben Thorson maintams a pulsating network of communications with the men who make mid-America really hum. As a director of many companies in such diverse fields as electronics, business equipment and insurance. he knows the practical, working end of

This first hand experience, plus the financial sophistication gained over torty years as a successful stockbroker and investment banker, give Reuben Thorson the area ability to judge the inner strengths and weakensess of a company. He uses this hard wen knowledge daily to help both companies seeking new capital and investors with money to put to work.

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The New York Stock Exchange



Reulien Thorson joined our turn in 1931 as manager of the Chicago office, and became a Pattner in 1936 Todas to exchannan or our policy (committee and supervises our western offices Mr Horson is a troopie sharman of both the Midwest Stock Exchange and the Chicago Association of Stock Exchange Turns.

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MAKAN MARIOND BERERY BIRK CHAPILAND COLUMBES CONCORD DEBROY DEBUTE LEE CARRING CITY CANAD RATHER BACHOOD DIGITATION OF THE CONTROL OF THE CON

TIME, OCTOBER 30, 1964

### U.S. BUSINESS

### THE ECONOMY

### Still Robust in the Third

Profit tor everyone—this is what our profit system, our private enterprise system, our private risk system can and must accomplish.

As it speeds toward the end of the most prosperous year in history, the U.S. economy has gone far toward reaching that goal. After 44 months of heady expansion, in which corporate profits have soured about 50%. U.S. companies last week began releasing third-quarter earnings that guaranteed more shattered records—and then some Frold figures in the third quarter the first time to pass 532 billion for the first time.

This well-being has been profitable for the entire economy, as corporations spend and expand, but it has also been shared in none-positic, the shared in superpositic income has risen steadily, and many excutives will come in for fat homese this year. Last week the Commerce Department reported that cash dividends to stockholders have increased 10% stone the first of the year.

marks. Robust increases were reported by such varied companies as Alcoa (up 19% over 1963's third quarter). American Cyanamid (24%). Caterpillar Tractor (76%). Continental Can (26%). Eastman Kodak (39%). IBM (12%). Polaroid (83%) and Weyer-

Nearly every industry is setting new

(12%). Polaroid (83%) and Weyerhaeuser (123%). Steelmakers, who face labor negotiations next spring, were pleased but slightly red-faced about their spectacular profits: Republic up 79%. Jones & Laughlin up 97%. Youngstown Sheet & Tube up 180%.

There were also losers, of course, While American Tobacco and Liggett & Myers forged ahead with sizable earnings increases, Lorillard slipped in ninemonth earnings despite a third-quarter gain and R. J. Reynolds suffered a 12% setback in profits. Strikes caused a sharp 71% break in Kennecott's profits, and Chrysler sputtered into a 50% decline because of unusually high change-over costs. These were the exceptions, but the good news contained a dividend of hope for them too. The current quarter. which is usually among the year's most profitable for many corporations, is sure to be even better than the third.

### LABOR

#### The Strike Toll

The auto strike was scheduled to end this week, but its effects will be left for months to come. After President Johnson warned that a continuation of the freeweek stoppage would "jeopardize the continuous upward thrust of our economy," Walter Reuther finally went into action. He convened the union's



Much of the loss was permanent.

General Motors council, won their raticitation of the national agreement and scheduled a nationwide membership vote to approve the centract. Local unions that had not yet signed contracts—there were still 33 of them at week's end—could still remain on strike, but the still remain on strike, but the still remain on strike, but they can expect no further encountries.

Most Government economists believe that the G.M. strike will not cause the economy any permanent damage, but the critical point is fast approaching. New car sales have dipped 20.5% below 1963's pace, and the Federal Reserve's industrial production index for October is expected to show a drop of nearly two points-its first decline in more than a year-as a result of the strike. General Motors has already lost production of some 400,000 autos worth nearly \$1 billion, and although some of the loss will be made up in later sales. a good part of it is permanent. The strike has also begun to affect most of G.M.'s 33,000 suppliers, who depend on the auto giant alone for more than \$7 hillion in sales each year. Many scheduled short work weeks, but others -such as American Metal Products and A. O. Smith-closed down some of their production facilities and laid off thousands of employees.

As usual, it will take most union members more than a year to make up in new benefits what they lost in wages during the strike. He 306,000 G.M. workers lost more than \$170 million, and payment of molest strike benefits depleted the U.A.W.'s 867 million strike than \$150 million. The loss than \$150 million, the loss than \$150 million with the strike than \$150 million. The loss in communities with heavy concentrations of G.M. plants, where retail sales

slumped and loan applications rose. In Pontiac, Mich., where hundreds of auto trailers stood empty and desolate, a butcher in a U.A.W. neighborhood noted that no one was buying his T-bone steak; sally ground it into hamburger.

### CORPORATIONS

### New Life in an Old Giant

Any company that makes both reactors for nuclear submarines and \$1.25 magnets for extracting wire and nails from cows' stomachs has some claim to diversity-and Westinghouse Electric claims to be the world's most diversified company. The oldest electronics firm and the second biggest producer of electrical equipment (after General Flectric) in the U.S., Westinghouse makes 8,000 different products in 300,-000 variations. The company's 59 divisions, with their 64 plants spread through 20 states, daily confront almost every American with some Westinghouse product, from 6,000 types of light bulbs to the output of five TV and seven radio stations.

Such diversity usually pays off in today's kaleidoscopic economy, but Westinghouse's sales in recent years have been stagnant and its profits falling. Like the dinosaur, the company became too big, too contented and too slowmoving to change with changing con-ditions. It hadly needed a prod-and it got a powerful one in Donald Clemens Burnham, who took over as president 15 months ago after six years as manufacturing vice president. Even Burnham, 49, professes surprise at what he has been able to do. Sales rose 6.2% and profits 30% in this year's first nine months, and this week Burnham presents even better news to his board of directors: 1964 sales should hit a record of more than \$2.2 billion and profits

No. Long Memos. Burnham is a rangy, mild-amanered mechanical engineer who seriously invisits to his employees that he wants "work to be fun"—and sets something of an example by putting in an \$3.0-to-6 day, rarely taking work home air night or on weekends. But he knows how to widel both the as and the scepter—and he has found enough time in ordinary work days to sturnbering Westinghouse has leaped to life. When he took over after the resistance of the students of the student



WESTINGHOUSE'S BURNHAM

nation of the late Mark Cresap, says Burnham, "I didn't have to think long about what I was going to do,"

Without hiring any outside talentnot even a management consultant to advise him-Burnham got to work on Westinghouse's fat and dust-covered corporate structure. He reshuffled ten top executives into new jobs, split up the centralized chain of command to give everyone more responsibilities, created a president's council in which he and his lieutenants can make decisions without indulging in the long delays and lengthy memos that once characterized Westinghouse. He slashed costs by more than \$20 million by getting rid of 3,825 white-collar employees, shaved inventories by \$8,000,000 with a telecomputer center outside Westinghouse's Pittsburgh headquarters that flashes orders to far-flung warehouses and reminds them to restock.

To Mars & Venus. Westinghouse produces salt-water-conversion plants that can make 50 million gallons of Iresh water a day and bacteria-killing bulbs that give no light the human eye can see, is also working on a nuclear engine that may some day power spaceships to Mars and Venus. Under Burnham.

its mones-tosing heavy-electrical-equipment division is again profiliable (thanks in part to price boosts), and its longneglected consumer division will finish much." says Burnham! for the first time in several years. Westinghouse has developed dozens of new consumer products; including push-har radios, a selfstarting can opener, and an electrical a rocket and sixts on a launchine nad.

There are still some skeptics who feel that Westinghouse has a fair way to go before it becomes as sharp and profitable as it should be: Burnham himself admits that the company is "just making a first step." Wall Street's revived interest in the firm has sent its stock from 291 to 43 since June, and two sophisticated investment companies. Lehman Corp. and the One William Street Fund, have just bought \$9,800,-000 worth of Westinghouse stock. For all that. Don Burnham will probably get no better testimonial than the one offered last week by former Chairman Gwilym A. Price, 69, who retired in lion this year. A dozen major manufacturers as diverse as Royal Methee and Eastman Kedak are in it, and many other giants; including IBMA are looking. All of them are trying to copy of the far-should leader. Kerws Corp., whose earnings for the first nine months of 1964 have irsen 59%. Having pioneered an electrostatic process that requires neither special paper nor chemiture out-seven to eight captures. The trying at about 34e earning the special paper and the tart out-seven to eight captures a minute at about 34e earning the special paper and the seven tarts out-seven to eight captures a minute at about 34e earning the seven to eight captures at the seven that the seven to eight captures at the seven to eight captures at the seven to the seven to eight captures at the seven to eight c

In Los Angeles, Addressograph-Multigraph's Bruning Division showed off two electrostatic models that if claims can produce copies at half the cost and twice the speed of Xerox machines but that require special paper. American Photocopy demonstrated its new "Dial-X-Copy." which has a telephone-like dial on which the user can order from one to ten copes, and SCM



TELECOMPUTER CENTER NEAR PITTSBURGH
The dinosaur got a powerful prod.

April and was not replaced. Said Price:
"Don Burnham is realistic and downto-earth, and he did a few simple things that made a wonderful world of difference. The company now has a spirit of confidence and loyalty to a degree that didn't exist before."

### INDUSTRY

### The Copy Break

The newest fad in U.S. business offices is the copy break-that unguarded moment when clerk or perhaps even vice president slips over to the office copying machine, quietly reproduces everything from old love letters to check stubs. Half a million U.S. offices now have one or more copying machines. which this year will turn out well over 10 billion copies, or 50 for each person in the nation. Last week in I os Angeles, the copying industry demonstrated its wares at the annual exposition of the Business Equipment Manufacturers Association-and the large and versatile family of machines on hand showed that an already crowded field is in for some fierce competition.

The business has been growing by 20% a year, is expected to hit \$480 mil-



ROCKET TOOTHBRUSH

(Smith Corona-Marchant) showed its similar, dial-operated Model 44, 3M displayed six specialized machines that produce by means of heat and light sensitivity; one turns out single copies on heat-sensitive paper for about 31e, and another produces 40 copies a minute on

ordinary paper for about 1c each. Xerox, which puts 10% of its sales into research, also has some innovations on the way. Perhaps pushed by the competition, it has just demonstrated a highspeed, high-volume machine that will not be marketed until next year-but will produce up to 2,400 copies an hour. The company has also begun to lease its new LDX model, which instantly transmits copies between offices as far as 4,000 miles apart. Perhaps optimistically. Xerox figures that it will continue indefinitely to supply close to half of the nation's copying machines. It can be fairly certain about one thing: the market for copies will grow as tast as the competition. Paper has proliferated so much in U.S. corporations that it costs tens of billions of dollars yearly to handle, \$5 billion to file. The temptation to multiply paperwork is so great that those totals are expected to double in the next decade.

## "Knowledgeable service from the management level to the toolbox"

# **Wausau Story**

by GLEN MAXON, Sr., Chairman of the Board, and GLEN MAXON, Jr., Vice President and Treasurer.

"As a company, we feel a responsibility for the safety of our people. And because an essential part of our business is determining time and costs before undertaking work, we, particularly, can ill afford accidents.

The answer, of course, is insurance. But simply matching dollars to risks is not enough in this industry. What's needed is an insurance carrier with thorough understanding of our operations and what action we should take to reduce accident frequency and severity

Employers Mutuals of Wausau is just such an insurer. They know the construction field inside and out, and our company's coverage needs from top to bottom. They offer sound advice for our administrative personnel, effective guidance for our workers, and fast, efficient claims service wherever we're on a job. Since the early thirties when Employers Mutuals covered some tough Mississippi River dam jobs for us, they've proved to be 'good people to do business with'."

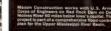
Employers Mutuals of Wausau writes group health and and casualty insurance, including auto, and is one of the largest and most experienced underwriters of workmen's compensation. See your telephone directory or write us in Wausau, Wisconsin.

The Maxons, Junior and Senior, at site of La Co Boiling, Water Reactor, Joint project of Atomic F mission and Dairyland Power Cooperative will dev



# **Employers Mutuals** of Wansan

164 Offices Coast to Coast "Good people to do business with





### MANAGEMENT

### With a Little Stock And a Lot of Cheek

For all too many U.S. companies. the annual stockholders' meeting in recent years has become a raucous cross between a stage show and a shouting match. Profanity and horn honking disrupted Communications Satellite Corp.'s session last month. President Darryl F. Zanuck had to outshout hecklers-one of whom came dressed as Cleopatraat the 20th Century-Fox Films meeting, and shareowners peppered management of the A. & P. with a talkathon that included a suggestion that it make cottage cheese easier to find in its stores. Usually armed with a little bit of stock and a lot of cheek, professional scolds seldom miss a chance to bait corporate officers, make speeches and generally turn the spotlight on themselves.

To Investment Banker Sidney J. Weinberg, senior partner in Manhattan's Goldman Sachs & Co. and once a director of 35 companies the has cut it to six), all this corporate tolerance is no laughing matter. Annual meetings are becoming a "circus," says Weinberg, thanks to "publicity-seeking characters who attend primarily to ask impertinent, irrelevant, sometimes abusive questions. This kind of behavior must be stopped right now, before stockholders lose respect for management. The vast majority of stockholders resent these characters. I was delighted when many companies that dispensed free lunches and free products at meetings stopped it, but the situation is growing worse. As a result of the notoriety. other people are training themselves to follow in their footsteps." Weinberg's advice to corporate officers; insist on decorum, cut stockholders off after "one or two questions," firmly rule irrelevant gibes out of order and keep the names and pictures of gadflies out of postmeeting reports.

#### CREDIT

### The Importance of Being in Debt

More U.S. consumers are more heavily in debt than ever before, but the burden seems to rest lightly on the nation's shoulders. By buying his furniture and house on the installment plan, charging his clothes, sending his kids to college on a loan, and taking off on a fly-now-pay-later vacation, the American consumer has piled up a truly phenomenal \$280 billion debt-and is rapidly adding to it. Families are up to their eaves in \$190 billion worth of mortgages, also bear another \$76 billion in various consumer debts. One household in two has to meet installment payments on appliances, furniture, the car or personal loans. Nearly everyone shares in the \$17 billion debt burden spawned by credit cards, charge accounts, single-payment loans and other short-term credit. While their grandfathers would have considered them reckless and irresponsible, these on-the-cuff customers have stimulated the current economic expansion and are turning the U.S. into the world's first credit-based society.

The recent was growth of this debt has led to new concern by Government and economists about just how far it can go without danger. The Government has threatened to tighten credit getting out of hand, and Joseph W. Barr, chairman of the Federal Deposit Instrument Corp. has suggested that Congress next year undertake a thorough examination of the whole credit ough examination of the whole credit prove enlightening, but few business-men and bankers, who are mostly the



ones who grant the credit, feel that it is necessary, so long as incomes and employment keep rising—as they have been doing steadily—the lenders are not concerned about current consumer delth. In fact, asys Conrad Jamison, economist for Los Angeles' Security list is more favorable than ever for people to esout on a limb."

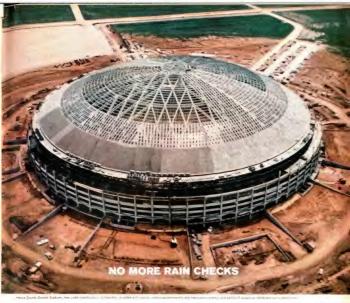
Instant Cash. Convinced of this. many businessmen are busy encouraging their customers to plunge more deeply into debt, and producing new and delightful ways in which they can do it. At the Emporium, San Francisco's largest department store, salesclerks have standing orders to encourage each customer who presents cash -which seems to lower one's status in many big stores-to open a charge account. To show how painless borrowing can be, a Los Angeles finance company runs a TV commercial of a man speaking into a pay telephone: "I wanted to ask, could I borrow-" At that point, money pours out of the phone, filling the booth.

Even statal banks, which used to leave most consumer credit to others, are hombarding enstomers with new easylean plans. In the competition for auto leans, which account for nearly half of all installment delte, banks have gold abead of the auto-finance companies by offering lower interest rates. Shill be competition grows. Followith Ford and Chrysler have stup their wor rests with the competition of the competition of the comservation of the competition of the comtained the comtained the competition of the comtained the comtained the competition of the comtained the comtaine

The consumer, for his part, is eager to try new ways of going into debt. One increasingly popular method is for a homeowner to refinance his old mortgage, thus getting from the bank, in effect, a new loan equaling what he had already paid off on the old mortgage. New forms of charge accounts, including those that can be repaid in installments, have become so widespread that 65% of all department-store sales are now charged. Many stores are also encouraging today's affluent teen-agers to take out special charge accounts. To speed the wheels of the credit society. an Alexandria, Va., firm last week introduced a compact electronic system called Credac that will check a customer's credit within ten seconds when fed the number of his charge account.

Patriotic Duty, Credit cards have grown steadily, opening ever wider possibilities of pay-later living for businessmen, travelers and impulse buyers, who now owe a fancy \$656 million. The cards can now be used like cash at most airports, hotels, restaurants and shops, and credit-card companies are scrambling to arrange more uses. The 1.250,000 holders of Diners' Club cards can charge an African safari, and credit cards are now used to get haircuts, buy theater tickets and rent mink coats. The Carte Blanche card can be flashed as an instant credit reference at 1,300 U.S. hospitals: just wave your card at the

ambulance attendant. So far, the only uneasy signs that credit may be reaching its limit are the growing number of mortgage foreclosures and personal bankrupteies-but neither has reached a disturbing level. Most Americans are so conditioned to first-of-the-month check writing that serious lapses in meeting payments are surprisingly few; bad debts total less than one-quarter of 1% of sales. Thanks in part to the tax cut. Americans now apply a record 14% of their available spending money to debt repayment. while at the same time increasing savings and building up personal assets faster than debt. Though consumers are taking on installment debts at the rate of \$65 billion this year, the percentage increase is actually less than last year. But consumer credit is expected to take off on an even faster upward spiral next year as more and more new families keep forming and -like true red-blooded Americansgoing into debt.



From swimming pools to superdomes . . . plastics are probing one new field after another. National City salutes the dynamic growth of this young industry.

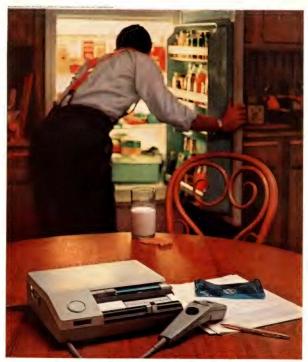
Neither rain nor heat nor cold will ever bother fans or satile material. Today, plastics is a major industry. And as industry. You see more and more applications of this ver- to play an equally helpful part for your business.

players in Houston's new domed stadium. Thanks in with so many major industries, National City's nation-wide large part to plastics, this domed arena will provide and world-wide financial services have aided in its growth. pleasantly packaged weather 365 days a year. Plastics are Our total banking-an all-encompassing range of facilities, booming everywhere. Look around your home. Look at resources, experience for every corporate need-is available

# FIRST NATIONAL CITY BANK







At nine a. m. tomorrow, he'll be half a day ahead

In the quiet hours at home, you can get the jump on tomorrow's detail work—correspondence, memos, reports. The new, automatic Time-Master is the answer. It's a dictating machine built for rugged office use, and so portable (weight just over 7 pounds) you can carry it home. It uses the exclusive Dictabelt with "sound you can see." Find how the advanced Time-Master can put you ahead of your time. Call your Dictaphone representative for a demonstration.

**Dictaphone** 

#### WORLD BUSINESS

#### WESTERN EUROPE

#### Neocapitalism

The widening prosperity of Western Europe has altered not only the Continent's face but its mentality as well. This is nowhere truer than in the field of economics, where Europe is witnessing a transformation that ranks in importance with the birth of the Common Market and the march of American firms into Europe. The phenomenon needed a name-and the Italians have given it one. "What we have created. says Emilio Pucci, the Florentine fashion marquis who also sits in the Italian Parliament, "is neocapitalism,

private enterprise, extensive socialwelfare programs and selective government intervention-a syncretism of capitalism's proven methods with some of socialism's less extreme aims. It has already made doctrinaire Marxism outdated, changed many socialists into business-minded pragmatists and made social workers out of many capitalists. Though Britain's victorious Labor Party leaned farther to the left than was expected in setting up a government last week (see THE WORLD), its reassurances to private enterprise are typical of the change. Said Laborite Douglas Jay, new president of the Board of Trade: "This government starts with no prejudice or hias whatever against private husiness."

Though the marriage of philosophies often has its rough moments-as it is sure to have in Britain-neocapitalism is not the result of a shotgun wedding Right after World War II, many Western Europeans tended to associate socialism with reform and considered capitalism a dirty word. Then postwar free enterprise and the market economy demonstrated that they could raise the standard of living to an undreamed-of level of prosperity. The forces of the left, which had staked their political future on voter disillusionment with capitalism, were stymied

No More Preaching, Faced with capitalism's success, the left adopted many of its basic tenets. Italy's Socialists are plugging their responsibilities to businessmen in the campaign for next month's elections, and even the Communists have given up preaching collectivization to workers who drive their own Fiats to the plants, "Neocapital-ism," says Marchese Pucci, "is a system in which workers and management find common interests." Says Pierre Auguste Cool, president of Belgium's Christian Trade-Unions: "If I were to tell my members that capitalism is a threat, they would advise me to see a doctor.

While prosperity has dissipated the left's enmity for capitalism, private enterprise in Europe has undergone some changes itself. It has rejected its narrow prewar devotion to low wages.

high prices, restricted markets and forbidding tariffs, and is openly trying to emulate U.S. business. Instead of producing a fimited number of high-cost for a market composed of the rich. I urope's new capitalists have created a mass consumer market based on economy-sized ears, readymade clothing, expanding paychecks and easy installment plans. In doing so, they have not only doubled production while reducing the work week since 1950, but have created across the Continent a new breed of property owners who tend to be more conservative simply because they have more to conserve.

Buried Antagonisms, Both business and labor have sought to bury their ancient antagonisms, and the presence of

banks, many French industrialists embrace "Le Plan"-the government's program for expanding certain industries and restraining others. Governments own outright most of Italian oil and steel. French automaking and banking, British coal and gas, as well as the larger part of Europe's shipping, railroads and broadcasting. Continental businessmen, many of them connected with Catholic-oriented political parties -as in Italy, Belgium and Germanyhave also been influenced by the softening of the Catholic Church's position on socialism, as evidenced by Pope John's encyclical Mater et Magistra.

Dead Issue, More important in the long run is the increasing reluctance to turn to nationalization, almost all of





An end to ancient enmities, a new sharing of interests.

U.S. firms and methods in Europe has helped. In Britain, for example, Esso has introduced productivity bonuses for its workers. In Sweden, which has not suffered a major strike since 1953, managers and labor leaders meet yearly to decide upon wage guidelines for all industry. With its top members on most major corporate boards and a \$250 million treasury to invest, the West German Trade Union Federation has beens of businesses, from the country's biggest housebuilder to a supermarket chain. Last week. Building Workers Chief Georg Leber presented Chancelfor Ludwig Erhard with an ambitious plan under which management would channel 1.5% of labor's wages into a huge investment fund that would later pay benefits to the workers.

Europe's businessmen, on the other hand, have softened their opposition to government involvement in private enterprise. Sir I eon Bagrit, the computer king of Britain's Elliott-Automation, has campaigned to get the government to take a greater interest in modernizing industry. Even the British Conservatives have called for more centralized planning. In order to get loans from state which took place before 1945. Nobody expects much more of it in the future. Britain's Laborites will try to renationalize steel, but will probably leave private industry in general untouched: most politicians on the Continent are extremely careful about how they use the word nationalization. Says Lars Erik Thunholm, president of Stockholm's Skandinaviska Bank: "The nationalization of industry is a dead issue as long as private enterprise shows the ability to continue expanding the economy. There is no sign that Europe's neocapitalists, who have gathered new strength from the fusion of ideas and methods, are about to lose that ability.

#### LATIN AMERICA

#### To Get Bolder or Give Up In Bogotá, the urbane and rainy

capital of Colombia, 300 Latin American revolutionaries are meeting to plan an overthrow. Their target is not a paunchy dictator but a better-entrenched foe; the tariffs and trade barriers that divide Latin America. Their spearhead is the ambitious, ninenation Latin American Free Trade Association, which so far in its four-year

history has talked tall but acted small. As its two-month-long annual meeting began last week, the delegates muttered "stagnation" and "frustration." about agreed that LAFIA has reached a decisive point at which it must either get bolder or give up.

Fear for Infants. The LAFTA members have lowered tariffs on an impressive total of 8,500 items, but most of the cuts have affected goods that are neither important nor hotly competitive. Though trade within LAFTA has risen from \$660 million in 1961 to an estimated \$1.1 billion this year, it still amounts to only 9% of the members foreign commerce-a lower share than a decade ago. In an effort to bring about a genuine common market, the itive to nonexistent, and shipping is in short supply. "To intensify trade, Ecuador's National Planner Raúl Paez Calle, "we must have an infrastructure of communications, transport, power supply and, perhaps more important, a

human infrastructure."

Proof of Wisdom, Despite all those problems. LAFTA could still make considerable progress if it were really willing to try. Mexico, for example, has increased its LAFTA trade fourfold since 1960, figures that it could buy still ten times more from the area. And if LAFTA wants proof of what wise action can accomplish, it need only observe the separate four-year-old Central American Common Market, whose five small members faced even greater man, the greying, nattily dressed Lettenroth, 57, has become such a master of his market that competing corporations willingly share his services-a practice universally avoided in the U.S. Standard's 62 clients include two appliance companies, two steel mills and three drug companies, in addition to such prestigious firms as Shell, Pirelli and Helena Rubinstein. Last week Standard went to work on two more major plums: a government campaign to popularize a new anti-inflation, salary-withholding hond, and another to promote the National Housing Bank, recently organized to finance lower-class housing.

Saints & Sexpots, Situated in both Rio de Janeiro and São Paulo, the agenev and its 300 employees shrewdly tailor advertising to two markets. Brazil's richest consumers are in the "Golden Triangle" that stretches from Rio and São Paulo to Belo Horizonte. To stir them, Standard turns out sophisticated pitches that any Manhattan agency would proudly claim. For Rhodia fabrics. Leuenroth photographed Brazilian models wearing Rhodia clothes in Rome and Tokyo to convince women that Brazilian-made rayons and cottons are as smart as imports. In a nation where saints and sexpots remain the surest advertising approach at any level, Standard hoisted the Barki clothing company's sales with pictures of luscious girls wearing only Barki men's trousers or

In the isolated back country, Standard takes a different approach, "They don't know how to read and write," says Leuenroth, "But they know how to talk and listen." Standard sells Alka-Seltzer in the back country with simple commercials blared from 250-watt radio stations or where there is no radio, over loudspeakers set up in village squares. In towns so remote that they lack electricity. Standard stencils brand names on walls or uses airplanes to drop advertising leaflets wrapped around candy. It also uses simple car-

toons with as little wording as possible. Beggars & Admen. I evenroth learned advertising from his father. Eugenio. who opened an agency 52 years ago when, he says, businessmen commonly hung out such signs as: "Beggars and advertising men seen only on Wednesday." Eugenio Leuenroth's first "campaign" was a three-inch newspaper display for SKF ball bearings, but by 1923 he had signed some overseas giants, including Ford. Cicero joined the business after graduating from Columbia University ('25), now runs it with the advisory help of his 80-yearold father, who still visits the office daily. With business bustling, Cicero has branched into philanthropy, recently organized a "free enterprise commisthat is designed to help small businessmen open shops. "The adver-tising man," he explains, "must think of his responsibility to the people." And, of course, it will not hurt if some of those small businessmen grow up to be

big advertisers.



Exclusivamente para homens

SARKI BARKI

CICERO & EUGENIO LEUENROTH

STANDARD'S TROUSER AD Commercials and candy rain from the sky.

1.AFTA delegates at Bogotá will consider several proposals. One plan would trim all tariffs by 10% a year; a more popular proposal calls for 12% cuts by LAFTA's most advanced members (Argentina, Brazil, Mexico), ranging down to only 4% reductions by its least developed countries (Paraguay and Feuador). Even with that, the less developed countries tear that their infant industries would be wiped out by a flood of imports from the more advanced nawho then would dominate tions LAFTA.

A good deal more than tariffs serves to retard trade within LAFTA. Political and monetary upheavals discourage long-range trade deals, and export financing is hard to come by in Latin America's tight capital markets. The Latin nations produce roughly the same kinds of basic commodities, sell little to one another. Railroads, highways and ports in many areas range from prim-

\* Embracing Mexico and all the independent South American countries except Bolivia and

disadvantages. They have drastically lowered tariffs across the board and started several regional organizations. Now they are talking about common currency, transportation, education

#### BRA7II

#### Master of His Market

Many a Madison Avenue man would be driven to five-martini lunches by the demands and problems of advertising in Brazil. Of the country's 76 million people, 50% are illiterate and, besides, too poor to buy mass magazines. There is no national television, radio or newspaper. Inflation is so rampant that prices sometimes change overnight. All these handicaps have proved, however, to be advantages for a fast-moving Brazilian named Cicero Leuenroth, who has built his Standard Propaganda into Brazil's largest advertising agency by combining Madison Avenue drive and efficiency with a deep understanding of

the special needs of Brazil's consumers. The grandson of an immigrant Ger-



#### The future President of the United States deserves Mass Mutual protection

wind up at 1600 Pennsylvania Avenue. Or on Wall Street. Or even on the moon.

But whatever he may become, you want to give him the best start possible. That takes planning-now. The kind of planning that means knowing your kids will have a good chance - whatever may happen to you. The kind your Mass Mutual man is well-known for.

For, while insurance rates may vary only slightly from company to com-

Who knows? Someday he just might I pany, the ability of insurance agents does vary. So does the calibre of the companies they represent.

> Mass Mutual men are recognized as the ablest of professionals. (Example: one of the industry's top honors, the Chartered Life Underwriter designation, has been earned by one of every five Mass Mutual men. The industry average is one in 21.)

> Your Mass Mutual man is a skilled specialist at helping erase the "ifs"

from your family's future. And he's backed by a company with \$3 billion in assets. Yet his services cost you no more. In fact, he may actually save you money.

MASSACHUSETTS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY



#### CINEMA



## READY More Work!

That's a Manpower white glove girl for you—she's been specially trained in temporary office work — she's learned to apply her skills with top efficiency — even under pressure. There's none better.

#### MANPOWER

THE VERY BEST IN TEMPORARY HELP The world's largest temporary help service Over 300 offices throughout the world

#### Shrinks Hemorrhoids New Way Without Surgery Stops Itch – Relieves Pain

For the first time science has found a new healing substance with the astonishing ability to shrink hemorrhoids and to relieve pain - without surgery.

ability to shrink hemorrhoids and to relieve pain - without surgery. In case after case, while gently relieving pain, actual reduction (shrinkage) took place. Most amazing of all - results were so thorough that sufferers made astonishing statements like "Piles have cessed to be a probleme".

The secret is a new healing substance (Bio-Dyne's) -- discovery of a world-famous

(Bib-Dynes) - discovery of a wonterresearch institute.

This substance is now available in suppository or ointment form under the name Preparation HS. Ask for it at all drug counters.

HERALD

35¢ PACK OF 20

#### Still the Fairest One of All

My Fair Lady is indestructible showmanship. The Lerner and Loewe Cinderella tale based on Bernard Shaw's Pygmalion sets Shavian sparkle to music with such unerring good taste that it could probably be performed in Urdu by a cast of untouchables without suffering serious damage. Hollywood, praise be, can do a whole lot better than that. In this literal, beautiful, bountiful version of the most gilt-edged attraction in theater history, Jack Warner has miraculously managed to turn gold into gold. Last week, sporting all her familiar tunes along with a fall collection of eye-popping new finery. Fair Lady conquered the qualms of a Manhattan première audience that sat down whistling Show Me and got up feeling it could've danced all night. When the excitement abated, it seemed a safe bet that, come Oscar time next spring, some of Lady's \$17 million investment will be returned in handy carryhome sizes

The film's richest asset may well be Rex Harrison, making capital of the closeup in his 1,007th performance as irascible Professor Henry Higgins, who masterminds the metamorphosis of the cockney flower girl, Eliza Doolittle. Harrison still talks his songs and sings his dialogue in a triumph of stylized, polished acting that would be memorable with or without music. Another holdover from Broadway is Stanley Holloway, raffishly repeating his role as Eliza's father, a dustman-turned-moralist who speaks some of Shaw's most corrosively funny lines-wisely preserved intact-then stops the show with the gritty low comedy of Lerner's Get Me to the Church on Time.

The hurning question mark of this sumptions adaptation is Audrey Hepburn's casting as Eliza, the role that Julie Andrews had clearly been hown to Julie Andrews had clearly been hown to be a sumption of the property of th

Guided by Director George Cidure, who had played Pogmalion to many a Hollywood Galatea (Garbo in Comille Ingrid Bergman in Graftight), she exquisitely personilies: a squashed cabbage personilies: a squashed cabbage her comedy seems are delectable, but her comedy seems are delectable, but charm incliciable, and her first appearance among society folk at Ascott—in a gown created by Designer Cecil Beacon, whose art nouveau sees and contunes are a splendid show in themmeth seems are a splendid show in themmeths explored accomplished without the

help of brass bands and fireworks. And Hepburn tops that when she begins describing, in precise Mayfair accents, the drunken demise of her old aunt: "Gin was mother's milk to her."

Though Eliza's transformation retains its magic, not all the problems of putting a stage musical on film have been solved. Occasionally the spell slackens solved. Occasionally the spell slackens solved. Occasionally the spell slackens wrong orchestra seat, a number sags under a painfully explicit interpretation. And when Professor Higgins' household staff bursts into song, it sounds as if the entire Westminster Choir has been



HEPBURN'S ELIZA By George, she's got it!

tucked into a linen closet. The tulents behind Fair Lady sometimes approach their work with damp palms, as if afraid to risk too much in capturing the wit and style of a modern masterpiece. But in the essentials it is all there, and for once in a Hollywood moon the customiers get full measure of the elegant escapism they are paying for.

#### A New Kind of Life

Woman in the Dunes. One day a man leaves the city and wanders into the desert. He wanders alone and over his shoulder he carries a net. He is searching, he says, for a new kind of life, for a creature that will hear his name and make him in some sense immortal. All day the solitary figure (Eigi



Fresh water from the Atlantic Ocean-and electricity, too



#### Both from this Westinghouse plant in the Canary Islands

For many years, and Lanzarote not in fresh water by barge from Africa as a the island of the Palmas. Now the town of Africate is maning it and electricity too—in one Westinghouse dual-purpose plant.

This combined power generation and

seawater de saffing plant was built by Burns and Roe, Inc. It's numbing new life into Arreste at the rule of 1.500 movells.

into Arrecte at the rate of 1,500 counts of new electric power and 600,000 gailors.

of new fresh a ster dusty.

Both power and water are produced at

by lower cost than if either were produced ide separately.

Arrenders, but one town on one island in the Carlines. But it has proved that any coistal lown anywhere can help itself overcome nature's deficiencies.

#### You can be sure if it's Westinghouse



## NOW R CANADA FAMILY YDAY

(EVEN IN ECONOMY CLASS)

NEW DAILY DISCOUNT FAMILY PLAN ON ALL NORTH AMERICAN ROLLTES:

- · 25% off for wives and dependent children. 12-21 years
- . 50% off for all children between 2 and 11
- · Child under 2 travels free

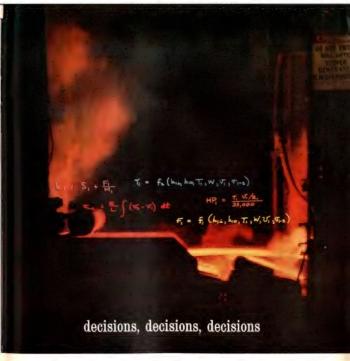
Now, at last, it's easy and thrifty to make travel plans for the whole family! AIR CANADA offers a Family Fare Plan that's uncomplicated-and unlimited as to flying days. You go and return any day of the week you choose.

Father pays full fare (or Mother does, if she's shepherding the brood). The rest of the family, children between 12 and 21, go at 25% off. Except children 11 and under-they go half-fare. If there's a child under 2-he goes free! The new daily discount Family Plan provides special meals and reading material for the youngsters. You make a swift, comfortable trip. And you enjoy the courteous service and thorough-going dependability of one of the

Plan a family holiday in Canada. Fly up for sightseeing . . . for a "foreign" shopping spree . . . to visit family or friends . . . for skiing (it comes first to Canada). Get the facts about

AIR CANADA's new daily discount Family Plan. See your Travel AIR CANADA Agent. Or phone AIR CANADA





This is steel, rolling toward a customer at 2300 feet a minute. You cannot rely on human calculations for quality control at a time like this. So we've automated our hot strip mill to control itself. These mill "stands" are

a mere eighteen feet apart. But between them lies a world of lightning fast calculation by electronic brain. Precise control like this helps us deliver better steels. Faster. More efficiently.





Watch contesy Tiffany & Co., Hom \$110 to \$3.

Smith-Corona outfoxes the field...

## Now there's a jeweled main bearing in this Smith-Corona portable.

#### Why? For the same reason jewels are put in a fine watch!

A typewriter, like a fine watch, is a precision instrument. Now Smith-Corona\*adds a new dimension to typewriting precision. The first jeweled main bearing in a typewriter—made from the same hard sapphire used in the bearing points of fine watches, U.S. satellites.

and many space-age precision instruments. Only Smith-Corona has it and so many other exciting features. Changeable type. An allsteel frame so strong you can stand on it. A cushioned carriage-return handle. Distinctive new colors . . . even the platens are colored! All

from the company that offered the first five-year guarantee on any typewriter. Small wonder more people buy Smith-Corona portables than any other portable in the world. How about you?

SMITH-CORONA PORTABLES



Table (Article within 30 day of purchase Warranty toward all parts except outs) without parts energy cell or capper after all cap or company to a proper services and a company toward outs and company to a company

Okada) moves among the moving sands, but he does not find what he is seeking. At sunset a stranger appears, a man at home in the desert, and leads him to a deep pit.

In the bottom of the pit, a hundred feet down, stands a house. "You can spend the night there," the stranger says. Hand over hand the man descends a rope ladder. In the house he finds a pessant woman who gives him plain a pessant woman who gives him plain on. In the morning he rises early to be on his way, but when he looks for the ladder it is gone. "Please don't blame me," the woman says gently. "Remember, you came here of your own account." He startes at her, inercidulous, conf." He startes at her, inercidulous, the properties of the propertie

The spectator shudders-perhaps not



OKADA IN "DUNES"

Out of the pit, into discovery.

singly in sympulty. The modern mind has an allergy to allegory, and this story is plainly a metaphor performed, the man and woman are meant to be everyman and everywoman, and file is the hellfuled five are in. But the metaphor is grand, the allegory elothes the performance of th

"Time is important to me" the trapped man cries angrily us he charges up the palisades of sand that rise or all sides; they collapse and almost bury him. Undaunted, he climbs the rope that lowers supplies into the put when and almost breaks his neck. Frustrate and almost breaks his neck. Frustrate on all sides, he turns upon the woman his rage to live. He possesses her unwaver at first that in grappling with the vession he is also grapping with the redestination of the sides of the sides of the deatment he is the

It grows more appalling by the minute. Driven by the wind, by an invisible power in the sky, a river of sand flows

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FLY FRIENDSHIP . . . THE CONVENIENT AIRPORT SERVING WASHINGTON & BALTIMORE endlessly over the rim of the pit. In a matter of days it would drown the house and anyone in it. So every night and all night long, while the wind lies still and the air is cool, the woman shovels sand into buckets and sends the buckets un the rope. If no sand comes out of the pit, she explains, no food will be sent back in return. The man is aghast. "Don't you feel that all this is mean-ingless?" he asks. "M wing sand to live. living to move sand?

One dark night, with the help of a rope he has woven and a grappling hook he has made, the man at last escapes from the pit. Free! In rapture he races aimlessly among the big black dunes. In horror he feels the sand give way beneath his feet. He has escaped from one pit only to fall into anothera pit of quicksand! "Help!" he screams, "Help!" His life is saved but his freedom is lost: the men who pull him out of the quicksand put him back in the pit. In blank hatred he stares at the

sand, at his fate

Slowly hope is lost; suddenly grace is given. In the bottom of a barrel sunk in the sand, he finds several inches of clear water. Water in this blazing waste! He is dumbstruck. By what miracle could a common tub draw water out of dust? Day and night he ponders the mystery and its meaning. In the desert he has found water-can it be that in his fate he has found his lite? He looks up. The ladder has somehow been left in place. He is free to go, but now he has no desire to depart. Instead he bends over the barrel, and in the clear mirror of the water he sees the creature he came seeking in the dry places. It is himself.

#### **Endurance Test**

The Lively Set has a gas turbine in the liveliest role. The engine propels a futuristic racine car, developed and assembled by Chrysler Corp. The rest of the cast, Hollywood-assembled, is made up mostly of bright, well-developed young folk-among them James Darren. Pamela Tiffin. Doug McClure. Joanie Sommers and Peter Mann—who are lovely to look at but not much tun

The plot, which has all the bite of the blueprint in a model car kit, tells how a car-crazy boy (Darren) and a boy-crazy girl (Litlin) find happiness at the end of an auto endurance race through Death Valley. As the dragster's inamorata. Pamela learns that talling in love with an "intuitive genius" can be an endurance test in itself. Darren spends so much time pondering gear ratios and reassembling fuel lines that he can scarcely stay awake long enough to endanger a girl's reputation. Of course, he regains consciousness moments before the Big Race, a tense. imaginatively shot sequence filled with screeching wheels and groaning metal as the cars hurtle toward the finish. arousing moviegoers just in time for the second feature.



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realized a total of \$15,852,75 at n cost of \$8312.50, a tidy reward for your efforts.

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#### BOOKS

#### A Clean, Well-Lighted Soul

THOSE CURSED TUSCANS by Curzio Malaparte. 236 pages. Ohio University. \$4.95.

Novelist-Journalist Curzio Malaparte made it his life's ambition to be hated by his readers. He succeeded admirably. By the time of his death in 1957, he was anathema to the right and left and almost everybody in between.

His contempt for most of humanity was complete. He regarded hatred as the one majestic emotion of this miserable species, for he who hates is at least passionately concerned, not docilely conformist. He poured all his venom into a novel, Kaputt, an account of Nazi atrocities on the Fastern front, and into a later novel. The Skin, describing barbarous conditions under the U.S. occupation of Italy. With a passion akin to Swift's, Malaparte sought to indict the cruelties of mankind. Readers were shocked, as he intended; they were also shocked by the fact that Malaparte seemed to be enjoying the telling of these poisonous tales too much.

No Time to Sing, Tall, rugged, dashing, Malaparte was one of a vanishing breed: the intellectual buccaneer in the manner. of D-Amunzio. who bounced from one Great Cause to the next. After lighting in World War I, he he-came an ardent advocate of Fascism, In and out of favor with the regime, he joined the Allies in 1943, later trade by the property of the property

Thuse Cursed Tuseams is a white-hot, sometimes overwrought exposition of Malaparte's philosophy and an apologia, really, for his way of life. As far as he is concerned, it was a mistake to unite Italy, for unification brought spare, lean and hungry Tuseams into contact with

a lot of soft-hearted, overemotional Italians, "The Tuscans aren't tenors. They speak; they don't sing. Thew don't wash out their throats with beautiful Italian phrases." The whole history of Tuscany, thinks Malaparte, can be expressed in a common Tuscan curse: "To hell with all of you, go shove it."

The Tuscans enjoy a chumny relationship with Goul; they do not presstrate themselves: "They have a way of standing up with their legs bent—exactly the opposite of all other Italians, who, even when standing upright, seem to be on their knees. In religious processions. Tuscans carry Christ along as if they were on their way to lynch him. They believe that even Christ, the Madonna an account of themselves—which is, one must admit, a fine way of turning the Judgment Day upride down.

Nothing Socred. The attraction evil had tor Malaparte gave him peculiar insight into the behavior of men who were far worse in deed than he ever was in thought. In Kaparte, he wrote: "The Nazir has no fear of the strong man, of the armed man who faces him with courage. The Nazi fears the defenseless, the weak and the sick."

The personal truculence Malaparte advocates is far from the mass hysteria of Fascism. "Learn from the Tuscans, he writes, "how to spit in the face of the mighty, in the face of kines. emperors, bishops, inquisitors, judges, masters, Learn from the Tuscans that there is nothing sacred in this world except the human itself, and that one human's soul is worth precisely that of another's; and that it is only necessary to know how to keep the soul clean, in a cool dry place, that it gather neither dust nor humidity. Wee unto him who tries to dirty that soul, or humiliate it, or butter it up, or bless it, mortgage it, rent it, buy it





Peace is hell.

#### The War Lover

PATTON: ORDEAL AND TRIUMPH by Ladislas Farago. 885 pages. Obolensky. \$9.95.

The Brittany farmland had been bombed, strated and shelled all day. Its rough-stone houses were now rubble, its fields allmen and littered with dead cattle, Looking down on this devastation, General Coeroge Smith Patton Jr. studdenly raised his arms to the sky. "Compared to war." he cried, "all other forms of human endeavor shrink to insignificance, God, how I love it!"

Such chilling scenes have built up a widespread misunderstanding of Patton that not even eight earlier and merrently hierarchies could knock down. Frendtly hierarchies could knock down the service of the control of t

Dueling Rommel, Patton saw his life as one long joust with the world. In peacetime, he trained himself for war as a medieval knight training for battle. He was a ferocious competitor in the pentathlon, in which he finished fifth in the 1912 Olympics, and polo, in which he was a seven-goal player. In his last year at West Point, he thrust his head into the line of fire during a sharpshooting exercise. "I just wanted to see how afraid I'd be," he explained, "and to train myself not to be." When war came. Patton's revolutionary theories of seemingly reckless advance ("Let the enemy worry about his flanks") often proved to be the best way not to spill blood but to spare it. Besides, if he had had his own way, World War II would have cost but one casualty: it would









In the new gallery wing of New York's Museum of Modern Art, % \*-thick, heavy-duty Parallel-O-Bronze plate glass floods the interior with daylight, yet reduces glare and sun heat. Architects: Philip C. Johnson Associates,

#### New Showcase for Modern Art!



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nomic apportunities for industry. An industrial and wholesaling content, set in a rich agricultural area. Waterloo offers excellent transportation and an alert work force. Abundant natural gas is piped by Northern Natural Gas Company and distributed by Northern Natural Gas Company, For more informational transportation of the Company of the Company



Northern Natural Gas Company have been just a duel between Field Marshal Rommel and General Patton. "The armies could watch," he said, "If I killed him, I'd he the champ. It he killed me—well, he won't."

This biography by Ludislas Farago, a military chronicler and World War II intelligence officer, is the longest, bard-est and most informative look yet at George Patton. Yet it is painfully under-edited and overwrought. And Farago's digressions into higher political is described by the state of the pattern of the pattern

the contentious general. Paper Army, At one point, Farago declares that Patton's "combination of dash and daring on the one side and enormous professional skill and savvy on the other qualified him even for the Supreme Command, which was eventually denied to him through the failure of his superiors to recognize and appreciate the intrinsic and overwhelming value of such a combination." another, he concedes that Patton's trigger temper and lack of political sophistication probably disqualified him for higher responsibilities. Patton botched his proconsul duties, first as the ruler of French Morocco in 1942-43, and later as Military Governor of Bayaria. He gave Eisenhower no choice but to ease him out.

Ike put him in command of the "15th Army," literally a paper unit preparing a war history. George Patton had aleaded the wine light help to the German surrender, that "peace is going to be hell on me." His death in an auto accident only three months after the closing the military governoeship and only seven months after the armistice too late rather than two early. "The proper end for the professional soldier," George Patton liked to say, "is a quick death inflicted by the last butlet of the last battle."

#### Death of an Anarchist

CHAOS AND NIGHT by Henry de Montherlant. 240 pages. Macmillan. \$4,95.

At the age of 67, Celestino Marchillo resumes a boyhoud postime—the Spanish custom of ear flighting. He takes his shand in the middle of "he Boulevard Saint-Martin in Paris and shakes his raincoat at the traffic. He is knocked down." I could have presented the rate of the shand of the country of the traffic of the short of the traffic. He is knocked down. "I could have presented the rate of the traffic of the short of the traffic of the short of the traffic. He is the short of the traffic of the short of the shand of the shand of the short of the shand of th

"You might have been killed," says Celestino's daughter, disapproving but not surprised.

"That's the whole point," Celestino answers, But Celestino, a lifelong, dedicated anarchist, has in fact misplaced the point of things—or rather, has lost

#### Rockwell Report

by W. F. Rockwell, Jr.

ROCKWELL MANUFACTURING COMPANY



THE CURRENT DEBATE over the meaning of a word like "extremism" is one of the best illustrations we have had for some time on the importance of being understood.

Words (and people) seem to be getting harder to understand these days. Even an accepted dictionary definition of "extremism" will be interpreted differently. If there's any doubt in your mind on this, just ask the next two people you see.

This is any we are continuously reminding our managers that they can never assume that they will be completely understood. When a manager defines an objective or issues an instruction to a subordinate, he may think he is being clear and precise. But there's always the chance that he isn't getting through on the exact wave length he's transmitting on.

In addition, the best managers are continuously changing and developing their own views and ideas, complicating the understanding process even further. This can mean redefining and restating objectives and instructions in the more important areas.

It probably underlines also the great advantage in the "playback" method when a manager thinks there is the slightest chance that important instructions or plans might be misunderstood. By getting a subordinate to restate orally or in writing in his own words what he thinks is meant, the chances for error are greatly reduced,

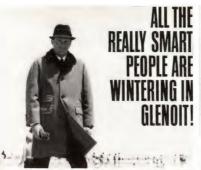
We realize that some people might define such a method itself as "extremist." but that probably means they simply don't understand the word. Not the way we do.

Natural gas is coming into its own in many exolic places around the world these days. The economy of Pakistan, for example, has received a great boost in the past decade fitrough the development of its gas resources. Our engineers report moreover, in the process of making applications of Rockwell regulator products, that Pakistan utilities have created a gas distribution system as modern as any in the world.

Few people realize that air conditioning accounts for a considerable percentage of the cost of a modern office building. Thousands of gallons of water circulate per minute in some of these systems. At least one of them provides air conditioning equivalent to melting an ievener 50 feet square by 150 feet high every 24 hours. More and more of these systems are utilizing our Rockwell-Nordstrom valves. One uses over 700 of them. 1 many areas one of our tapered plug valves handles both throttling and shutoff functions, and eliminates the need for two separate valves.

This is one of a series of informal reports on Rockwell Manufacturing Company. Pritsburgh, Pennsylvania, makers of Measurement and Control Devices, Instruments, and Power Tools for twenty-two basic markets.





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his anarchist's well-ordered assurance of their pointlessness.

Impotent & Dangerous," Celestino's decline, as he loses his firm grip on nothingness and stumbles into senescence and death, is told in a novel that for most of its length is wry and likable. But the author, the distinguished French Playwright Henry de Montherlant, has chosen to cast not only Celestino but the novel itself into absurdity. Clearly this was to have been a novel of ideas: in detail it is. Celestino is full of lively observations and prickly comments. And the author appears to have something climactic to say. In successive pages he pastes up his posters, hires his hall, and dims the house lights. But at the last moment he ducks out the



HENRY DE MONTHERLANT Four clumsy thrusts of the sword.

stage door and vanishes, leaving his audience to realize it has been swindled.

The fraud is worked this way: Celestino returns to Madrid to settle a will. and there he attends a mediocre bullfight. He comes to understand that a certain ill-favored bull, badly killed with four clumsy thrusts of the sword, represents Man, "More and more wary and more and more duped, more and more vicious and more and more mocked, more and more both impotent and dangerous, incluctably doomed to die and yet still capable of killing: such was the bull at the end of its life, and such is man." Deeply troubled, Celes-Deeply troubled, Celestino returns to his hotel, lies down, experiences four agonizing pains along his spine, and dies.

Killed by the Nonexistent. There is an inflexible rule that in a novel about Spain the death of any male character over the age of five must be made to parallel the ritual of the bullfight, and a reader assumes that Celestino's four



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Northern Pacific Railway

pains are merely Mombrelam's notion of a heart attack. Not so. The police come. Ilin poor Celestino over, and might have been noted by the beautiful committee the noted by the solution of th

#### Rationalist Revival

THE ENGLISH MORALISTS by Basil Willey. 318 pages. Norton. \$6.95.

The British philosophers and essayists of the past three centuries are more admired than read. Impeccably cool and collected, preening themselves on their rationalism, they leave the present



A time for plain credos?

impassioned age cold indeed. Yet these writers played a large part in shaping modern motions of good and evil, pleasine and pain. Ireedom and tyranny. They are also eminently readable, writes Basil Willey. English-literature professor for 18 years at Cambridge. His engaging little book may well spark a rationalist revival.

A believer in God who makes his credo perfectly plain in the course of the book. Author Willey is not in complete sympathy with these earnest skepties. He gives them their due in a few felicitous phrases without becoming

\*\* PRANCIS BACON: "It is undeniable that Bacon has about him something of the magnificent charlatan. He is full of large utterance, but himself performs little. His own experimenting was unprofitable, and he ignored some of the best work of his contemporaries. But

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## U. S. Industry Gears Up The colonial of the colonial steels, allowing the colonial steels, allowing the colonial steels, allowing the colonial steels, and colonial steels, and colonial steels, and the colonial steels, and the colonial steels, and the colonial steels and the colonial steels. The colonial steels are steels and the colonial steels and the colonial steels and the colonial steels are steels and the colonial steels and the colonial steels are steels are steels and the colonial steels are steels are steels and the colonial steels are st

World trade with foreign countries has narrowed for some American industries into virtually a one-way street into the U. S. Atmong the causes of decreased American exports is the increasing efficiency of foreign plants and nulls. During 1962, for example, as a percentage of gross national product, the investment in machine tools of eight major world powers was approximately five times greater than that of the U. S.— Now these countries are striving as never before to penetrate our markets.

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as the huscinator novi temporis (trumpeter of a new age), he is without an equal, and the next three centuries rights' regarded him as the secr, or is reputed to be the father of the English essay, he despised the Fipicurean life to which most of the essaysists have been temperamentally inclined. He was at home in a heroic age, and scorned trull beadoustrees, are the timelies

4.00% IOCKE "One might call him the first modern English philosopher to write like a gentleman. His tone expresses confidence in the essential reasonableness of God. Nature and Man sonableness of God. Nature and Man English Constitution. There is said to be an ancient quarrel between philosophy and poetry, but I doubt if any kind of philosophy has ever been, in all its implications, muce hostile to poetry

JOSEPH ADDISON: "The 18th century in England may not have been a very moral age." but it was certainly an age of moralists. Addison was the first lay preacher to reach the ear of the middle classes, and to give dignified expression to their ideals and sentiments. He was the safest, the nicest great writer English literature had produced until the

Victorian age.

servants of Cod put so much energy into their task as Chesterfield puts into their task as Chesterfield puts into the service of Mammon. The load carried by Bunyan's Christian was almost light compared with the burden imposed by this Worldly Wiseman on his unfortunate offspring. He felt that life the presence good than to please if and be greater good than to converse much together, for I cannot stand awkwardness; it would endanger my health."

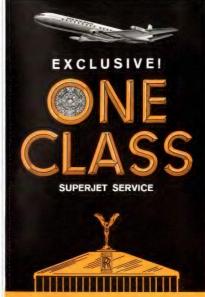
• EDMAND BURK! "The French revolutionists were sweeping away the past and replacing it by a mathematically symmetrical new order; and they were doing this in the name of mature, they are not to be a superior of the part of the part

#### Borderline Psychotic

LAST EXIT TO BROOKLYN by Hubert Selby Jr. 304 pages, Grove Press, S5.

This is Grove Press's extra special dirty book for fall. Apparently on the assumption that literary sex and violence, like heroin addiction, only gives kicks when the dosage is steadily in-creased, this new offering is even more extreme than Naked Lunch. City of Night, or any of Grove's earlier peddlings in the same line.

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THE DALE CARNEGUE SALES COURSE Suite 184-T - 15 West 46th Street, New York City, 36, New York loosely linked by shared characters and unremitting violence, to make up a novel about the waterfront slums of Brooklyn. In this book all the ordinary fourletter words are for the little children. while grownups employ a more esoteric vocabulary where drag means transvestite clothing, silks are women's underpants worn by men, a john is a male prostitute's male customer, and roughtrade is that same prostitute's brutal boy friend

A fist in the face or a knee in the groin are routine asides. The climaxes occur when a gang of hoodlums beats a stray soldier nearly to death, with every kick, blow, chipped tooth, broken bone, and gout of blood and vomit described in detail; when a gang of transvestites and their boy friends get high on gin, Benzedrine and morphine, with



The aim is tape-recorder realism.

every ensuing act of sodomy and fellatio described in detail; when a gang of dockworkers, derelicts and degenerates inflict multiple intercourse upon a prostitute in a parking lot so savagely that she is killed, with every drop of beer, blood, spittle and semen described in unrelenting detail.

There are critics (Grove is already assembling them) who will defend as art and high realism a book that describes such life and death with the primitive but undeniable power and anger that Author Selby demonstrates. But Last Exit to Brooklyn is not realism at all. Instead, it is a hypocrisy just as flagrant as the old-fashioned kind that wrote .... for dirty words and over for scenes of sex. What Selby scrupulously elides are all the pleasant moments of life. What's left, he tells in a style that will also inevitably be hailed as "tape-recorder realism"-because it numbles like the nonstop mouthings of a drink-sodden hum or screams like a horderline psychotic.

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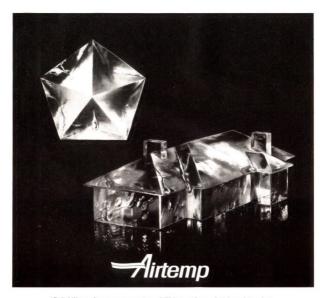
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